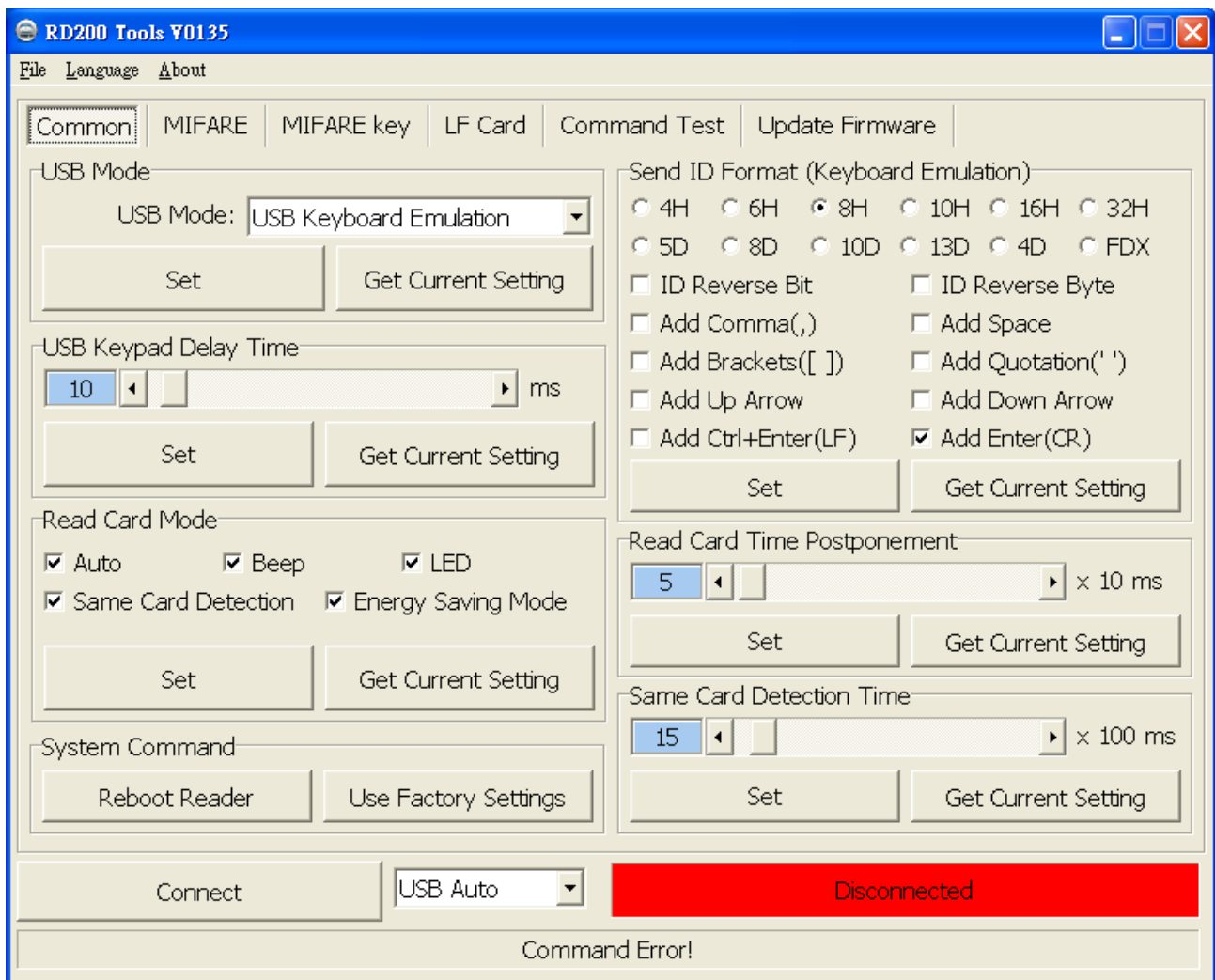


RD200M1 Tools

Operation Manual

V01.20



Contents

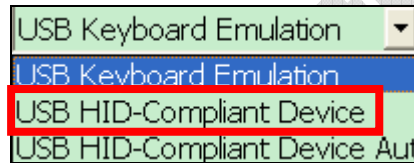
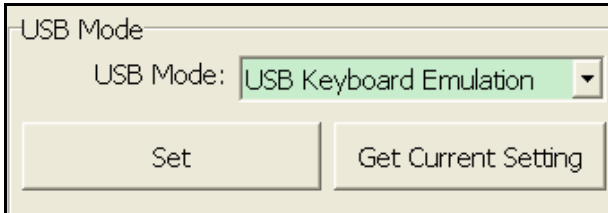
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2. RD200M1 工具使用說明 (繁體中文)	14
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1. RD200M1 Tools Operation Manual

Note:

The default setting of USB Mode is **USB Keyboard Emulation**. The Keyboard mode would send an "Enter" signal when read the card. If user let cursor focus on "Set" button and read the card that will press the "Set" button at the same time.

Here is a recommend, before you operate the setting please change the mode to HID to avoid the operating problem.

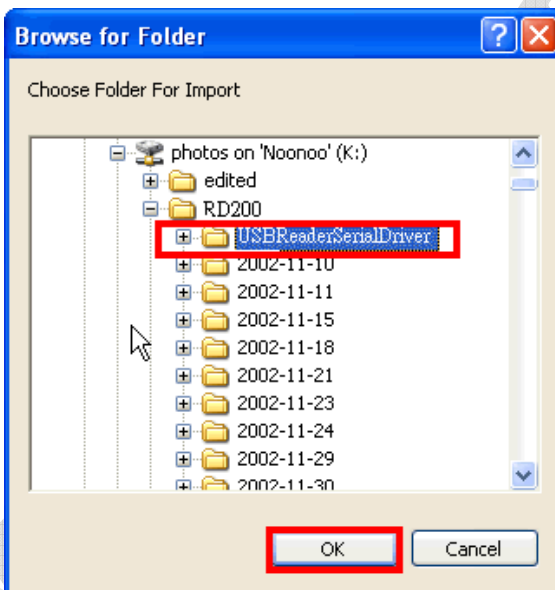


◆Driver installation (For convert COM port use):

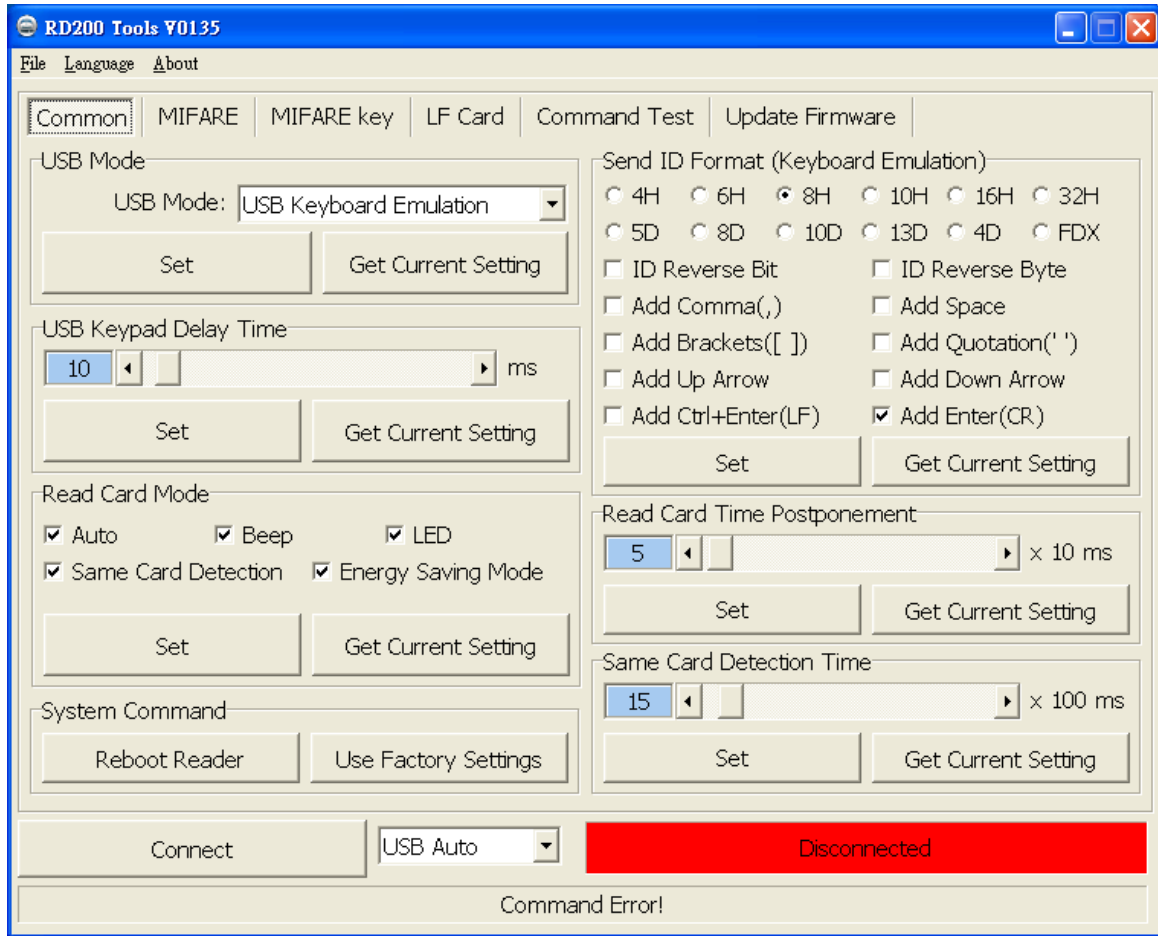
1. Connect RD200, system will automatically pop-up the "Found New Hardware Wizard" window for install the driver.



2. Allocate the driver folder, then complete the installation.

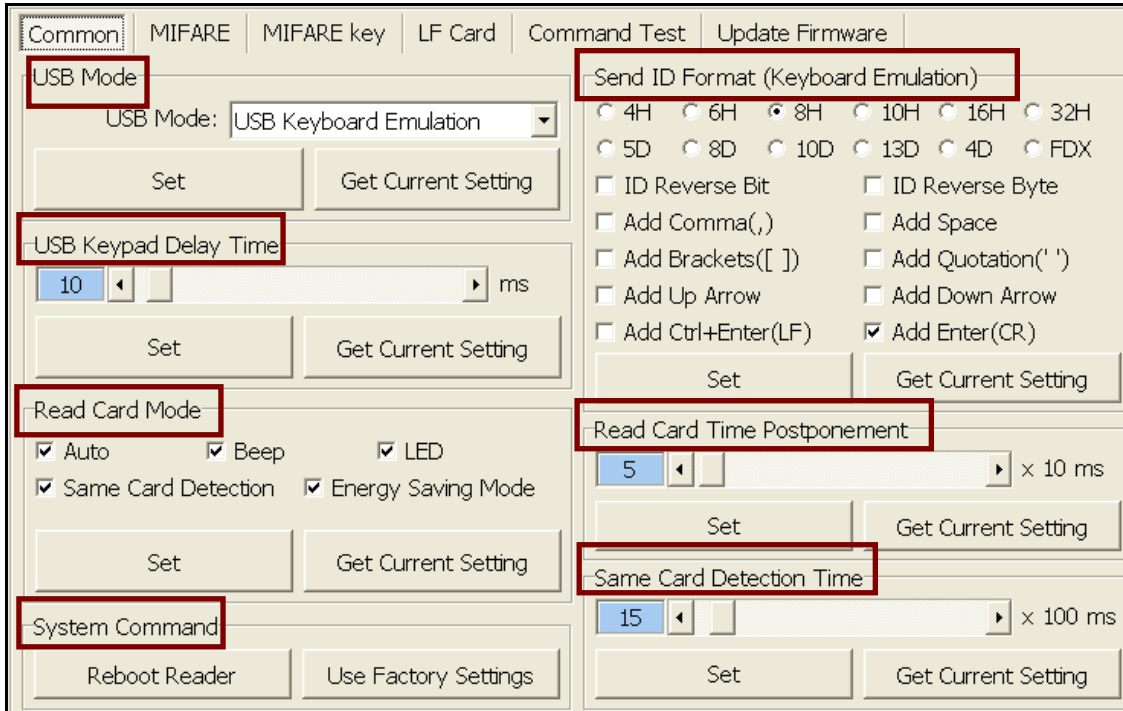


◆Main Screen



◆Common Setting

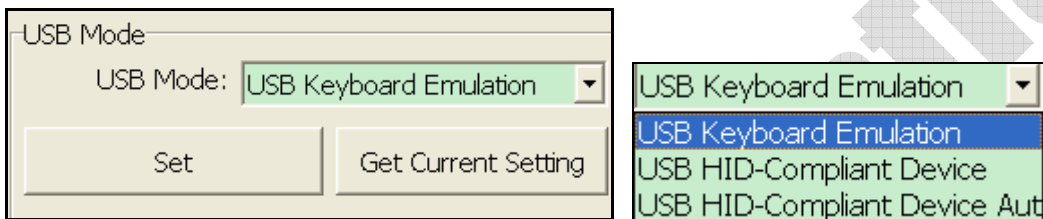
The following sections will describe the different functions as below.



