



Advanced Card Systems Ltd.
Card & Reader Technologies

ACR1552U Series

Reference Manual V1.07



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1.0. Introduction

Continuing the success of the ACR1252U Series, ACR1552U Series is the USB NFC Reader developed based on 13.56Mhz contactless technology. It is a contactless reader that can access contactless smart cards following the ISO 14443, ISO 15693 & ISO 18092 standards, MIFARE® (T=CL), FeliCa, NFC Tags, SRI/SRIX, CTS, Innovatron, Picopass and Topaz Card are also supported.

ACR1552U Series is capable of the three modes of NFC, namely: card reader/writer, card emulation and keyboard emulation. It also has a built-in SAM slot for added security in both contact and contactless applications.

Compliant with both CCID and PC/SC, this plug-and-play USB NFC device allows interoperability with different devices and applications. It is thus ideal for unconventional marketing and advertising applications like smart posters.

With additional features such as Keyboard Emulation, ACR1552U Series is a highly cost-effective, powerful all-in-one device that offers convenience and flexibility to many smart card applications.

This document is applicable to ACR1552U Series,

- ACR1552U-M*, USB NFC Reader IV
- ACM1552U-Y*, USB NFC Reader Module with Detachable Antenna Board
- ACM1552U-Z*, Small NFC Reader Module
- ACR1552U-A*, AquaGuard, IP67 USB NFC Reader
- WalletMate II Series, Mobile Wallet NFC Reader/Module

Notes¹: Availability of certain features, such as the SAM slot and Buzzer, may vary depending on the product model.

Notes²: RGB LED is only present in ACR1552U-A.*



2.0. Features

- USB Full Speed Interface
- CCID-compliant
- Smart Card Reader:
 - Contactless Interface:
 - Read/Write speed of up to 26kbps ISO 15693 & 848 kbps (ISO 14443) card types
 - Built-in antenna for contactless tag access, with card reading distance of up to 70 mm (depending on tag type)
 - Supports ISO 15693 card types
 - Supports ISO 14443 Part 4 Type A and B cards and MIFARE series
 - Built-in anti-collision feature
 - Supports extended APDU (max. 64 KB)
 - SAM Interface:
 - One SAM Slot
 - Supports ISO 7816 Class A SAM cards
- Application Programming Interface:
 - Supports PC/SC
 - Supports CT-API (through wrapper on top of PC/SC)
- Built-in Peripherals:
 - Two user-controllable LEDs (Blue and Green)
 - User-controllable buzzer
- USB Firmware Upgradability
- Supports Android™ 3.1 and later¹
- Compliant with the following standards:
 - ISO 14443
 - ISO 15693
 - ISO 7816
 - PC/SC
 - CCID
 - CE
 - UKCA
 - FCC
 - RoHS
 - REACH
 - Microsoft® WHQL

¹ Uses an ACS-defined Android Library

3.0. ACR1552U Architecture

3.1. Reader Block Diagram

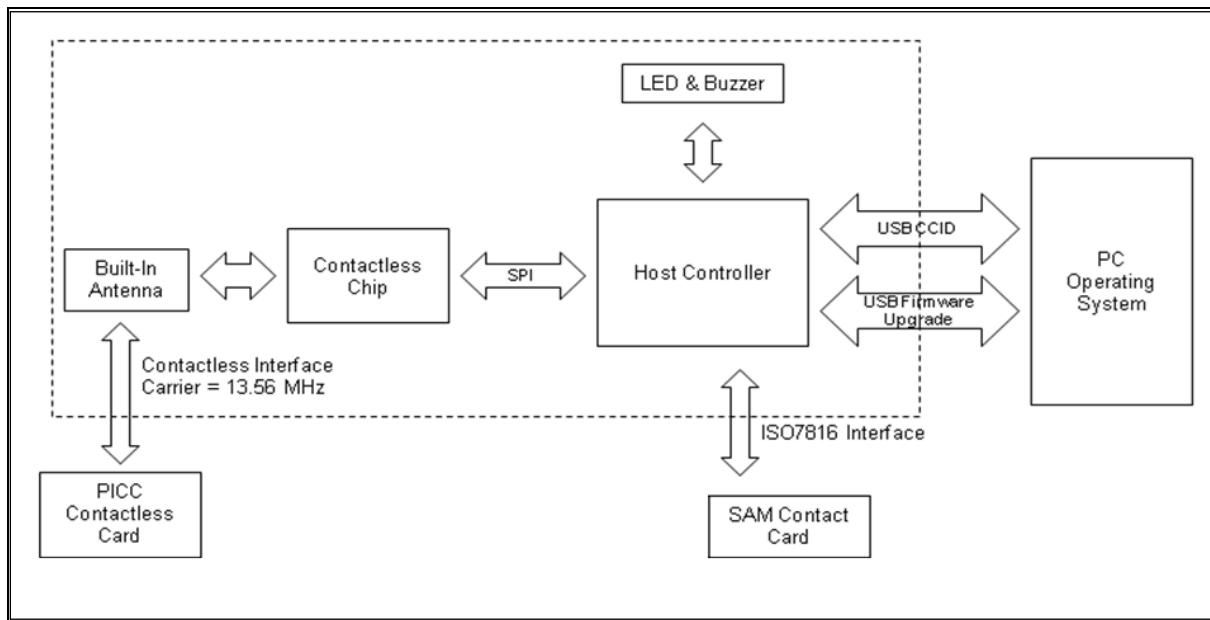


Figure 1: ACR1552U Reader Block Diagram

3.2. Communication between PC/SC driver and PICC and SAM

The protocol being used between the ACR1552U and the PC is CCID. All communications between PICC and SAM are PC/SC-compliant.