RD200 Tools provides two connection ways. One is "USB auto" another is "COM x" the "x" depends on real situation, for example, if your device be allocated in COM9 by operating system, the "Connect" selection would shows one more "COM9".

◆ USB Mode

There are three selections of USB modes in "USB auto" connection, after selected the mode then click **Set** to finish the setting procedure, or click **Get Current Setting** to read current setting from the reader.



USB Keyboard Emulation :

The device can emulate keyboard to send character or string to host terminal.

USB HID-Compliant Device :

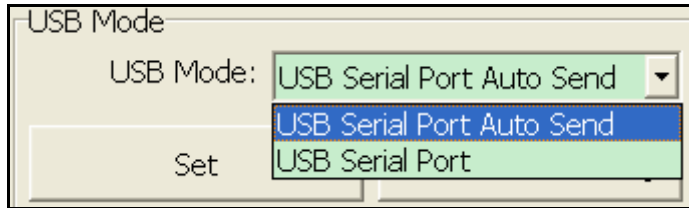
Device response data when received protocol command, and the data will be queued in device buffer.

USB HID-Compliant Device Auto Send :

The device sends UID to host terminal after read card.

COMPORT Mode

There are two selections of USB modes in "COM x" connection.



USB Serial Port Auto Send :

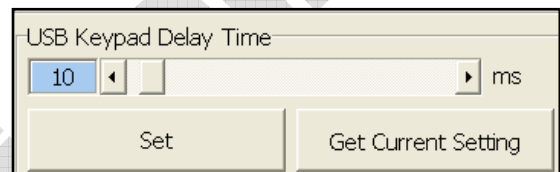
The device sends UID to host terminal after read card.

USB Serial Port :

Device response data when received protocol command, and the data will be queued in device buffer.

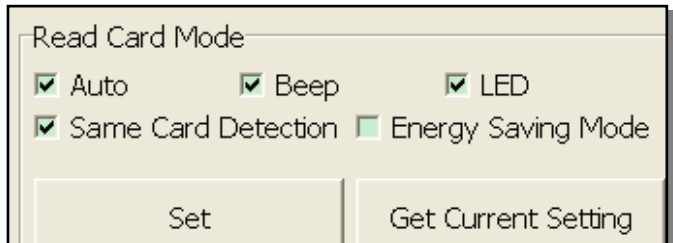
USB Keypad Delay Time

In this mode, you can set keypad delay timing to reduce the key code sending speed when read card (tag).



Read Card Mode

In this mode, program provided six options for user to choose, after ticked the options, just click **Set** to finish the setting procedure, or click **Get Current Setting** to read current setting from the reader.

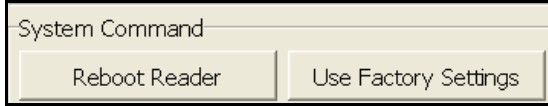


Options	Descriptions
Auto	Automatically read card
Beep	Prompt the beep sound or not
LED	Flash the LED when read the card
Same Card Detection	If continuously read the same card, user has to wait around 1.5 sec then could read again.
Energy Saving Mode	Provide more energy saving method. (It is not recommend to use in writing entire card blocks or several cards)

System Command

This tool provides two system commands; user can use **Reboot Reader** to reboot the RD200 reader.

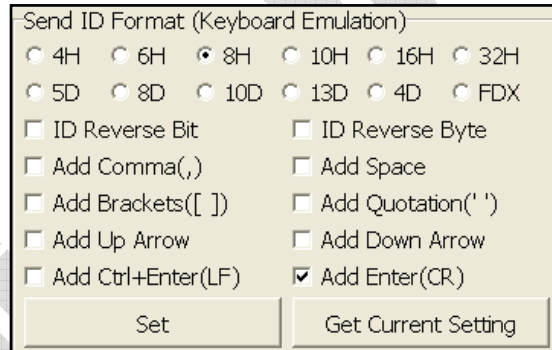
The other command is **Use Factory Default Settings** which can restore the reader settings to initial settings.



Send ID Format

This tool provide many ID format to choose, such as 4~16 numbers of hexadecimal and 4~13 numbers of decimalism.

Also can put comma, space...etc into the ID format, after ticked the items then click **Set** to finish the setting procedure, or click **Get Current Setting** to read current setting from the reader.



The ID format example as below:

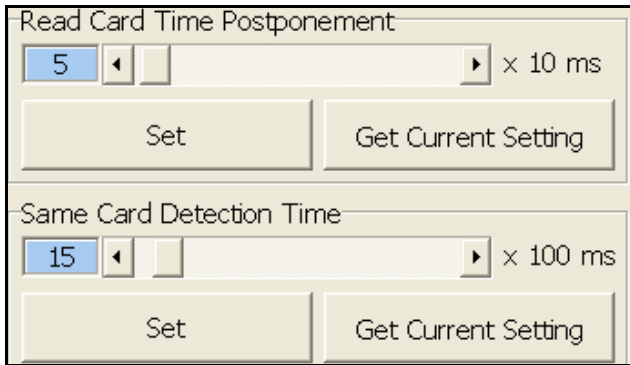
ID Format Conditions	Example Result
4H	58E8
6H	D558E8
8H	00D558E8
10H	1800D558E8
16H	0000001800D558E8
32H	0000000000000000000000001800D558E8
5D	47295
8D	01226943
10D	0001226943
13D	0098785474751
4D	6493
FDX (LF only)	000000001226943
16H + Card ID Reverse	E858D50018000000
16H + Comma	0000001800D558E8,
16H + Brackets	[0000001800D558E8]
4D + Space	1928 1928
16H + Quotation	'0000001800D558E8'

Read Card Time Postponement/Same Card Detection Time

Read Card Time Postponement: The intermission time of card reading.

Same Card Detection Time: The intermission time of same card detection.

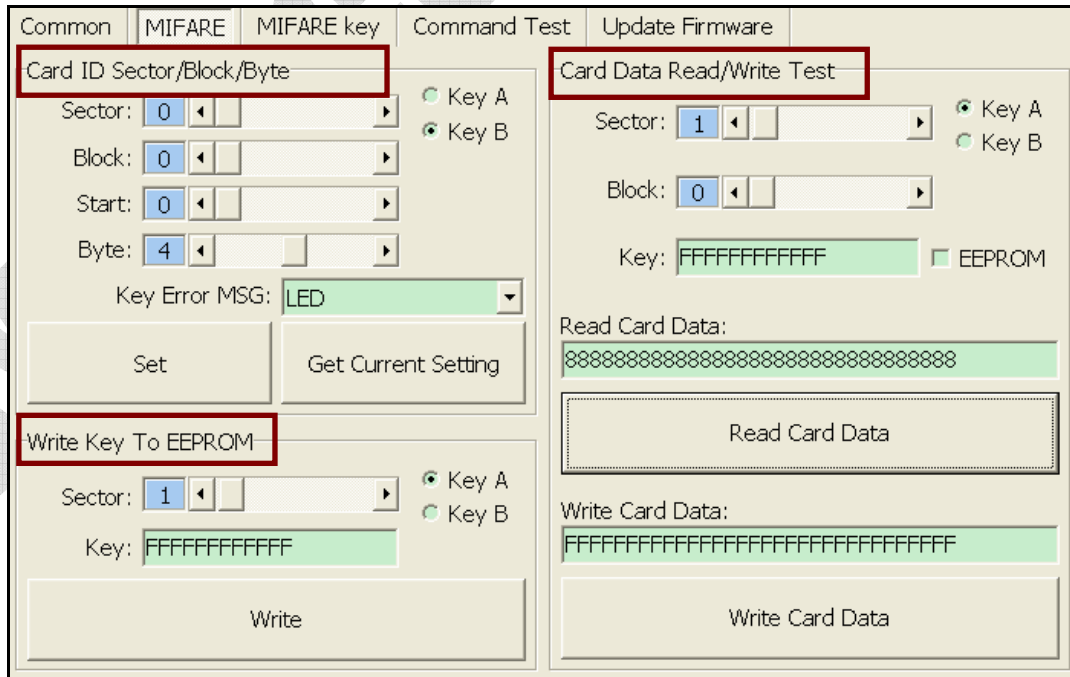
After adjusted the time then click **Set** to finish the setting procedure, or click **Get Current Setting** to read current setting from the reader.



◆ **MIFARE** (Only available for RD200-M1)

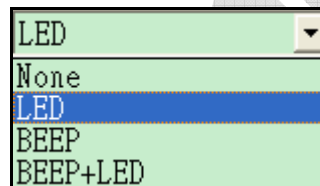
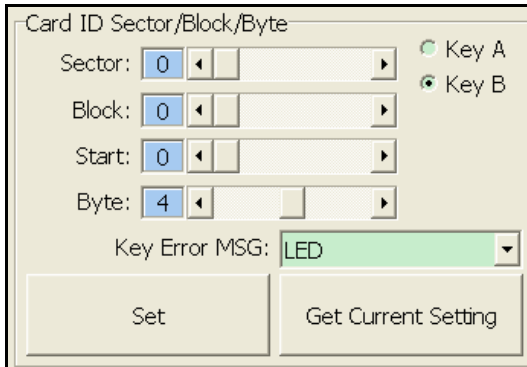
✘ **Please set the MIFARE Key before you change the Key in EEPROM.**

The following sections will describe the different functions as below.



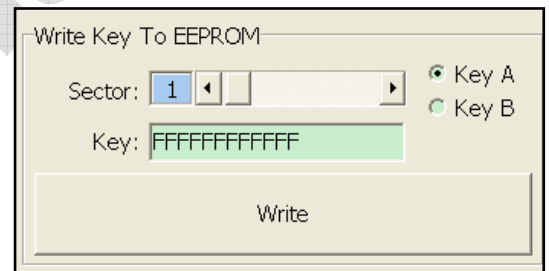
Card ID Sector/Block/Byte

User can allocate which Sector / Block / Start / Byte and choose which key to read, besides, user can set the alert mode, when the key is not correct the alert mode will be activated. After ticked the items then click **Set** to finish the setting procedure, or click **Get Current Setting** to read current setting from the reader.