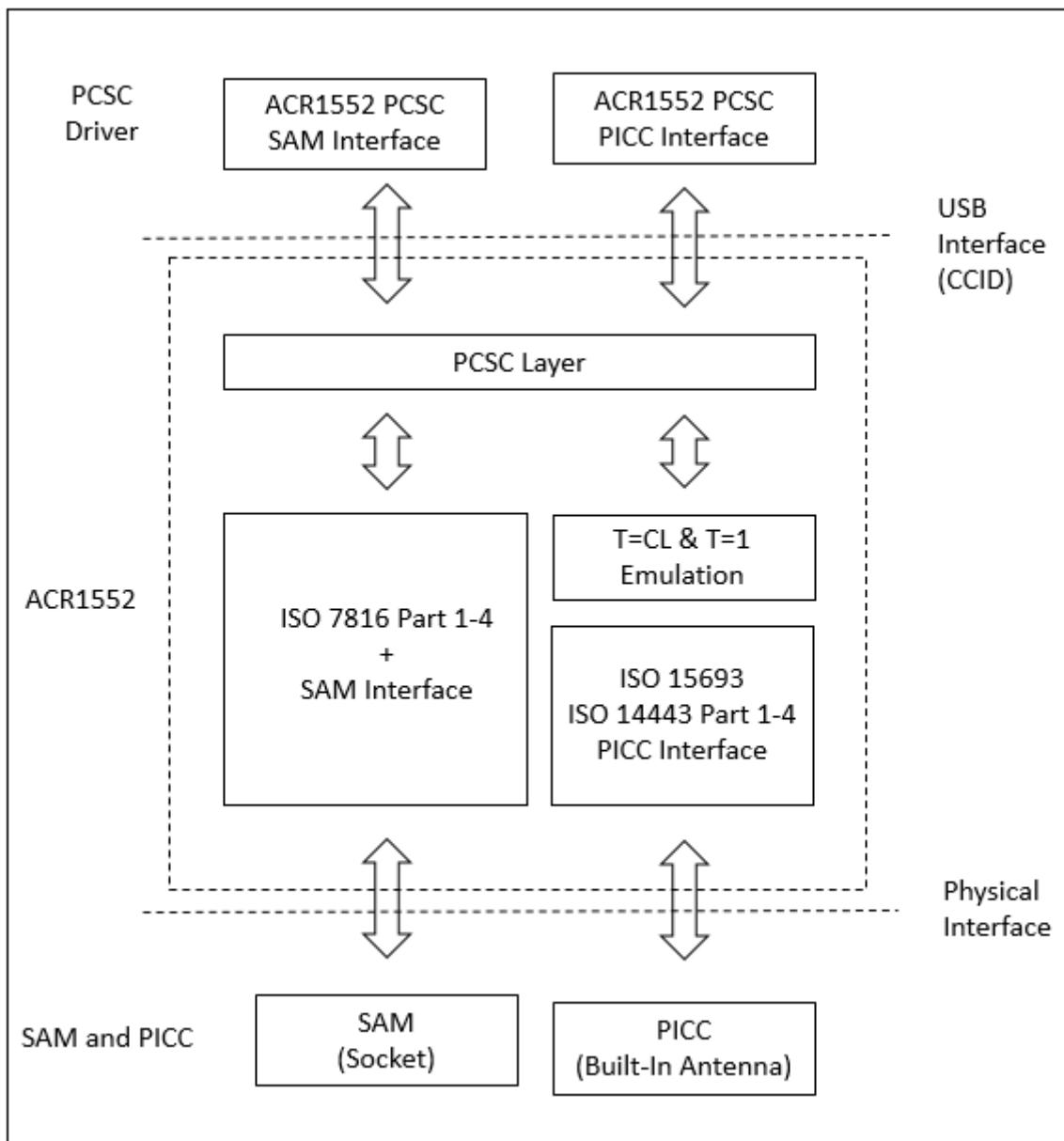


Figure 2: ACR1552U Architecture



4.0. Hardware Design

4.1. USB

The ACR1552U connects to a computer through USB following the USB standard.

4.1.1. Communication Parameters

The ACR1552U connects to a computer through USB as specified in the USB Specification 2.0. The ACR1552U works in full-speed mode, i.e. 12 Mbps.

| Pin | Signal | Function |
|-----|------------------|--|
| 1 | V _{BUS} | +5 V power supply for the reader |
| 2 | D- | Differential signal transmits data between ACR1552U and PC |
| 3 | D+ | Differential signal transmits data between ACR1552U and PC |
| 4 | GND | Reference voltage level for power supply |

Table 1: USB Interface Wiring

Note: The device driver should be installed for the ACR1552U to function properly through USB interface.

4.1.2. Endpoints

The ACR1552U uses the following endpoints to communicate with the host computer:

Control Endpoint – For setup and control purposes.

Bulk-OUT – For commands to be sent from the host to the ACR1552U (data packet size is 64 bytes).

Bulk-IN – For response to be sent from the ACR1552U to the host (data packet size is 64 bytes).

Interrupt-IN – For card status message to be sent from the ACR1552U to the host (data packet size is 8 bytes).

4.2. Contactless Smart Card Interface

The interface between the ACR1552U and the contactless card follows the specifications of ISO 14443 with certain restrictions or enhancements to increase the practical functionality of the ACR1552U.

4.2.1. Carrier Frequency

The carrier frequency for the ACR1552U is 13.56 MHz

4.2.2. Card Polling

The ACR1552U automatically polls the contactless cards that are within the field. ISO 14443-4 Type A, ISO 14443-4 Type B, ISO 15693 and MIFARE cards are supported.



4.3. User Interface

4.3.1. Buzzer and LED

The monotone buzzer and LEDs used for showing the state of the contactless interfaces. The Blue LED is used for showing PICC status.

| Reader States | Buzzer | Blue LED (PICC) |
|--|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. Plug in the reader | Beep Once | ● >> ● >> ● |
| 2. Standby (Contactless Polling, no PICC card) | Off | ● |
| 3. Standby (No Polling) | Off | Off |
| 4. Contactless Card is tapped | Beep Once | ● |
| 5. Contactless Card is presence | Off | ● |
| 6. Contactless Card is removed | Off | ● |
| 7. Contactless Card is communicating | Off | Fast Blinking |

Table 2: Buzzer and LED Indicator

4.3.2. Buzzer and LED (ACR1552U-A*)

The monotone buzzer and LEDs used for showing the state of the contactless interfaces. The RGB LED is used for showing PICC status.

| Reader States | Buzzer | Blue LED (PICC) |
|--|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. Plug in the reader | Beep Once | ● >> ● >> ● |
| 2. Standby (Contactless Polling, no PICC card) | Off | ● |
| 3. Standby (No Polling) | Off | Off |
| 4. Contactless Card is tapped | Beep Once | ● |
| 5. Contactless Card is presence | Off | ● |
| 6. Contactless Card is removed | Off | ● |
| 7. Contactless Card is communicating | Off | Fast Blinking |

Table 3: Buzzer and LED Indicator (ACR1552U-A*)



5.0. Software Design

5.1. PCSC API

This section will describe some of the PCSC API for application programming usage. For more details, please refer to Microsoft MSDN Library or PCSC workgroup.

5.1.1. SCardEstablishContext

The SCardEstablishContext function establishes the resource manager context within which database operations are performed.

Refer to: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa379479%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>

This function should be performed first before any other PCSC operation.

Example:

```
#define SCARD_SCOPE_USER 0

SCARDCONTEXT hContext;
int retCode;
void main ()
{
    // To establish the resource manager context and assign it to "hContext"
    retCode = SCardEstablishContext(SCARD_SCOPE_USER,
                                    NULL,
                                    NULL,
                                    &hContext);
    if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
    {
        // Establishing resource manager context failed
    }
    else
    {
        // Establishing resource manager context successful
        // Further PCSC operation can be performed
    }
}
```



5.1.2. SCardListReaders

The SCardListReaders function provides the list of readers within a set of named reader groups, eliminating duplicates.

The caller supplies a list of reader groups, and receives the list of readers within the named groups. Unrecognized group names are ignored. This function only returns readers within the named groups that are currently attached to the system and available for use.