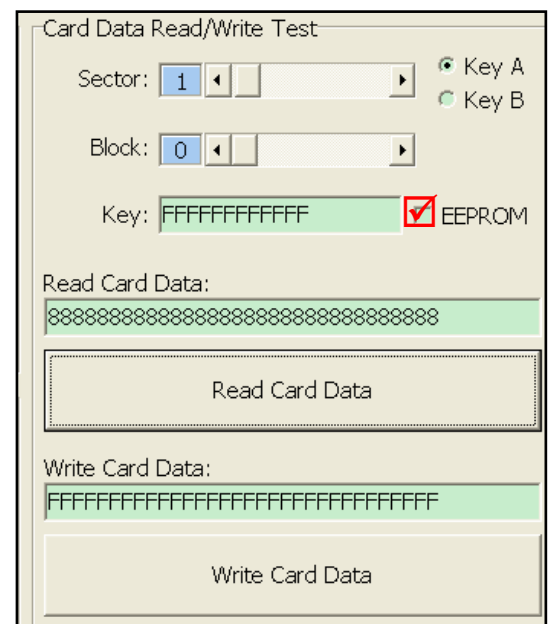
Write KEY to EEPROM (Device)

Choose a sector and a key and fill out the Key field then click **Write** to write the Key into the device EEPROM.



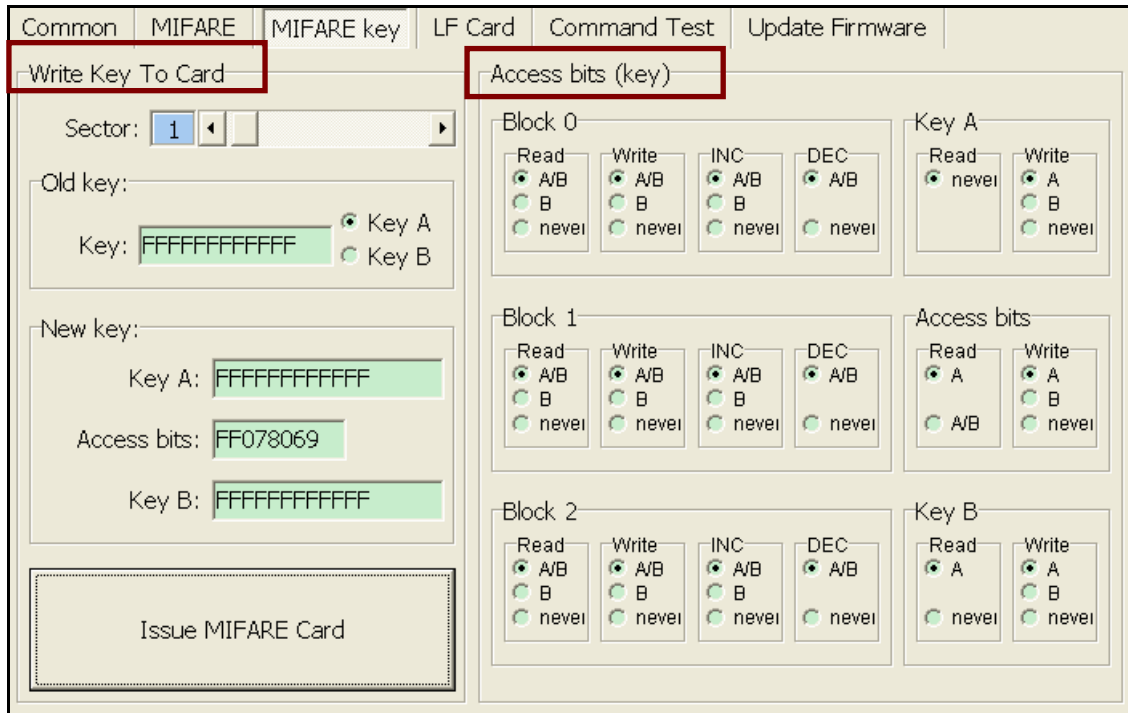
Card Data Read/Write Test

When user intend to read/write the card data that could tick the "EEPROM" to use the "Key" in the EEPROM (the prerequisite is the "Key" must has been stored in EEPROM already) or manually input the Key value for verifying. Then fill out the Read or Write Card Data field and click **Read Card Data** or **Write Card Data** to finish the read/write action.



◆MIFARE Key

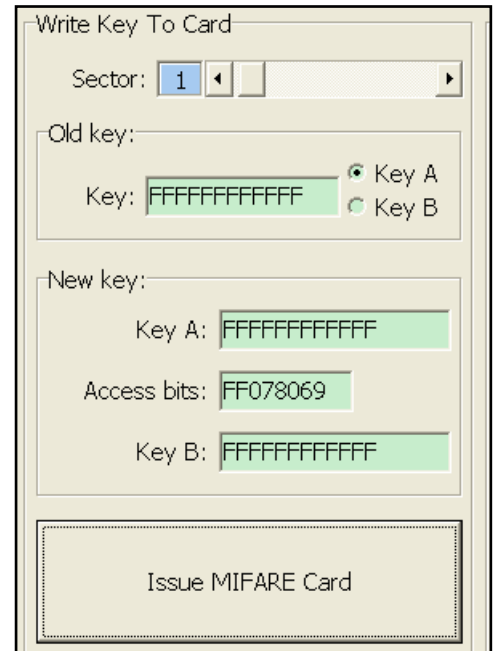
The following sections will describe the different functions as below.



Write KEY To Card

User can write key value to card, the steps as below:

- Step 1.** Allocate a Sector
- Step 2.** Input Old key value and select Key A or B
- Step 3.** Input New Key A or Key B value
- Step 4.** Click Issue MIFARE Card to update the Key value.



Note 1: "Access bits" value will auto-compute by the program.

Note 2: The Old key must be correct otherwise the program will shows up an error message.

Note 3: The default value of Key A and Key B are "FFFFFFFFFFFFFF"

Note 4: The access bits control the rights of memory access using the secret keys A and B.

Note 5: Please use Key A to change Key B at first time.

Access bits (KEY)

User can set the verifying conditions for read/write or other actions.

Read: Read block

Write: Write block

INC: Increments the contents of a block and stores the result in an internal data-register

DEC: Decrements the contents of a block and stores the result in an internal data-register.

A/B: Verify Key A or Key B

A: Only verify Key A

B: Only verify Key B

never: will not verify any Key

Please refer to MIFARE specification for more detail.

Access bits (key)

Block 0

Read: A/B, B, never

Write: A/B, B, never

INC: A/B, B, never

DEC: A/B, never

Key A

Read: never, A, B

Write: A, B, never

Block 1

Read: A/B, B, never

Write: A/B, B, never

INC: A/B, B, never

DEC: A/B, never

Access bits

Read: A, A/B, never

Write: A, B, never

Block 2

Read: A/B, B, never

Write: A/B, B, never

INC: A/B, B, never

DEC: A/B, never

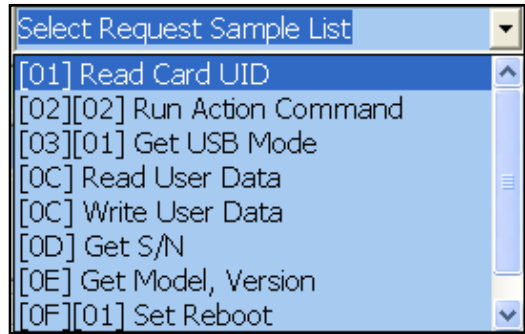
Key B

Read: A, never, B

Write: A, B, never

Command Test

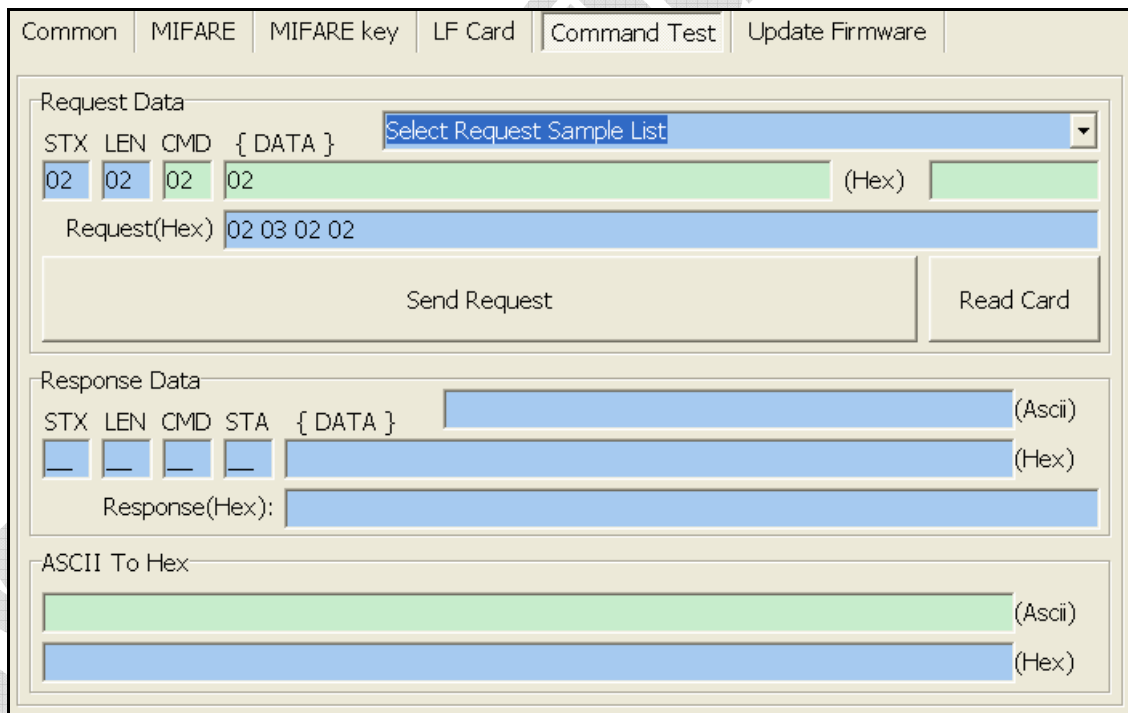
This tool provides several command examples, user can choose the example from the Request Sample List, or directly input the CMD and {DATA} to test the command.



Click **Send Request** to send command to reader, Click **Read Card** to read card data.

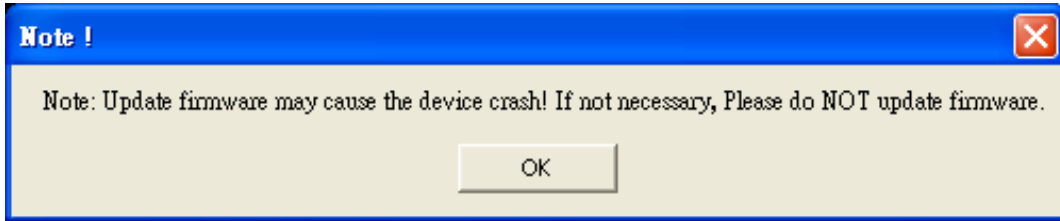
The response data of the request command are all display on Response Data fields.

The bottom of screen function is a utility to convert ASCII characters to Hexadecimal.



◆Firmware Update

Before update the firmware, system will pop up a warning message window.

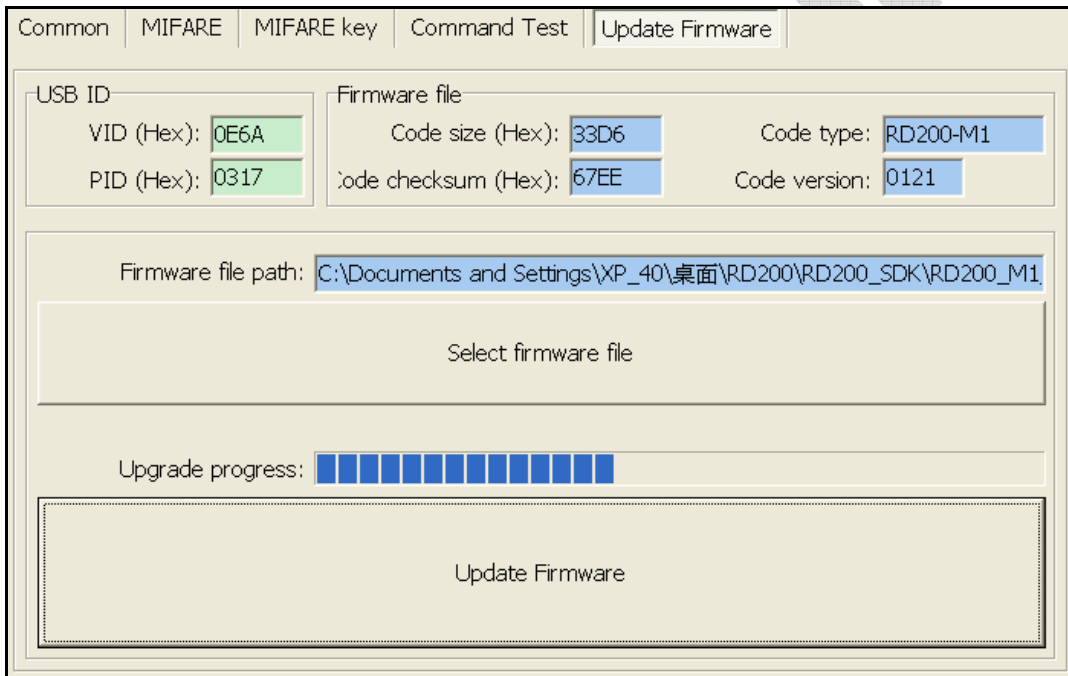


The firmware update steps as below:

Step 1. Click **Select firmware file**

Step 2. Choose a firmware file(*.SYB)

Step 3. Click **Update Firmware** to finish the firmware update



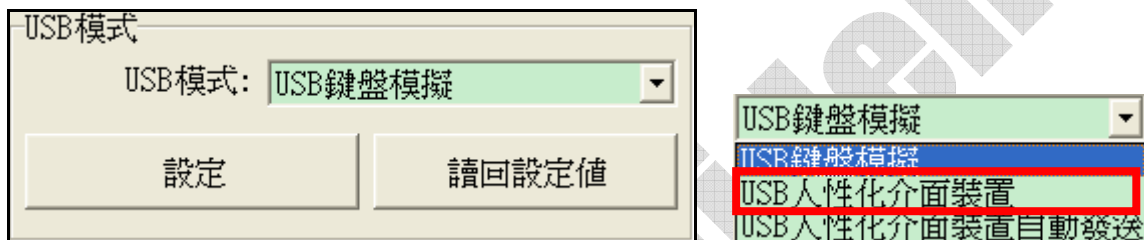
2. RD200M1 工具使用說明 (繁體中文)

※操作設定前說明：

在一般畫面中，預設值設定為 **USB鍵盤模擬**。

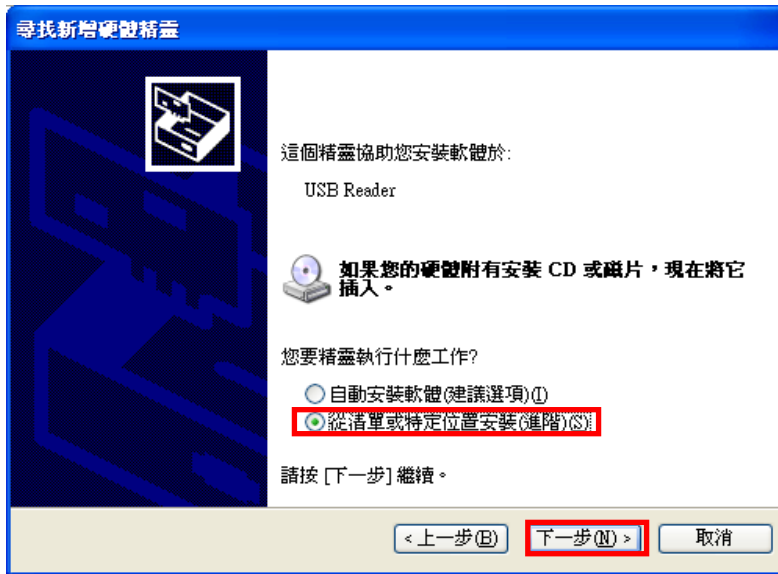
由於Keyboard模式下讀卡後會自動送出Enter斷行，如鎖定在"設定"按鈕上，在感應卡片時，會同時自動按下"設定"鍵

故若要進行工具設定與操作前，建議先將模式改為 **USB人性化介面裝置** 再進行設定，以免發生操作上的困擾。

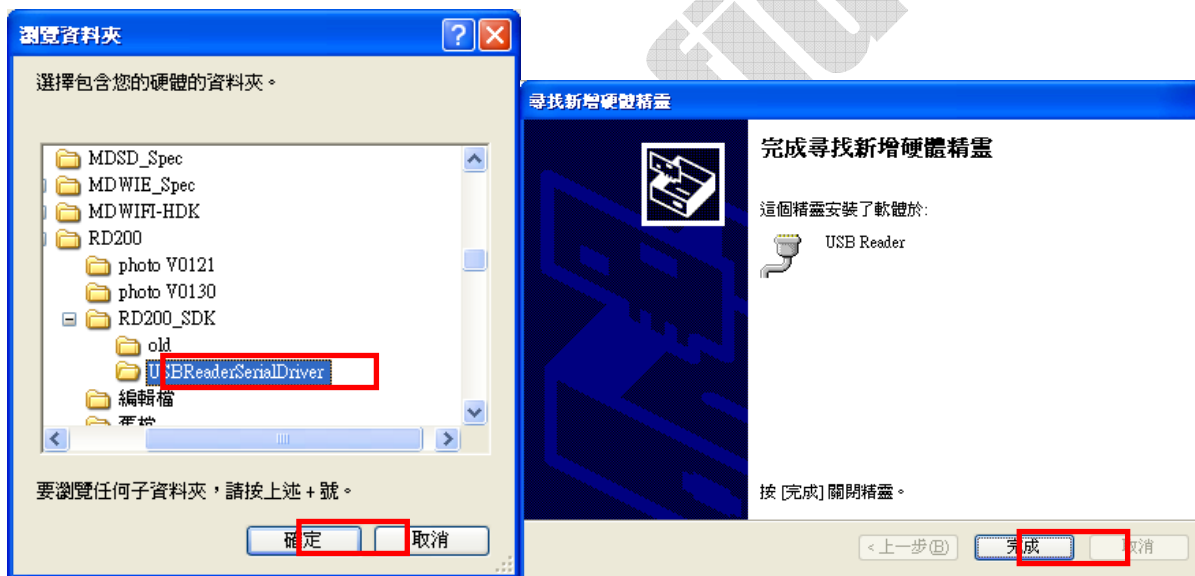


驅動程式安裝 (於轉換 COM 時使用) :