Refer to: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa379793%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>
Example:

```
#define SCARD_SCOPE_USER 0

SCARDCONTEXT hContext; // Resource manager context
int retCode;
char readerName [256]; // List reader name

void main ()
{
    // To establish the resource manager context and assign to "hContext"
    retCode = SCardEstablishContext(SCARD_SCOPE_USER,
        NULL,
        NULL,
        &hContext);
    if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
    {
        // Establishing resource manager context failed
    }
    else
    {
        // Establishing resource manager context successful
        // List the available reader which can be used in the system
        retCode = SCardListReaders (hContext,
            NULL,
            readerName,
            &size);
        if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
        {
            // Listing reader fail
        }
        if (readerName == NULL)
        {
            // No reader available
        }
        else
        {
            // Reader listed
        }
    }
}
```



5.1.3. SCardConnect

The SCardConnect function establishes a connection (using a specific resource manager context) between the calling application and a smart card contained by a specific reader. If no card exists in the specified reader, an error is returned.

Refer to: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa379473%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>

Example:

```
#define SCARD_SCOPE_USER 0

SCARDCONTEXT hContext;           // Resource manager context
SCARDHANDLE hCard;              // Card context handle
unsigned long dwActProtocol;    // Establish active protocol
int retCode;
char readerName [256];          // List reader name
char rName [256];               // Reader name for connection

void main ()
{
    ...
    if (readerName == NULL)
    {
        // No reader available
    }
    else
    {
        // Reader listed
        rName = "ACS ACR1552 1S CL Reader PICC 0"; // Depends on what
                                                       // reader be used
                                                       // Should connect to
                                                       // PICC interface
        retCode = SCardConnect(hContext,
                              rName,
                              SCARD_SHARE_SHARED,
                              SCARD_PROTOCOL_T1,
                              &hCard,
                              &dwActProtocol);
        if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
        {
            // Connection failed (May be because of incorrect reader
            name, or no card was detected)
        }
        else
        {
            // Connection successful
        }
    }
}
```



5.1.4. SCardControl

The SCardControl function gives you direct control of the reader. You can call it any time after a successful call to SCardConnect and before a successful call to SCardDisconnect. The effect on the state of the reader depends on the control code.

Refer to: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa379474%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>

Note: Commands from

Escape Command use this API for sending.

Example:

```
#define SCARD_SCOPE_USER 0

#define EscapeCommand 0x310000 + 3500*4
SCARDCONTEXT hContext; // Resource manager context
SCARDHANDLE hCard; // Card context handle
unsigned long dwActProtocol; // Established active protocol
int retCode;
char readerName [256]; // Lists reader name
char rName [256]; // Reader name for connection
BYTE SendBuff[262], // APDU command buffer
      RecvBuff[262]; // APDU response buffer
BYTE FWVersion [20], // For storing firmware
      version message
BYTE ResponseData[50]; // For storing card response
DWORD SendLen, // APDU command length
      RecvLen; // APDU response length

void main ()
{
    ...
    rName = "ACS ACR1552 1S CL Reader PICC 0"; // Depends on what
                                                // reader will be used
                                                // Should connect to
                                                // PICC interface

    retCode = SCardConnect(hContext,
                          rName,
                          SCARD_SHARE_DIRECT,
                          SCARD_PROTOCOL_T0| SCARD_PROTOCOL_T1,
                          &hCard,
                          &dwActProtocol);
    if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
    {
        // Connection failed (may be because of incorrect reader
        name, or no card was detected)
    }
    else
    {
        // Connection successful
        RecvLen = 262;
        // Get firmware version
        SendBuff[0] = 0xE0;
        SendBuff[1] = 0x00;
        SendBuff[2] = 0x00;
        SendBuff[3] = 0x18;
        SendBuff[4] = 0x00;
```



```
SendLen = 5;
retCode = SCardControl ( hCard,
                        EscapeCommand,
                        SendBuff,
                        SendLen,
                        RecvBuff,
                        RecvLen,
                        &RecvLen);
if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
{
    // APDU sending failed
    return;
}
else
{
    // APDU sending successful
    // The RecvBuff stores the firmware version message.
    for (int i=0;i< RecvLen-5;i++)
    {
        FWVersion[i] = RecvBuff [5+i];
    }
}
// Connection successful
RecvLen = 262;

// Turn Green LED on, turn Red LED off
SendBuff[0] = 0xE0;
SendBuff[1] = 0x00;
SendBuff[2] = 0x00;
SendBuff[3] = 0x29;
SendBuff[4] = 0x01;
SendBuff[5] = 0x02; // Green LED On, Red LED off
SendLen = 6;
retCode = SCardControl ( hCard,
                        EscapeCommand,
                        SendBuff,
                        SendLen,
                        RecvBuff,
                        RecvLen,
                        &RecvLen);
if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
{
    // APDU sending failed
    return;
}
else
{
    // APDU sending success
}
```



5.1.5. SCardTransmit

The SCardTransmit function sends a service request to the smart card and expects to receive data back from the card.

Refer to: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa379804%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>

Note: APDU Commands (i.e. the commands sent to connected card, PCSC Pseudo APDU (with Proprietary Extension) for PICC, and Proprietary Pseudo APDU for PICC) use this API for sending.

Example:

```
#define SCARD_SCOPE_USER 0

SCARDCONTEXT hContext; // Resource manager context
SCARDHANDLE hCard; // Card context handle
unsigned long dwActProtocol; // Established active protocol
int retCode;
char readerName [256]; // List reader name
char rName [256]; // Reader name for connect
BYTE SendBuff[262], // APDU command buffer
      RecvBuff[262]; // APDU response buffer
BYTE CardID [8], // For storing the FeliCa IDM/
      MIFARE UID
BYTE ResponseData[50]; // For storing card response
DWORD SendLen, // APDU command length
       RecvLen; // APDU response length
SCARD_IO_REQUEST ioRequest;

void main ()
{
    ...
    rName = "ACS ACR1552 1S CL Reader PICC 0"; // Depends on what
                                                 // reader should be used
                                                 // Should connect to PICC
                                                 // interface
    retCode = SCardConnect(hContext,
                          rName,
                          SCARD_SHARE_SHARED,
                          SCARD_PROTOCOL_T1,
                          &hCard,
                          &dwActProtocol);
    if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
    {
        // Connection failed (May be because of incorrect reader
        // name, or no card was detected)
    }
    else
    {
        // Connection successful
        ioRequest.dwProtocol = dwActProtocol;
        ioRequest.cbPciLength = sizeof(SCARD_IO_REQUEST);
        RecvLen = 262;
    }
}
```



```
// Get MIFARE UID/ FeliCa IDM
SendBuff[0] = 0xFF;
SendBuff[1] = 0xCA;
SendBuff[2] = 0x00;
SendBuff[3] = 0x00;
SendBuff[4] = 0x00;
SendLen = 5;
retCode = SCardTransmit( hCard,
                        &ioRequest,
                        SendBuff,
                        SendLen,
                        NULL,
                        RecvBuff,
                        &RecvLen);

if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
{
    // APDU sending failed
    return;
}
else
{
    // APDU sending successful
    // The RecvBuff stores the IDM for FeliCa / the UID for
    // MIFARE.
    // Copy the content for further FeliCa access
    for (int i=0;i< RecvLen-2;i++)
    {
        CardID [i] = RecvBuff[i];
    }
}
```



5.1.6. SCardDisconnect

The **SCardDisconnect** function terminates a connection previously opened between the calling application and a *smart card* in the target *reader*.