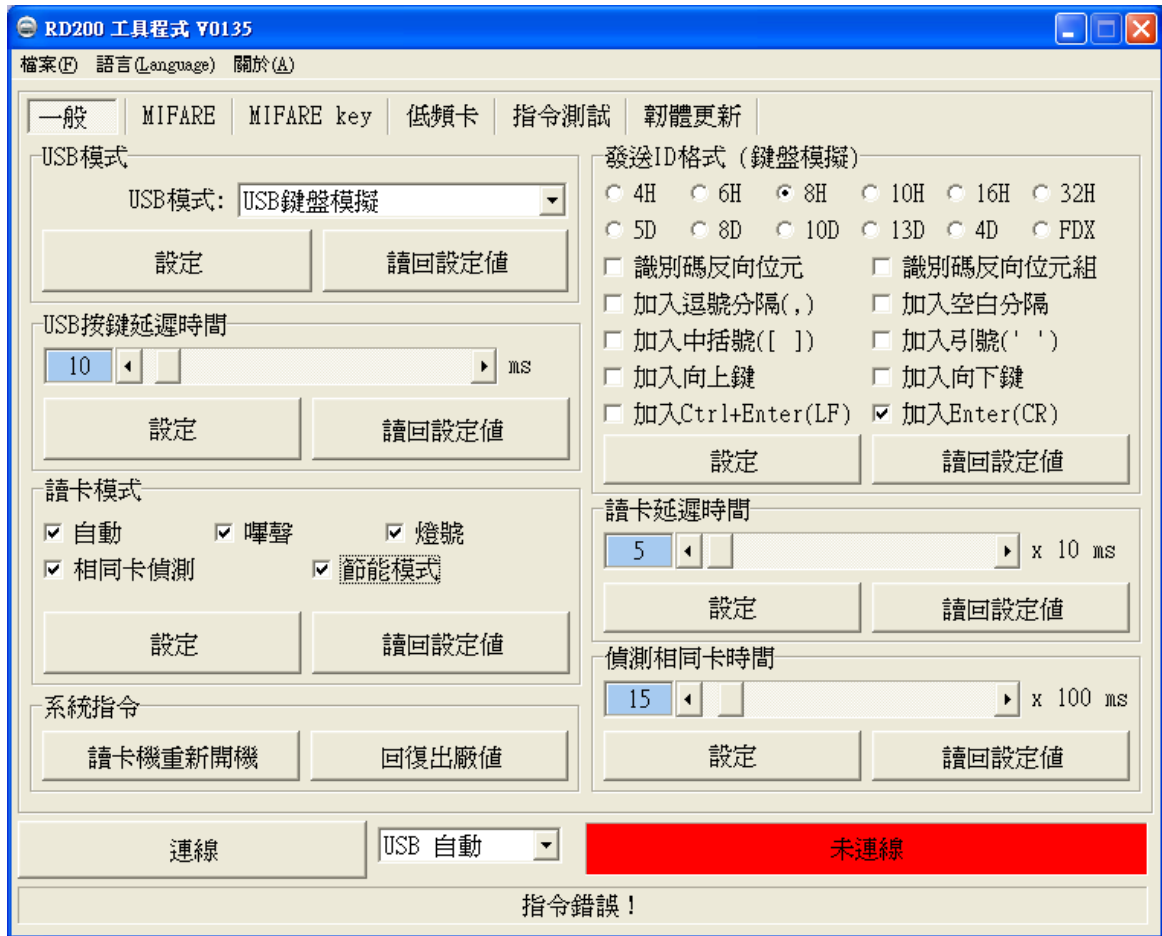
1. 接上 RD200 裝置，系統會自動跳出搜尋到裝置需要安裝驅動程式之視窗。



指定安裝檔案位置，完成安裝。

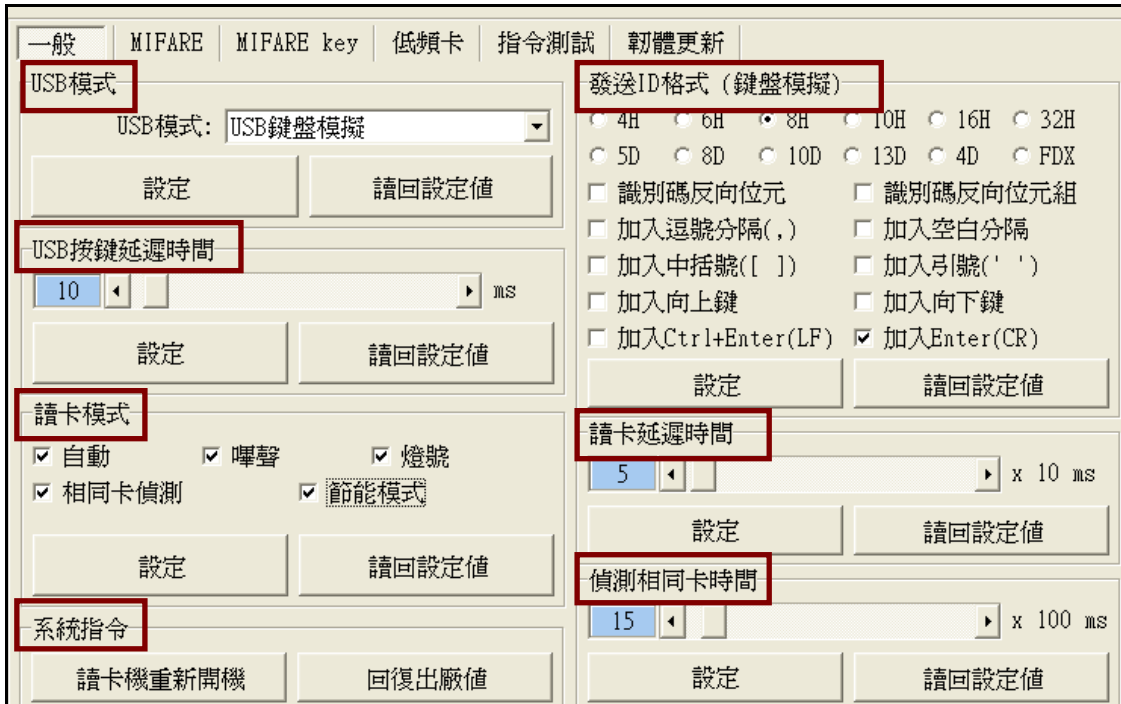


◆ 主畫面



一般設定

以下將對個別功能分別說明。



USB模式

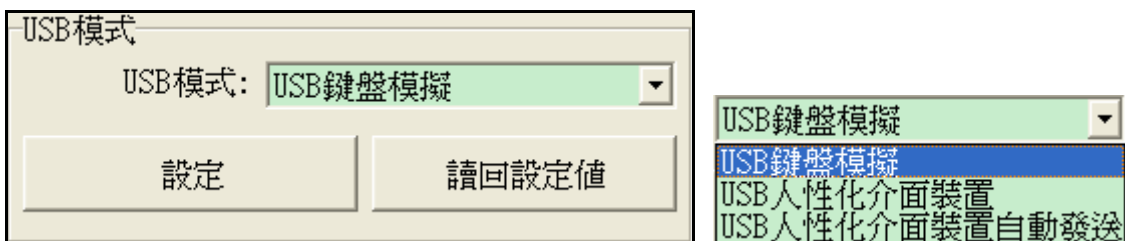
RD200 Tools 提供了兩種連線方式，一種是"USB auto"另一種則是"COM x"，"x"需視實際情況而定，假設您的裝置被作業系統分配到COM9，則"連線"的選項將多出COM9。

在此有三種USB模式可選擇(如下圖)，選擇欲使用的模式後，點選 **設定** 鍵即可完成設定，或點選 **讀回設定值** 讀回目前機器內的設定值。

USB鍵盤模擬：此裝置可模擬鍵盤傳送字元或字串給電腦

USB人性化介面裝置：需送指令才會有動作(暫存裝置內)

USB人性化介面裝置自動發送：讀卡後自動發送卡號

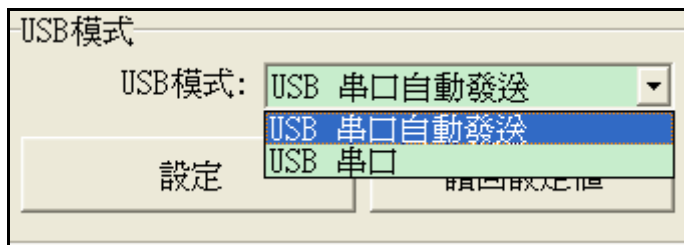


COMPORT 模式

在"COM x"的連線方式下，這裡有兩種USB 模式可供選擇。

USB 串口自動發送：讀卡後自動發送卡號

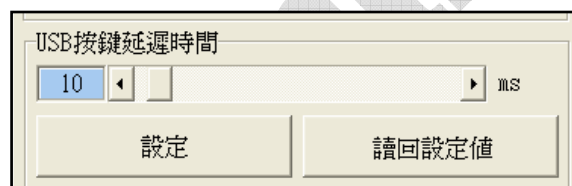
USB 串口：需送指令才會有動作(暫存裝置內)



按鍵延遲時間

在此模式中，可設定按鍵延遲時間。

減緩讀卡按鍵傳送速度。



讀卡模式

在此模式中，有多種功能選項可供使用者選取，選擇欲使用的項目後，

點選 **設定** 鍵即可完成設定，或點選 **讀回設定值** 讀回目前機器內的設定值。

自動： 自動讀卡

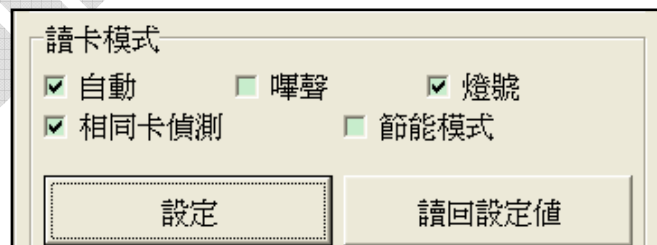
嗶聲： 是否發出Bi聲提示

燈號： 感應時是否閃爍

相同卡測試： 連續讀取相同卡號

之卡片時，必須間隔約1.5秒方可再次讀取

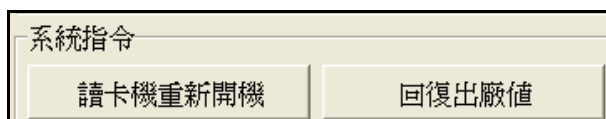
節能模式： 可提供較省電的供電方式 (若需寫入大量卡片則不建議使用)



系統指令

在此兩種系統指令，點選 **讀卡機重新開機** 鍵即可令讀卡機重新開機。

點選 **回復出廠值** 鍵即可把讀卡機還原到出廠預設值。



卡片掃描時間/偵測相同卡時間

掃描時間：讀取卡片的間隔秒數。

相同卡時間：相同卡片的間隔秒數。

選擇欲設定的時間長度後，點選 **設定** 鍵即可完成設定，或點選 **讀回設定值** 讀回目前機器內的設定值。

The screenshot shows two sections for time settings. The first section is '讀卡延遲時間' (Card Delay Time) with a value of 5 and a multiplier of x 10 ms. The second section is '偵測相同卡時間' (Detect Same Card Time) with a value of 15 and a multiplier of x 100 ms. Both sections have '設定' (Set) and '讀回設定值' (Read Back Setting) buttons.

◆ MIFARE (在RD200-M1中才有的設定模式)

以下將對個別功能分別說明。

The screenshot shows the MIFARE configuration interface with several sections highlighted by red boxes. The 'MIFARE' tab is selected. The '卡片ID讀取之區段/區塊/位元組' (Card ID Read Sector/Block/Bytes) section includes fields for Sector (0), Block (0), Start (0), and Bytes (4), along with radio buttons for Key A and Key B, and a dropdown for Key Error Message (LED). The '寫入 KEY 至 EEPROM' (Write Key to EEPROM) section includes fields for Sector (1) and Key (FFFFFFFF). The '卡片資料讀寫測試' (Card Data Read/Write Test) section includes fields for Sector (1), Block (0), and Key (FFFFFFFF), with an EEPROM checkbox. Below these are fields for '讀取卡片資料' (Read Card Data) and '寫入卡片資料' (Write Card Data), both showing the hexadecimal value 8888888888888888888888888888989B88058. Buttons for '設定' (Set), '讀回設定值' (Read Back Setting), and '寫入' (Write) are also visible.

卡片ID讀取之區段/區塊/位元組

設定卡片讀寫時候，可勾選使用存於EEPROM內的Key值(前提是必需已經存入Key值在EEPROM內) 或者自行輸入Key值以供驗證，輸入欲寫入資料，並點選 **寫入卡片資料** 即可完成資料寫入卡片動作；或點選 **讀取卡片資料** 即可讀取卡片資料內容。

寫入KEY 至 EEPROM(裝置)

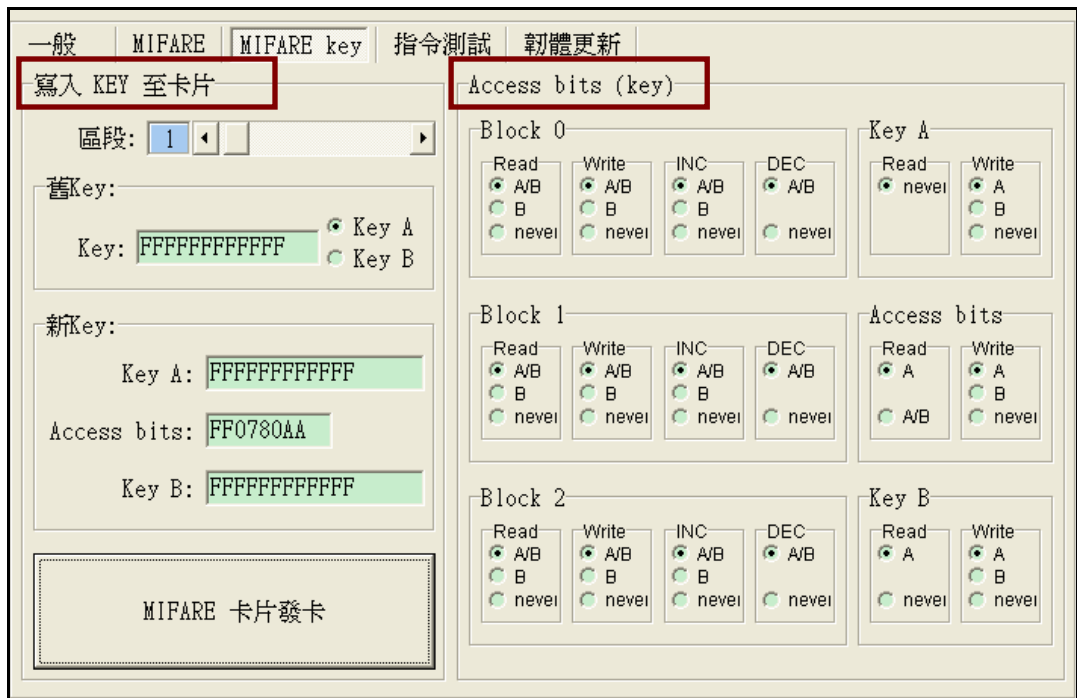
選擇寫入第幾區段的KEY，並勾選該KEY為A或B，點選 **寫入** 鍵即可完成密碼寫入設定。