Refer to: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa379475%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>

This function is used to end the PCSC Operation.

Example:

```
#define SCARD_SCOPE_USER 0

SCARDCONTEXT      hContext;           // Resource manager context
SCARDHANDLE       hCard;              // Card context handle
unsigned long     dwActProtocol;      // Established active protocol
int               retCode;

void main ()
{
    ...
    // Connection successful
    ...
    retCode = SCardDisconnect(hCard, SCARD_RESET_CARD);
    if (retCode != SCARD_S_SUCCESS)
    {
        // Disconnection failed
    }
    else
    {
        // Disconnection successful
    }
}
```

5.1.7. APDU Flow

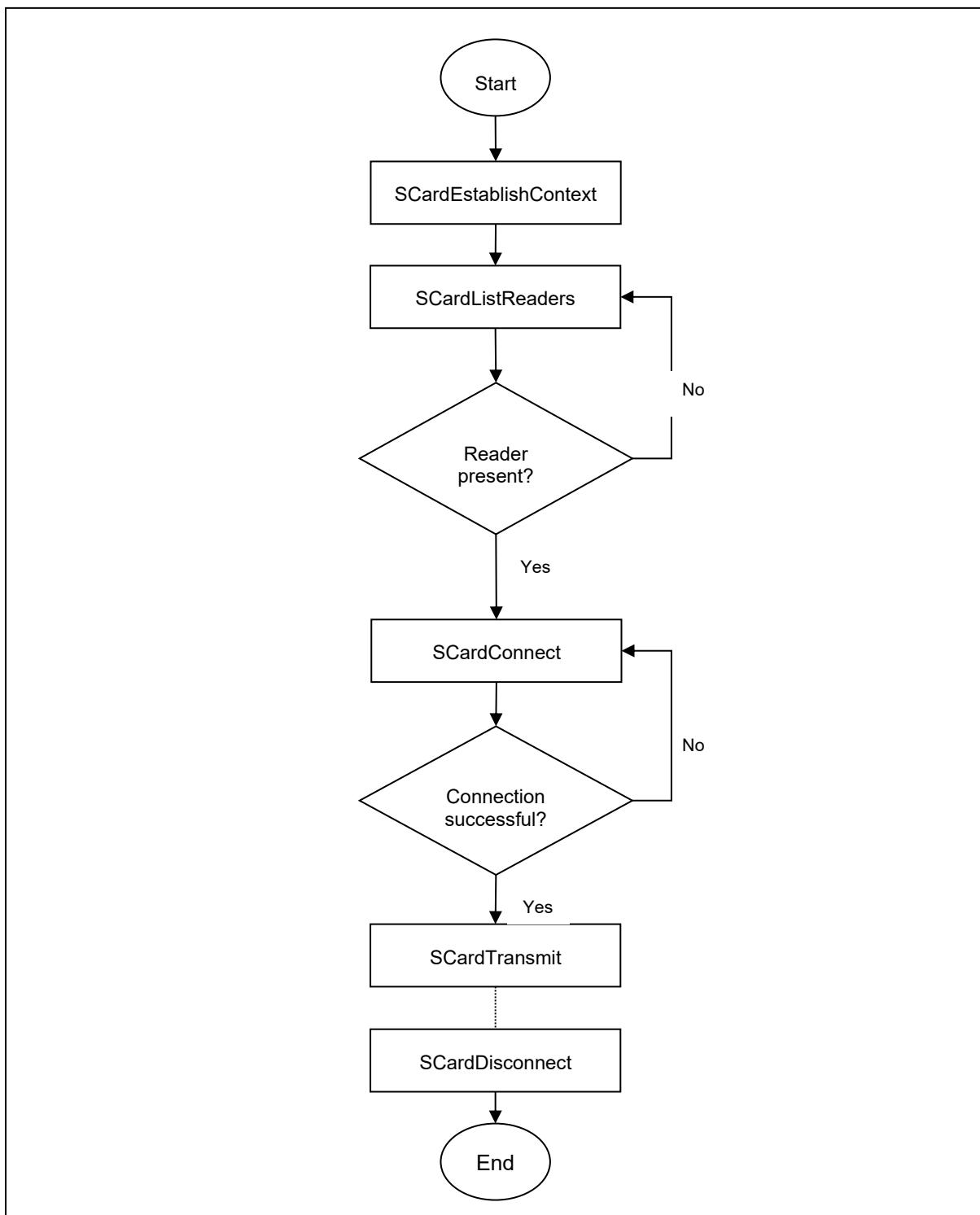


Figure 3: ACR1552U APDU Flow

5.1.8. Escape Command Flow

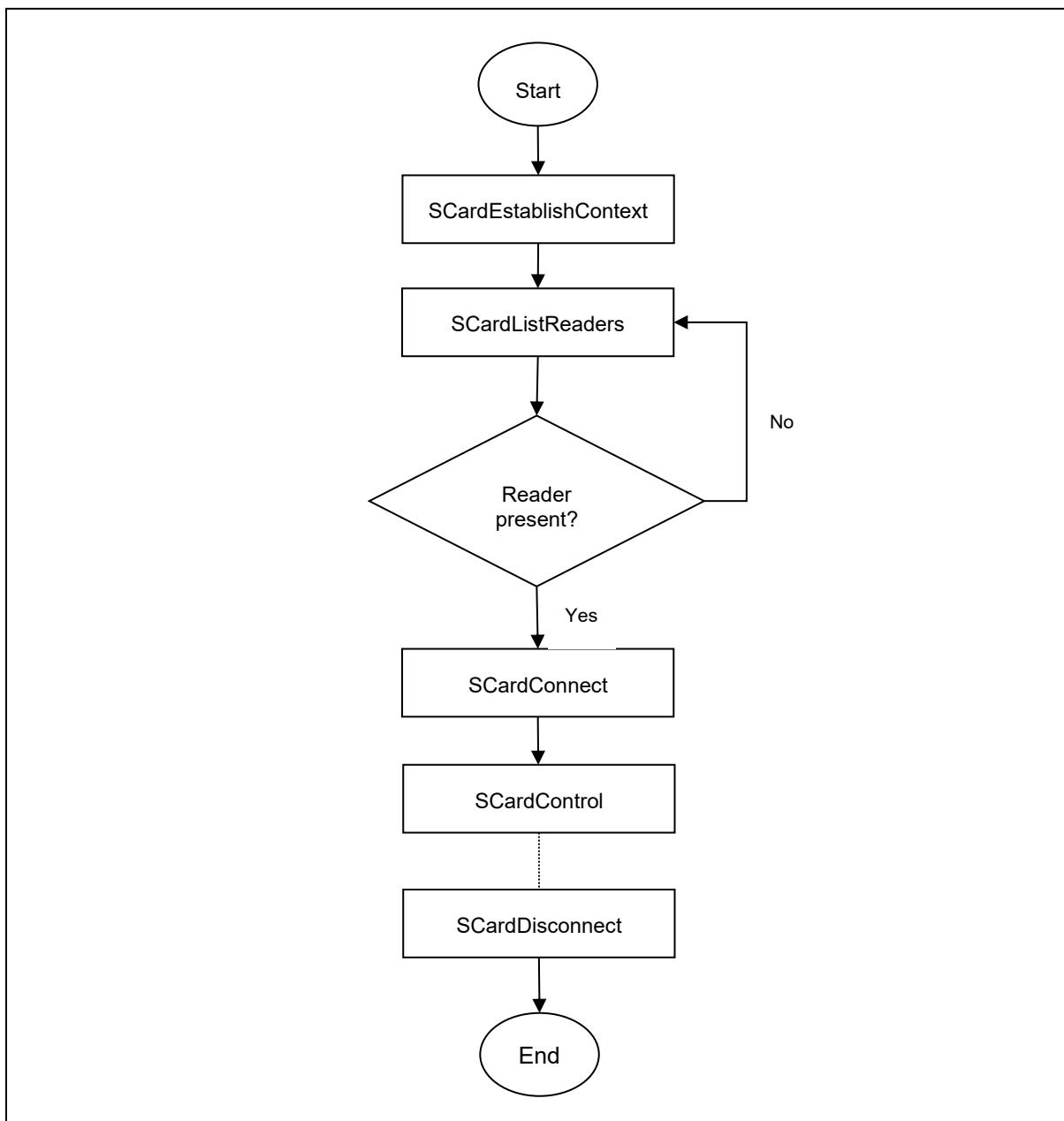


Figure 4: ACR1552U Escape Command Flow



5.2. Contact Smart Card Protocol

5.2.1. ACOS6-SAM Commands

This section contains SAM-specific commands. CCID Host could send Card Native Command or APDU to the Reader by using SCardTransmit() in PCSC API.

Note: Please note that the ACOS6-SAM component is only included in the ACR1552U SDK package bundled with the reader. It is not part of the standard retail version of the reader. For complete information on ACOS6-SAM Commands and Scenarios, please contact an ACS representative for a copy of the ACOS6-SAM Reference Manual.

5.2.1.1. Generate Key

This command is used to generate a diversified key to load into the ACOS3/6 card or other cards from deviation data such as a client card serial number. This command is catered for client card issuance purposes.

| APDU | Description | |
|------|---|----------------------|
| CLA | 80h | |
| INS | 88h | |
| | 00h | Generate 8 Byte Key |
| P1 | 01h | Generate 16 Byte Key |
| | 02h | Generate 24 Byte Key |
| P2 | Key index of Master Key to generate Derived Key | |
| P3 | 08h | |
| Data | Input Data | |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3, must be 08h |
| 6A | 83h | Referenced key record not found in EF2 |
| 69 | 81h | Invalid EF2 (record size, file type, etc.) |
| 6A | 88h | EF2 not found |
| 62 | 83h | Current DF is blocked; EF2 is blocked |
| 69 | 83h | Usage counter is zero. |
| 69 | 82h | Security condition not satisfied |
| 6A | 87h | Referenced Master Key is not capable of 3-DES encryption |
| 61 | 08h | Command completed, issue GET RESPONSE to get the result |



5.2.1.2. Diversify (or load) Key Data

This command prepares the SAM card to perform ciphering operations by diversifying and loading the key. It takes the serial number and CBC initial vector as command data input.

| APDU | | Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|--|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CLA | 80h | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INS | 72h | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 | Description | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Secret Code (Sc) | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Account Key (K_{ACCT}) | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Terminal Key | | | | | | | | |
| P1 | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Card Key | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Bulk Encryption Key (Not diversified) | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Initial vector | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16-byte Key | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 24-byte Key | | | | | | | | |