卡片資料讀寫測試

設定卡片讀寫時候，記的要勾選EEPROM選項。在KEY部份輸入之前所設定的密碼、區段與選取該密碼為KeyA或B，於寫入卡片資料欄位輸入欲寫入資料，並點選 **寫入卡片資料** 即可完成資料寫入卡片動作；或點選 **讀取卡片資料** 即可讀取卡片資料內容。

◆ MIFARE Key

以下將對個別功能分別說明。

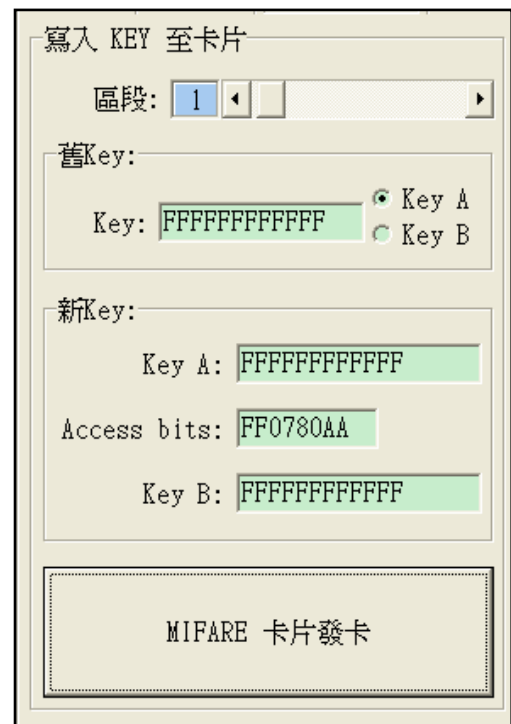


寫入KEY至卡片

首先選擇寫入第幾區段，輸入舊KEY並勾選該KEY為A或B，接著輸入新KEY A或B，點選 **MIFARE卡片發卡** 鍵即可完成密碼設定與卡片發卡。

註1: Access bits欄位會自動抓取

註2: 舊KEY必須輸入正確，否則會出現指令錯誤的訊息。



Access bits (KEY)

在此可設定該卡片進行讀寫時候，是否比對密碼或不比對。

Read：讀取

Write：寫入

INC：增加數值

DEC：減少數值

A/B：比對 Key A 或 Key B

A：僅比對 Key A

B：僅比對 Key B

never：不比對任何 Key

如欲對以下設定做更改，請參考 MIFARE spec.

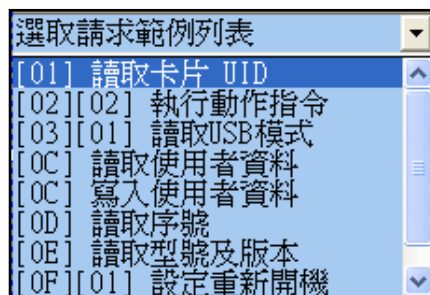
Block	Operation	Read	Write	INC	DEC	Key	Read	Write
Block 0	Read	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	Key A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> never	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A
	Write	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B		<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B
	INC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	
	DEC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	
Block 1	Read	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	Access bits	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A
	Write	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B		<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B
	INC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> A/B	<input type="radio"/> never	
	DEC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	
Block 2	Read	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	Key B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A
	Write	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B		<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B
	INC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	
	DEC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	

◆ 指令測試

在此為指令的測試區，可由請求範例列表選擇(如右圖)，或選擇類別後直接於CMD與{DATA}欄位輸入欲測試之指令，並點選

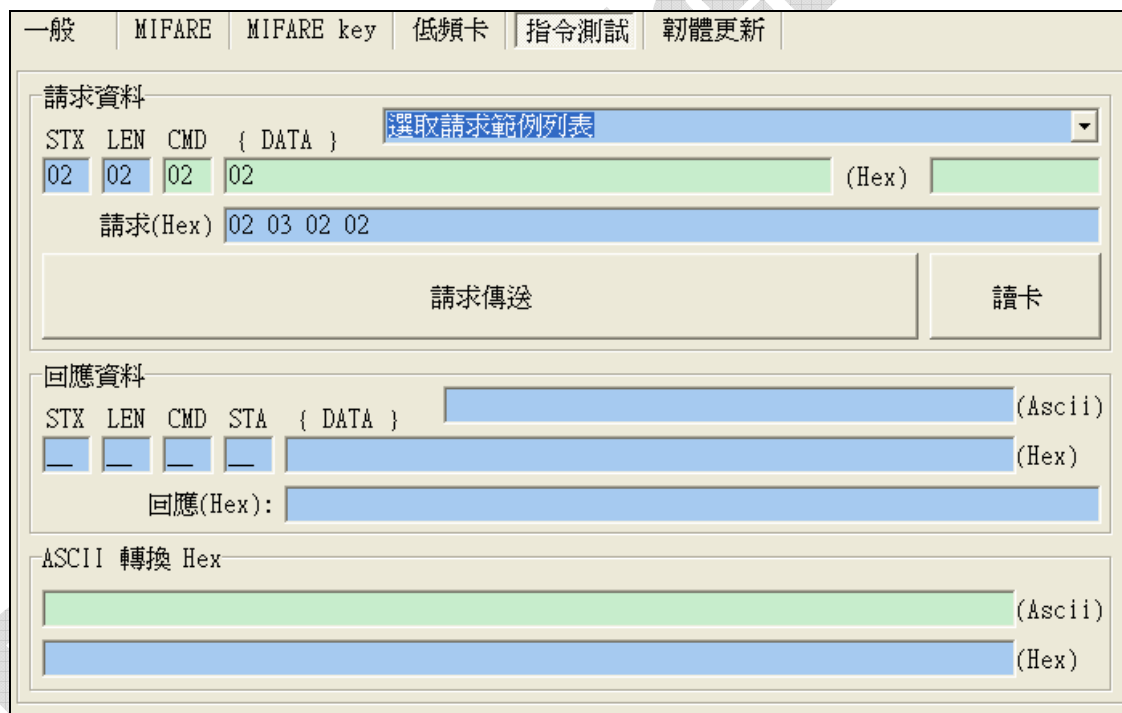
請求傳送 鍵即可傳送指令，或是點選

讀卡 鍵來讀取卡片。



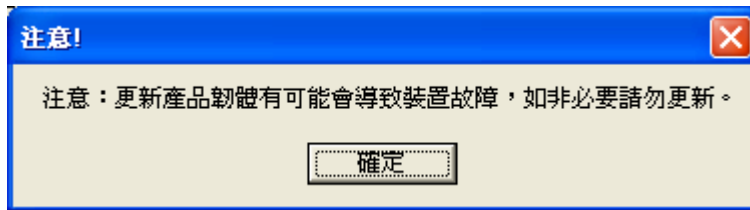
而請求傳送指令與讀取卡片的回應皆於回應資料欄位顯示。

而最下方的ASCII轉換HEX，則是提供使用者手動輸入ASCII碼來作HEX的轉換功能。

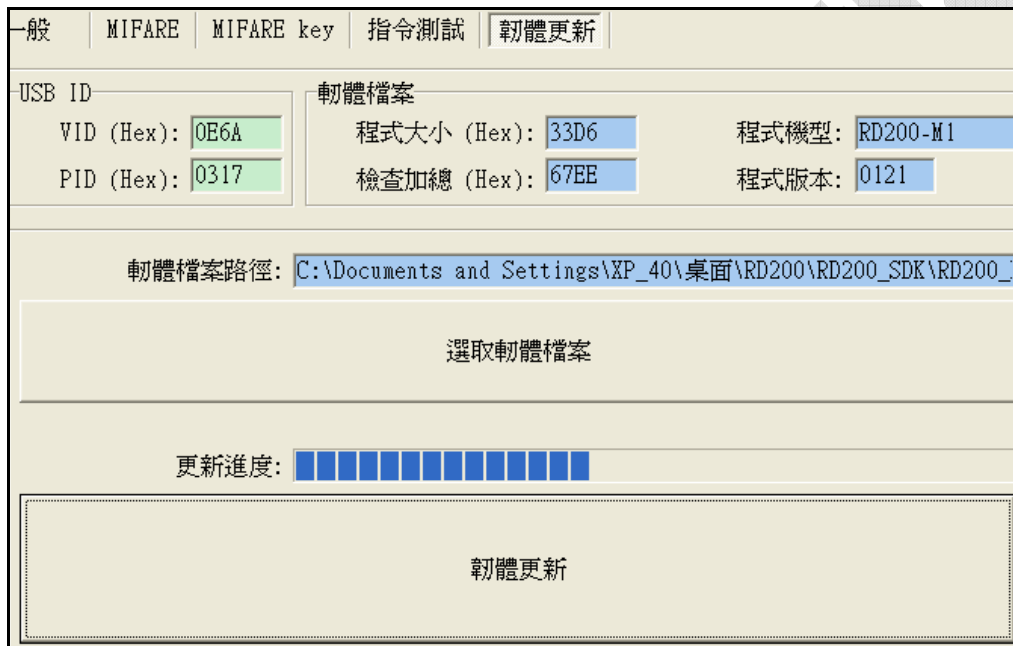


◆ 韌體更新

在更新韌體之前，系統會跳出警示訊息視窗。(如下圖)



使用者可直接點選 **選韌體檔案** 鍵選取欲更新的韌體檔案 (*.SYB)，選取後即可點選 **韌體更新** 鍵來更新韌體。



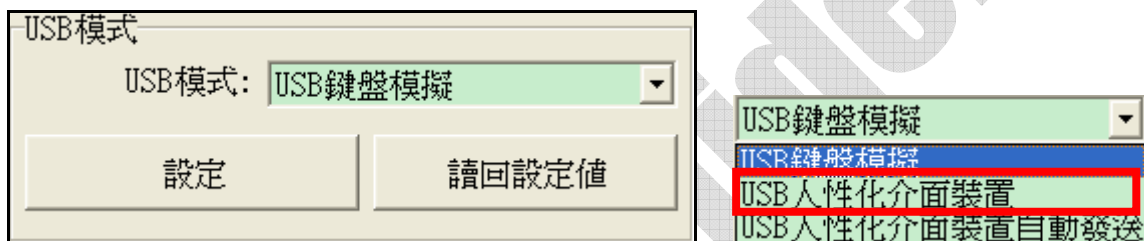
3. RD200M1 工具使用说明 (简体中文)

※操作设定前说明:

在一般画面中，默认值设定为 **USB键盘仿真**。

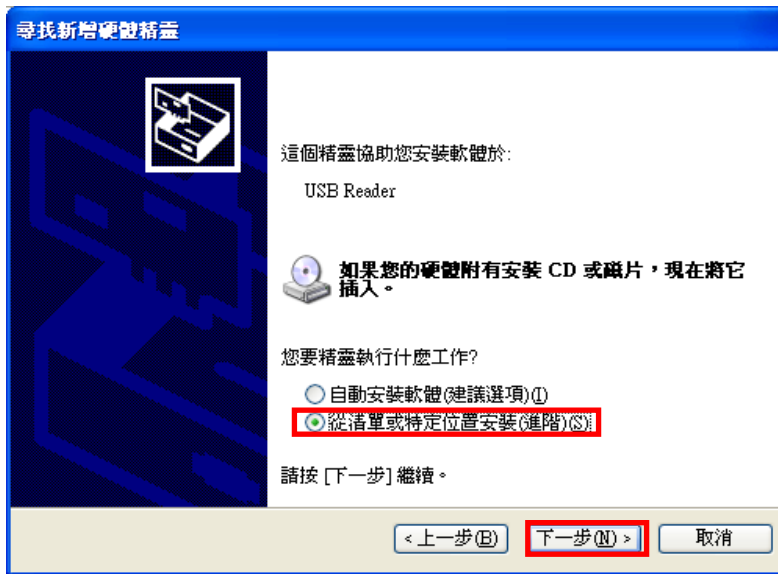
由于Keyboard模式下读卡后会自动送出Enter断行，如锁定在"设定"按钮上，在感应卡片时，会同时自动按下"设定"键

故若要进行工具设定与操作前，建议先将模式改为 **USB人性化接口装置** 再进行设定，以免发生操作上的困扰。

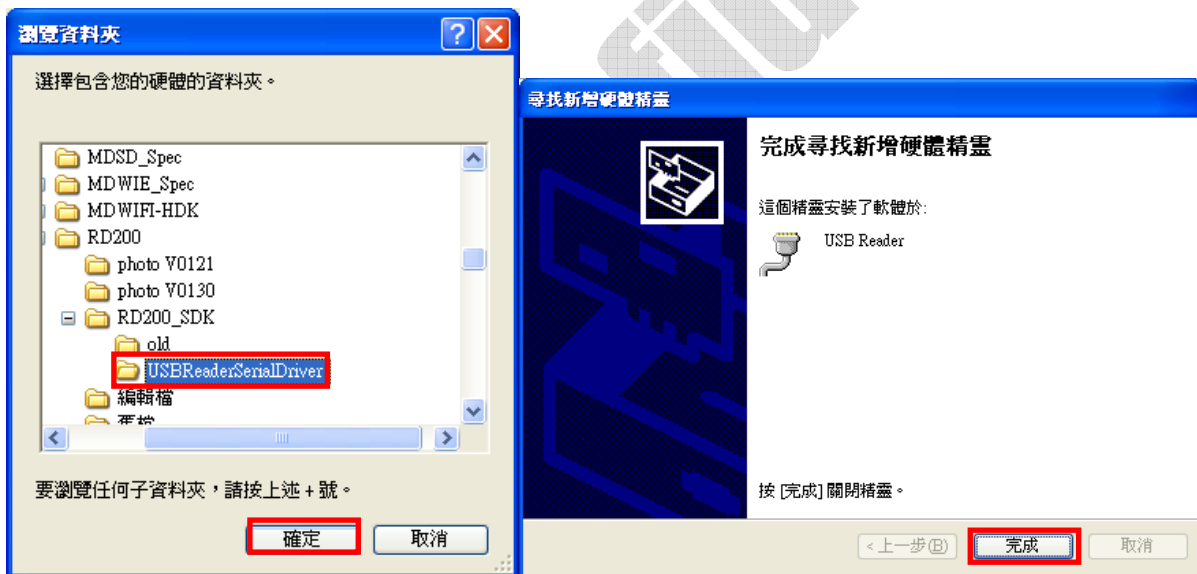


驱动程序安装 (于转换 COM 时使用)：

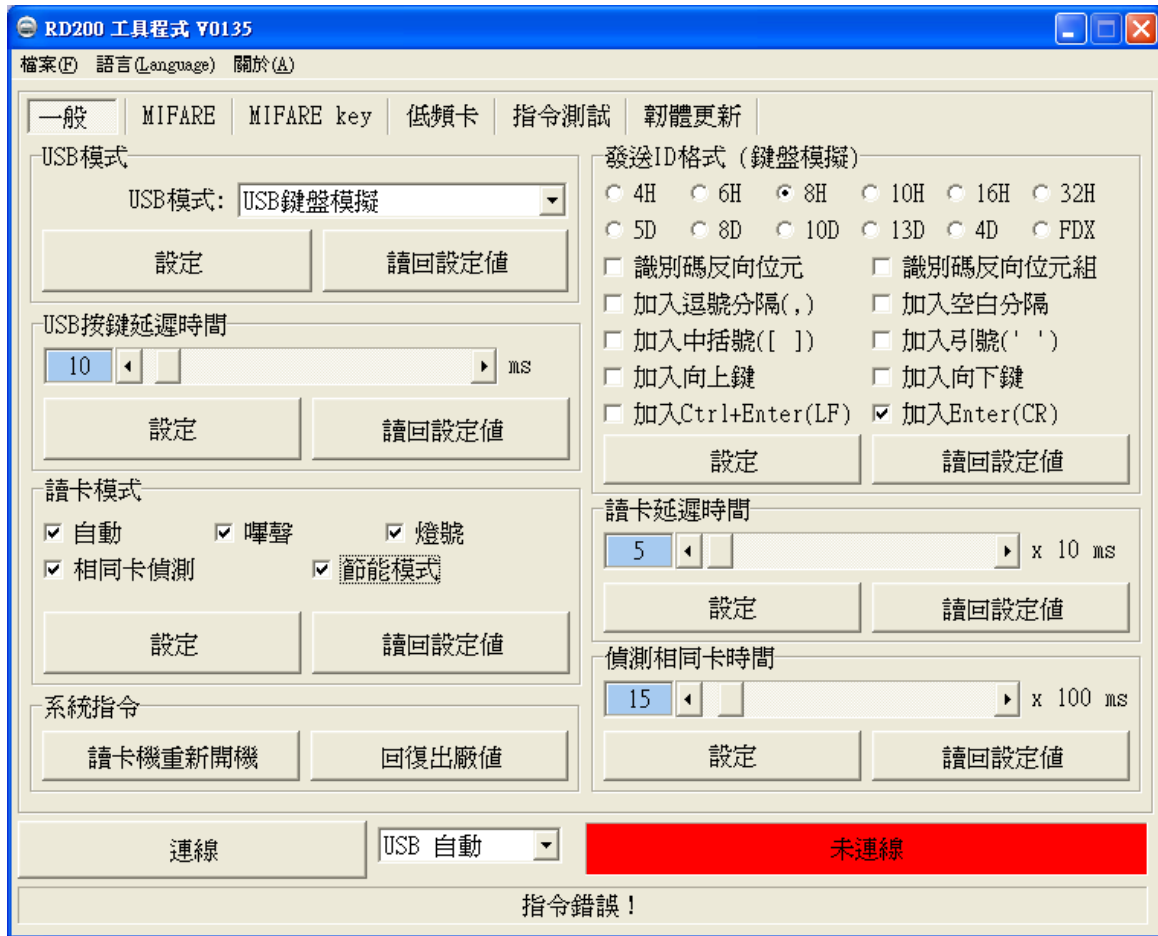
1. 接上 RD200 装置，系统会自动跳出搜寻到装置需要安装驱动程序之窗口。



2. 指定安装档案位置，完成安装。



◆主畫面



一般设定

以下将对个别功能分别说明。



USB模式

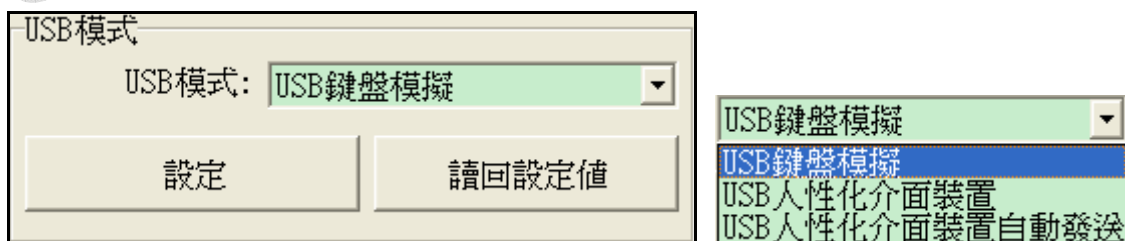
RD200 Tools 提供了两种联机方式，一种是"USB auto"另一种则是"COM x"，"x"需视实际情况而定，假设您的装置被操作系统分配到COM9，则"联机"的选项将多出COM9。

在此有三种USB模式可选择(如下图)，选择欲使用的模式后，点选 **设定** 键即可完成设定，或点选 **读回设定值** 读回目前机器内的设定值。

USB键盘仿真： 此装置可仿真键盘传送字符或字符串给计算机

USB人性化接口装置： 需送指令才会有动作(暂存装置内)

USB人性化接口装置自动发送： 读卡后自动发送卡号

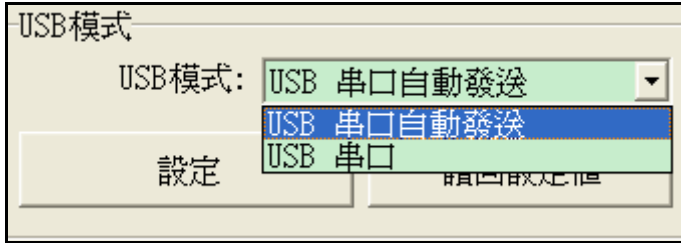


COMPORT 模式

在"COM x"的联机方式下，这里有两种USB 模式可供选择。

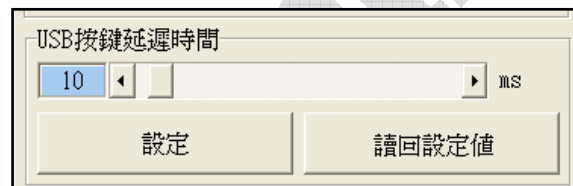
USB 串口自动发送： 读卡后自动发送卡号

USB 串口： 需送指令才会有动作 (暂存装置内)



按键延迟时间

在此模式中，可设定按键延迟时间。
减缓读卡按键传送速度。



读卡模式

在此模式中，有多种功能选项可供使用者选取，选择欲使用的项目后，
点选 **设定** 键即可完成设定，或点选 **读回设定值** 读回目前机器内的设定值。

自动： 自动读卡

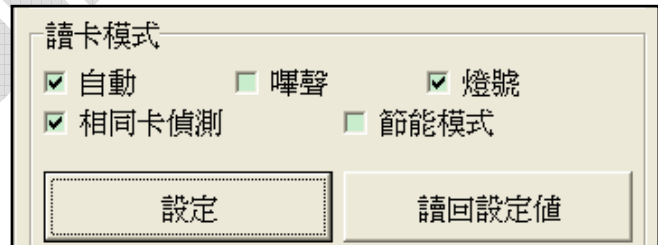
哔声： 是否发出Bi声提示

灯号： 感应时是否闪烁

相同卡测试： 连续读取相同卡号

之卡片时，必须间隔约1.5秒方可再次读取

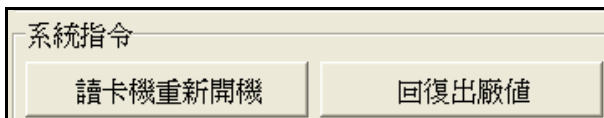
节能模式： 可提供较省电的供电方式 (若需写入大量卡片则不建议使用)



系统指令

在此两种系统指令，点选 **卡片阅读机重新开机** 键即可令卡片阅读机重新开机。

点选 **回复出厂值** 键即可把卡片阅读机还原到出厂默认值。



卡片扫描时间/侦测相同卡时间

扫描时间：读取卡片的间隔秒数。

相同卡时间：相同卡片的间隔秒数。

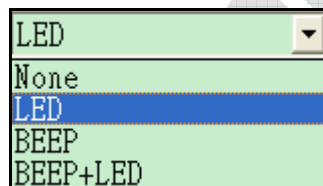
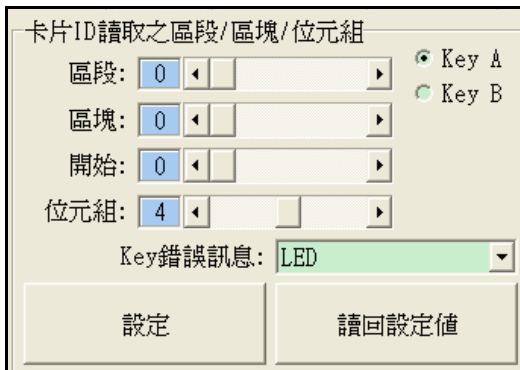
选择欲设定的时间长度后，点选 **设定** 键即可完成设定，或点选 **读回设定值** 读回目前机器内的设定值。