| Index of Master Key: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P2 | | Bit7: | 1 = local Key in current EF2; 0 = global KEY EF2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Bit6-Bit5: | 00b - RFU | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Bit4-Bit0: | Key Index | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P3 | | If P1 = 1-4, P3 = 8/16,(if algo is AES, P3 = 8/16) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | If P1 = 5, P3 = 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data | | P3 | If P1 = 6, P3 = 8 (Algo of Master Key is DES/ 3DES/ 3KDES) P3 = 16 (Algo of Master Key is AES) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | If P1 = 1-4 Client card's Serial Number, (if algo is AES, Data is Client card's Serial Number or Client card's Serial Number append with "0000000000000000") | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | If P1 = 5, No command data. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | If P1 = 6, DES/3DES/3KDES/AES CBC initial vector. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Wrong P1, P1 must be 1 to 6 |
| 67 | 00h | Wrong P3, P3 must be 8 (or 0) |
| 62 | 83h | Current DF is blocked, or EF2 is blocked |
| 69 | 82h | Security condition not satisfied |
| 6A | 88h | EF2 not found |
| 6A | 83h | Referenced Master Key in EF2 not found |



| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|---|
| 69 | 81h | Invalid EF2 (FDB, MRL, etc., not consistent) |
| 6A | 87h | Referenced KEY not capable of authentication |
| 69 | 83h | Referenced Key is locked |
| 90 | 00h | Target key generated, and ready in SAM memory |

5.2.1.3. Encrypt

This command is used to encrypt data using DES or 3DES with either:

1. The session key created by the mutual authentication procedure with an ACOS3/6, DESFire®, DESFire® EV1 or MIFARE Plus card.
2. A diversified key (secret code).
3. A bulk encryption key.
4. Encrypt the diversified secret code with the session key.
5. Prepare ACOS3 secure messaging command given a non-SM command.

| APDU | Description | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------------------------------|
| CLA | 80h | | | | | | | | |
| INS | 74h | | | | | | | | |
| | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 | Description |
| P1 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | ECB Mode |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | CBC Mode |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | Retail MAC Mode |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | - | MAC Mode |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | Prepare ACOS3 SM command. |
| | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | MIFARE DESFire Encryption |
| | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | MIFARE DESFire EV1 Encryption |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | CMAC |
| | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | MIFARE Plus Command |
| | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | MIFARE Plus Response |
| 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3DES |
| 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | DES |
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3K DES |
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | AES |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | All other values – RFU |



APDU Description

| | |
|---|---|
| P2 is derived key in SAM set using Load Key function: | |
| | 1 – Encrypt Data with Session Key K_s |
| | 2 – Encrypt Data with Diversified Key S_c |
| P2 | 3 – Encrypt Data with Bulk Encryption Key |
| | 0 – return ENC (S_c, K_s) |
| | If P1.b3 = 1 or b5=1, P2 must be 1 |
| | If P2 = 0h, P1 can be either 0 or 1 |
| <hr/> | |
| | P3 < 128 |
| | If bit 3 of P1 not equal to 1 and bit 5 of P1 not equal to 1 |
| P3 | - If P2 = 1-3, multiple of 8 (DES/3DES/3KDES) or 16 (AES) up to 128 bytes |
| | - If P2 = 0, 0 |
| <hr/> | |
| | Plain text |
| | If P2 b6 = 1, The DATA format should be: |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Length of Plain text data• Length of Command and Header of DESFire Card• Command and Header of DESFire Card• Plain text |
| | P1 = A1h, the encryption is for a MIFARE Plus command |
| Data | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• if MFP Command is <i>value</i> operations command, the DATA format should be Command code(1 BYTE)+BlockNum(2/4 BYTE)+Value(4 BYTE).• if MFP Command is <i>Proximity Check</i>, the DATA format should be Command code(1 BYTE)+ PPS1(1 BYTE).• if MFP Command is <i>Read</i>, the DATA format should be Command code(1 BYTE)+ BlockNum(2 BYTE)• if MFP Command is <i>Write</i>, the DATA format should be Command code(1 BYTE)+ BlockNum(2 BYTE) +plaintext |
| | P1=A3h, |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The data return by ICC (don't include SC code and don't include RMAC if RMAC exist) |
| <hr/> | |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3 |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS Target Key is not ready (use Diversify to generate the key) |
| 61 | XX | Encryption is done, use GET RESPONSE to get the result |



5.2.1.4. Decrypt

This command is used to decrypt data using DES or 3DES or AES with either:

1. The session key created by the mutual authentication procedure with an ACOS3/6, MIFARE DESFire, MIFARE DESFire EV1 or MIFARE Plus card.
2. A diversified key (secret code).
3. A bulk encryption key.
4. Decrypt the diversified secret code with the session key.
5. Verify and Decrypt ACOS3 secure-messaging response.

Verify and Decrypt ACOS3 SM Response:

| APDU | Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CLA | 80h | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INS | 76h | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 | Description | | | | | | | |
| P1 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | ECB Mode | | | | | | | |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | CBC Mode | | | | | | | |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | Verify and Decrypt ACOS3 SM Response | | | | | | | |
| | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | MIFARE DESFire Decryption | | | | | | | |
| | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | MIFARE DESFire EV1 Decryption | | | | | | | |
| | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | MIFARE Plus Decryption | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3DES | | | | | | | |
| P2 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | DES | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3K DES | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | AES | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | All other values - RFU | | | | | | | |
| | P2 is derived key in SAM set using Load Key function: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P3 | 1 | – Decrypt Data with Session Key <i>Ks</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | – Decrypt Data with Diversified Key <i>Sc</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | – Decrypt Data with Bulk Encryption Key | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | – return DEC (<i>Sc</i> , <i>Ks</i>) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P3 < 128 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| If P1 = A5h, P3=16/32/48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P3 If bit 3 of P1 not equal to 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - If P2 = 1-3, multiple of 8 (DES/3DES/3KDES) or 16 (AES) up to 128 bytes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - If P2 = 0, 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ciphertext | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| If P1 = A5h, The DATA is Encrypted text | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| If P2 b6 = 1, The DATA format should be: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • Length of Plain text data, if unknown, use 00 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • Length of Command and Header of DESFire Card | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • Command and Header of DESFire Card | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • Encrypted text | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Specific Response Status Bytes



| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3 |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS Target Key is not ready (use Diversify to generate the key) |
| 61 | XX | Decryption is done, use GET RESPONSE to get the result |

5.2.1.5. Prepare Authentication

This command is used to authenticate the SAM card (as the terminal) to the ACOS 3/6 card or MIFARE Ultralight C/MIFARE DESFire Card/MIFARE Plus card.

| APDU | Description |
|------|--|
| CLA | 80h |
| INS | 78h |
| | 00h – 3DES |
| | 01h – DES |
| | 02h – 3KDES (MIFARE DESFire EV1/ACOS3) |
| P1 | 03h – AES (MIFARE DESFire EV1/MIFARE Plus/ACOS3) |
| | 80h – 3DES (MIFARE DESFire Authenticate only) |
| | 81h – DES (MIFARE DESFire Authenticate only) |
| | Other – RFU |
| | 0h – Verify ACOS3/6 Authenticate Return |
| | 01h – MIFARE Ultralight C/DESFire Authenticate by (Diversified) Terminal Key |
| P2 | 05h – MIFARE Ultralight C/DESFire Authenticate by Bulk Encryption Key |
| | 02h – MIFARE Plus Authenticate. First Authenticate of SL1 to SL3 |
| | 03h – MIFARE Plus Authenticate. Authentication in SL1 to SL2. |
| | 04h – MIFARE Plus Authenticate. Following Authenticate of SL2 to SL3. |
| P3 | 8 – (P1 = 00h, 01h, 02h, 80h, 81h) |
| | 16 – (P1 = 03h) |
| Data | Card Challenge Data |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|---|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3, must be 08h |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS Key (KT or KC) is not ready (use Diversify to generate this key) |
| 69 | 82h | Security condition not satisfied |
| 61 | 10h | Command completed, issue GET RESPONSE to get the result |



5.2.1.6. Verify Authentication

This command is used to verify the ACOS 3/6, MIFARE Ultralight C, MIFARE DESFire/MIFARE DESFire EV1 or MIFARE Plus card to the terminal. The Session Key K_s would also be generated internally.

| APDU | Description |
|------|---|
| CLA | 80h |
| INS | 7Ah |
| | 00h – 3DES (P2 = 0) 01h – DES (P2 = 0) |
| P1 | 02h – 3KDES (P2 = 0 · ACOS3) 03h – AES (P2 = 0 · ACOS3) Other – RFU |
| | 00h – Verify ACOS3/6 Authenticate Return |
| P2 | 01h – Verify MIFARE Ultralight C®/ DESFire®/ DESFire® EV1 Authenticate Return 02h – Verify MIFARE Plus Authenticate return |
| | 08h – (P2 = 0, P2 = 1 and Session Key is DES/3DES) 16h – (P2 = 1 and Session Key is 3KDES/AES) 16h – (P2=02, and MIFARE Plus return data $ek(RndA')$) 32h – (P2=02, and MIFARE Plus return data $ek(TI+PICCcap2+PCDcap2)$) |
| | ACOS 3/6: DES (K_s , RND_T) |
| Data | MIFARE DESFire/ DESFire EV1 return data: $ek(RndA')$ MIFARE Plus return data $ek(RndA')$ or $ek(TI+PICCcap2+PCDcap2)$ |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3, must be 08h |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS-SAM Session Key or RND_T are not ready. Use PREPARE AUTHENTICATION to build these keys. |
| 69 | 82h | Data is incorrect |
| 90 | 00h | Data is correct, ACOS Mutual Authentication is successful |



5.2.1.7. Verify ACOS Inquire Account

This command is used to verify the ACOS3/6 card's Inquire Account purse command. It would verify that the MAC checksum returned by ACOS3/6 are correct with the SAM's diversified key.