◆MIFARE (在RD200-M1中才有的设定模式)

以下将对个别功能分别说明。

卡片ID读取之区段/区块/字节

设定卡片读写时候，可勾选使用存于EEPROM内的Key值 (前提是必需已经存入Key值在EEPROM内) 或者自行输入Key值以供验证，输入欲写入数据，并点选 **写入卡片数据** 即可完成数据写入卡片动作；或点选 **读取卡片数据** 即可读取卡片数据内容。



写入KEY 至 EEPROM (装置)

选择写入第几区段的KEY，并勾选该KEY为A或B，点选 **写入** 键即可完成密码写入设定。

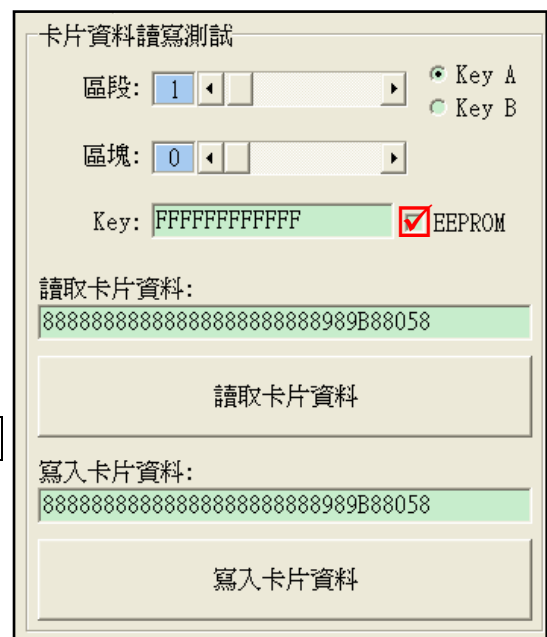


卡片数据读写测试

设定卡片读写时候，记的要勾选EEPROM选项。在KEY部份输入之前所

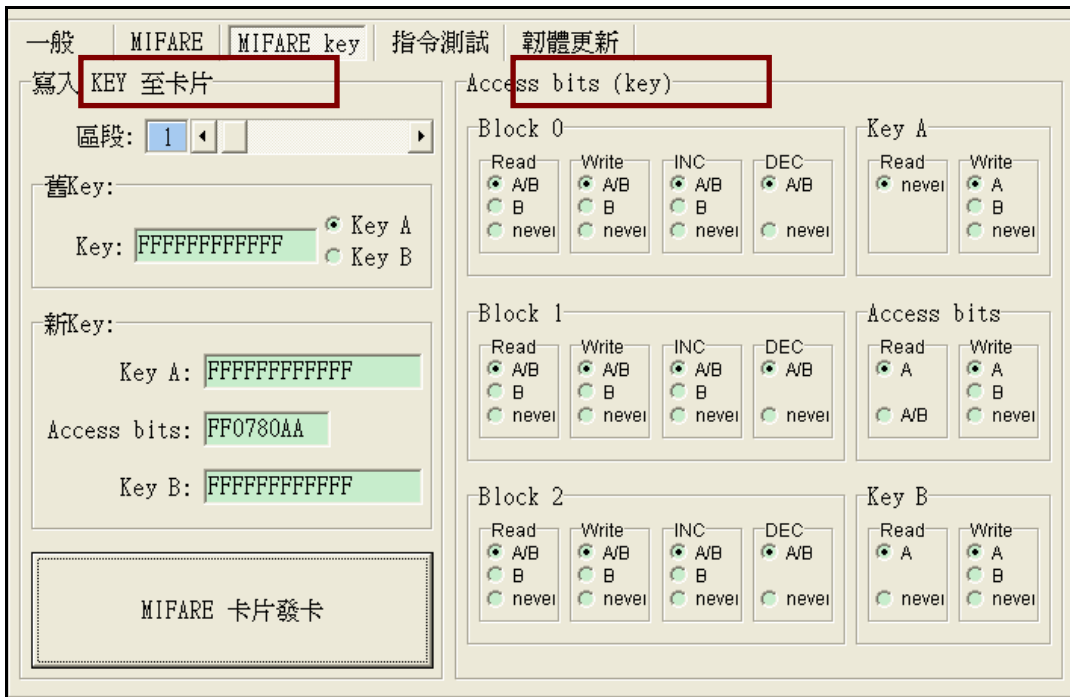
设定的密码、区段与选取该密码为KeyA或B，于写入卡片数据域位输入欲写入数据，并点选 **写入卡片数据**

即可完成数据写入卡片动作；或点选 **读取** **卡片数据** 即可读取卡片数据内容。



◆MIFARE Key

以下将对个别功能分别说明。

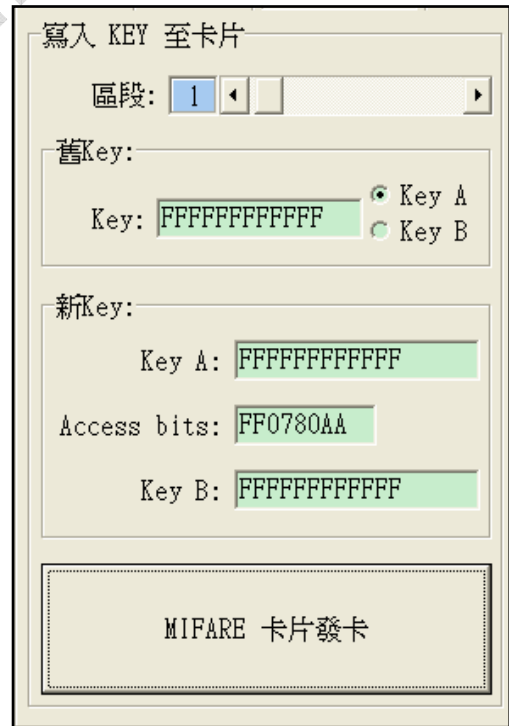


写入KEY至卡片

首先选择写入第几区段，输入旧KEY并勾选该KEY为A或B，接着输入新KEY A或B，点选 **MIFARE卡片发卡** 键即可完成密码设定与卡片发卡。

注1: Access bits字段会自动抓取

注2: 旧KEY必须输入正确，否则会出现指令错误的讯息。



Access bits (KEY)

在此可设定该卡片进行读写时候，是否比对密码或不比对。

Read: 读取

Write: 写入

INC: 增加数值

DEC: 减少数值

A/B: 比对 Key A 或 Key B

A: 仅比对 Key A

B: 仅比对 Key B

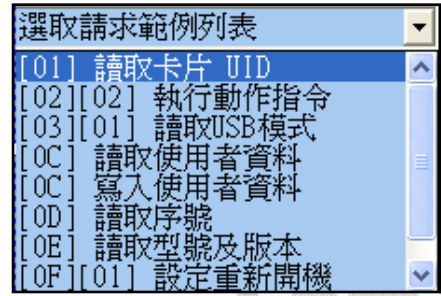
never: 不比对任何 Key

如欲对以下设定做更改，请参考 MIFARE spec.

Block	Operation	Read	Write	INC	DEC	Key A Read	Key A Write	Key B Read	Key B Write
Block 0	Read	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> never	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A
	Write	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B
	INC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never
	DEC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never
Block 1	Read	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A
	Write	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> A/B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B
	INC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never
	DEC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never
Block 2	Read	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A/B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A
	Write	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> B
	INC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never
	DEC	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never	<input type="radio"/> never

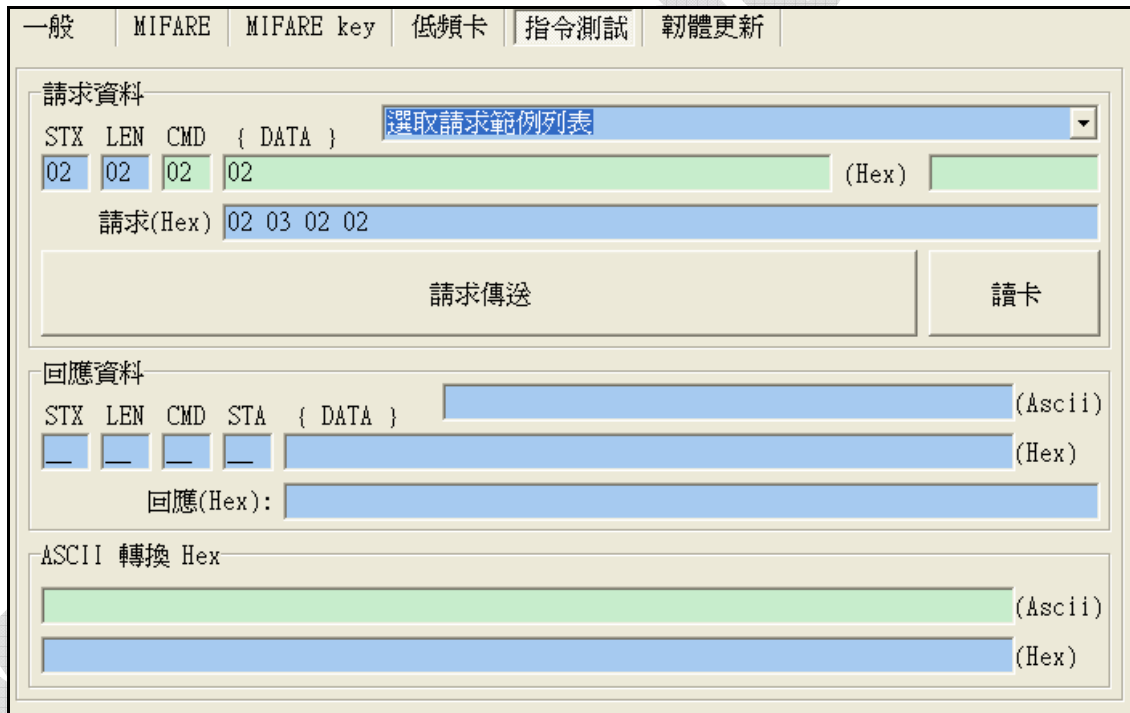
◆指令测试

在此为指令的测试区，可由请求范例列表 选择 (如右图)， 或选择类别后直接于CMD与{DATA} 字段输入欲测试之指令，并点选 **请求传送** 键即可传送指令，或是点选 **读卡** 键来读取卡片。



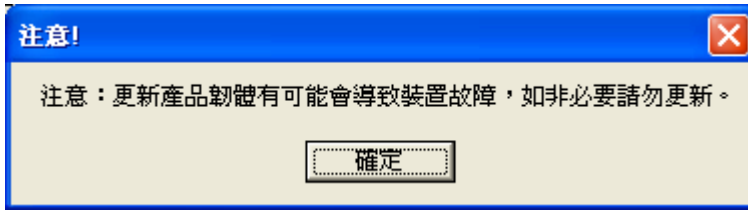
而请求传送指令与读取卡片的响应皆于响应数据域位显示。

而最下方的ASCII转换HEX，则是提供使用者手动输入ASCII码来作HEX的转换功能。



◆ 韌體更新

在更新韌體之前，系統會跳出警示訊息窗口。(如下圖)



使用者可直接點選 **選韌體檔案** 鍵選取欲更新的韌體檔案 (*.SYB)，選取後即可點選 **韌體更新** 鍵來更新韌體。