| APDU Description | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|
| CLA | 80h | | | | | | | | | |
| INS | 7Ch | | | | | | | | | |
| | | b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 Description | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | ACOS INQ_AUT is disabled |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | - | ACOS INQ_AUT is enabled |
| | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | ACOS INQ_ACC_MAC is disabled |
| P1 | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - | ACOS INQ_ACC_MAC is enabled |
| | | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3DES |
| | | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | DES |
| | | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3K DES (ACOS3 only) |
| | | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | AES (ACOS3 only) |
| P2 | 0h | | | | | | | | | |
| P3 | 1Dh | | | | | | | | | |
| Data | Data Block returned by INQUIRE ACCOUNT of client ACOS card, see below. | | | | | | | | | |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3 |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS Key K_S or K_{ACCT} are not ready; use DIVERSIFY command to generate K_{ACCT} ; if applicable, use "Prepare Authentication" to generate K_S . |
| 6F | 00h | Data Block's MAC is incorrect |
| 90 | 00h | Data Block's MAC is correct |



5.2.1.8. Prepare ACOS Account Transaction

To create an ACOS3/6 Credit/Debit command, the MAC must be computed for ACOS3/6 to verify.

| APDU | Description | | | | | | | | |
|------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------------|
| CLA | 80h | | | | | | | | |
| INS | 7Eh | | | | | | | | |
| | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 | Description |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | ACOS TRNS_AUT is disabled |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | ACOS TRNS_AUT is enabled |
| P1 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3DES |
| | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | DES |
| | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3K DES (ACOS3 only) |
| | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | AES (ACOS3 only) |
| P2 | E2h: Credit E6h: Debit | | | | | | | | |
| P3 | 0Dh | | | | | | | | |
| Data | Data Block | | | | | | | | |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|---|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3, must be 0Dh |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS Key Ks or K _{ACCT} are not ready; use DIVERSIFY command to generate K _{ACCT} ; if applicable, use "Prepare Authentication" to generate Ks. |
| 61 | 0Bh | Command completed, issue GET RESPONSE to get the result |

5.2.1.9. Verify Debit Certificate

For ACOS3/6, if the DEBIT command has P1 = 1, a debit certificate is returned. The debit certificate can be checked by comparing the ACOS3 response to the result of this command.

| APDU | Description | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------------|
| CLA | 80h | | | | | | | | |
| INS | 70h | | | | | | | | |
| | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 | Description |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | ACOS TRNS_AUT is disabled |
| P1 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | ACOS TRNS_AUT is enabled |
| | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3DES |
| | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | DES |
| | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3K DES (ACOS3 only) |



| APDU | Description |
|------|------------------------------|
| 1 | - - - - - 1 AES (ACOS3 only) |
| P2 | 0h |
| P3 | 14h |
| Data | Data Block |

Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|---|
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3, must be 14h |
| 6A | 83h | ACOS Key Ks or K _{ACCT} are not ready; use DIVERSIFY command to generate K _{ACCT} ; if applicable, use PREPARE AUTHENTICATION to generate Ks. |
| 69 | 82h | Security condition not satisfied |
| 6F | 00h | DEBIT CERTIFICATE is invalid |
| 90 | 00h | Success, DEBIT CERTIFICATE is valid |

5.2.1.10. Get Key

This command allows secure key injection from the current SAM's Key File (SFI=02h) into another ACOS6/ACOS6-SAM with or without key diversification. Using this ensures that the keys to be injected are protected by encryption and message authentication codes.

The Get Key command also allows secure key injection from the current SAM's Key File (SFI=02h) into ACOS7/10, MIFARE DESFire, MIFARE DESFire EV1 or MIFARE Plus card with key diversification. Using this ensures that the key to be injected is protected by encryption and message authentication codes.

If bit 7 of the Special Function Flag (Key Injection Only Flag) of the **Card Header Block** (Section 3.2 of ACOS6-SAM Reference Manual) has been set and the key file has been activated, Get Key must be used for loading or changing keys in the card. Setting this bit will disable Read Record command for the key file under any circumstances after activation.

Before this command is to be executed, a session key is already established with the target card with the mutual authentication procedure of **Mutual Authentication** (Section 5.3 of ACOS6-SAM Reference Manual) or the MIFARE Plus/MIFARE DESFire mutual authentication procedure.

Note: The GET KEY command can only get the Key data.

| APDU | Description |
|------|-------------------------------|
| CLA | 80h |
| INS | CAh |
| P1 | Get Key for ACOS card Set Key |



| APDU | Description | | |
|------|---|--|------------|
| 00h | Response data is Key in MSAM | | |
| 01h | Response data is 16-byte Diversify Key | | |
| 02h | Response data is 24-byte Diversify Key | | |
| 03h | Response data is the Change Key command of MIFARE Plus Card | | |
| | Get Key for DESFire card Change Key, Response data for DESFire/DESFire EV1 Change Key | | |
| | Card Type | Authenticate Key No. And Changing Key No.* | Key Length |
| 80h | MIFARE DESFire | Are DIFFERENT in MIFARE DESFire card | 16 bytes |
| 81h | MIFARE DESFire EV1 | Are DIFFERENT in MIFARE DESFire EV1 card | 16 bytes |
| 82h | MIFARE DESFire EV1 | Are DIFFERENT in MIFARE DESFire EV1 card | 24 bytes |
| 88h | MIFARE DESFire | Are the SAME in MIFARE DESFire card | 16 bytes |
| 89h | MIFARE DESFire EV1 | Are the SAME in MIFARE DESFire EV1 card | 16 bytes |
| 8Ah | MIFARE DESFire EV1 | Are the SAME in MIFARE DESFire EV1 card | 24 bytes |
| P2 | Key ID in SAM (New key for change) | | |
| P3 | If P1 = 00h, P3 is 08h If P1 = 01/02h, P3 is 10h If P1 = 03h, P3 is 0Bh If P1 = 80/81/82/88/89/8Ah: P3 is 0Bh | | |
| Data | If P1 = 00h, command data is RND _{Target} If P1 = 01/02h, command data is RND _{Target} + serial (or batch) number of target card If P1 = 03h <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Serial Number for target card (8 Byte) - Write Command (A0 or A1) (1 Byte) - BNr (2 Byte) If P1 = 80/81/82/88/89/8Ah: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Serial Number for target card (8 Byte) - Original Key ID (Key in SAM card stored the Original key, 00 = Default Key of DESFire - Card) - Key No. (DESFire Card Key No.) - Key Version (DESFire Card Key Version, If not used, value = 00) | | |

* This column points out if the listed cards have a distinct Change Key and Authenticate Key, or if they use the same value for both keys.



Specific Response Status Bytes

| SW1 | SW2 | Description |
|-----|-----|--|
| 69 | 85h | SAM Session Key not ready |
| 62 | 83h | Current DF is blocked, or Target EF is blocked |
| 69 | 86h | No DF selected |
| 69 | 81h | Wrong file type of Key file, it should be Internal Linear Variable File |
| 69 | 82h | Target file's header block has wrong checksum, or security condition not satisfied |
| 6A | 86h | Invalid P1 or P2 |
| 67 | 00h | Incorrect P3 |
| 6A | 83h | Target Key is not ready or Key Length less than 16 |
| 61 | 1Ch | Success, use GET RESPONSE to get the result |

5.3. Contactless Smart Card Protocol

5.3.1. ATR Generation

If the reader detects a PICC, an ATR will be sent to the PCSC driver for identifying the PICC.

5.3.1.1. ATR Format for ISO14443 Part 3 PICCs

| Byte | Value | Designation | Description |
|------------|--------------------|----------------|---|
| 0 | 3Bh | Initial Header | |
| 1 | 8Nh | T0 | Higher nibble 8 means: no TA1, TB1, TC1 only TD1 is following. Lower nibble N is the number of historical bytes (HistByte 0 to HistByte N-1) |
| 2 | 80h | TD1 | Higher nibble 8 means: no TA2, TB2, TC2 only TD2 is following. Lower nibble 0 means T = 0 |
| 3 | 01h | TD2 | Higher nibble 0 means no TA3, TB3, TC3, TD3 following. Lower nibble 1 means T = 1 |
| 4 ~ 3+N | 80h | T1 | Category indicator byte, 80 means A status indicator may be present in an optional COMPACT-TLV data object |
| | 4Fh | Tk | Application identifier Presence Indicator |
| | 0Ch | | Length |
| | RID | | Registered Application Provider Identifier (RID) # A0 00 00 03 06 |
| | SS | | Byte for standard |
| | C0 .. C1h | | Bytes for card name |
| | 00 00 00 00 00h | RFU | RFU # 00 00 00 00 |
| 4+N | UU | TCK | Exclusive-oring of all the bytes T0 to Tk |

Example:

ATR for MIFARE Classic 1K = {3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 01 00 00 00 00 6Ah}

Where:

Length (YY)

= 0Ch

RID

= {A0 00 00 03 06h} (PC/SC Workgroup)

Standard (SS)

= 03h (ISO 14443A, Part 3)



Card Name (C0 .. C1) = {00 01h} (MIFARE Classic 1K)
Standard (SS) = 03h: ISO 14443A, Part 3
= 11h: FeliCa

Card Name (C0 .. C1):

| | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 00 01: MIFARE Classic 1K | 00 38: MIFARE Plus® SL2 2K |
| 00 02: MIFARE Classic 4K | 00 39: MIFARE Plus® SL2 4K |
| 00 03: MIFARE Ultralight® | 00 30: Topaz and Jewel |
| 00 26: MIFARE Mini® | 00 3B: FeliCa |
| 00 3A: MIFARE Ultralight® C | FF 28: JCOP 30 |
| 00 36: MIFARE Plus® SL1 2K | FF [SAK]: undefined tags |
| 00 37: MIFARE Plus® SL1 4K | |

5.3.1.2. ATR Format for ISO14443 Part 4 PICCs

| Byte | Value | Designation | Description | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|----------|----------|--------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0 | 3Bh | Initial Header | | | | | | |
| 1 | 8Nh | T0 | Higher nibble 8 means: no TA1, TB1, TC1 only TD1 is following. Lower nibble N is the number of historical bytes (HistByte 0 to HistByte N-1) | | | | | |
| 2 | 80h | TD1 | Higher nibble 8 means: no TA2, TB2, TC2 only TD2 is following. Lower nibble 0 means T = 0 | | | | | |
| 3 | 01h | TD2 | Higher nibble 0 means no TA3, TB3, TC3, TD3 following. Lower nibble 1 means T = 1 | | | | | |
| 4 ~ 3+N | XX | T1 | Historical Bytes: ISO 14443-A: The historical bytes from ATS response. Refer to the ISO 14443-4 specification. | | | | | |
| | XX | Tk | ISO 14443-B: <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Byte 1~4</th> <th>Byte 5~7</th> <th>Byte 8</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Application Data from ATQB</td> <td>Protocol Info Byte from ATQB</td> <td>Higher nibble=MBLI from ATTRIB command Lower nibble (RFU)=0</td> </tr> </table> | Byte 1~4 | Byte 5~7 | Byte 8 | Application Data from ATQB | Protocol Info Byte from ATQB |
| Byte 1~4 | Byte 5~7 | Byte 8 | | | | | | |
| Application Data from ATQB | Protocol Info Byte from ATQB | Higher nibble=MBLI from ATTRIB command Lower nibble (RFU)=0 | | | | | | |
| 4+N | UU | TCK | Exclusive-oring of all the bytes T0 to Tk | | | | | |

Example 1:

ATR for MIFARE® DESFire® = {3B 81 80 01 80 80h} // 6 bytes of ATR

Note: Use the APDU "FF CA 01 00 00h" to distinguish the ISO 14443A-4 and ISO 14443B-4 PICCs, and retrieve the full ATS if available. ISO 14443A-3 or ISO 14443B-3/4 PICCs do have ATS returned.

APDU Command = FF CA 01 00 00h
APDU Response = 06 75 77 81 02 80 90 00h
ATS = {06 75 77 81 02 80h}

Example 2:

ATR for EZ-Link = {3B 88 80 01 1C 2D 94 11 F7 71 85 00 BEh}
Application Data of ATQB = 1C 2D 94 11h
Protocol Information of ATQB = F7 71 85h
MBLI of ATTRIB = 00h



5.3.2. APDU, Pseudo APDU and Card Native Command

CCID Host could send Card Native Command or APDU to the Reader by using SCardTransmit() in PCSC API. For PICC, if the card support ISO14443 part 4 protocol or Innovatron protocol, the Reader will pack the Command/APDU into the protocol frame and send to the card directly without any interpretation of the Command/APDU. If the card do not support neither protocol, a message "6A 81" will return to CCID Host.

Note: Due to Microsoft Window Smart Card Plug and Play, Microsoft Window may send some APDU to a card at the time of card present. This action will make a DESFire card entering ISO APDU mode such that the card become fail to receive a native command until a card reset. Usually Microsoft Window will reset the card (by PC_to_RDR_IccPowerOff) after 10s of inactive.

5.3.3. PCSC Pseudo APDU (with Proprietary Extension) for PICC

The following Pseudo APDUs are provided to access a contactless card indirectly. CCID Host could send these APDUs to Reader by using SCardTransmit() in PCSC API. After receiving of a Pseudo APDU, it will be interpreted to generate low level card command(s) and then send to card. After the card handling those low level command(s), Reader collect the response(s) from the card and create a response to send back to CCID Host.

5.3.3.1. Get Data [FF CA ...]

This command is used to read out the data obtained during activation process, such as serial number, protocol parameter etc.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|----------|-------|-----|-----------|----|----------------------|
| Get Data | FFh | CAh | See below | | 00h (Full Length) |

Command Parameter

| P1 | P2 | Meaning |
|-----|-----|---|
| 00h | 00h | Get the UID/PUPI/SN of the Card |
| 01h | 00h | Get the ATS for Type A Part 4 |
| 02h | 00h | Get the following Card Type related data in transmission order: Type A: 2 bytes ATQA/ATVA + 4/7/10 Bytes UID + 1 bytes Last SAK. Type B: 12 bytes ATQB |
| 80h | 00h | Get the following Card Type related data in transmission order: Type A: 2 bytes ATQA/ATVA + 4/7/10 Bytes UID + 1/2/3 bytes SAK. Type B: 12 bytes ATQB FeliCa: 17 byte ATQ (+ 6 byte ATTR if activated) SRI: 8 byte UID + 1 byte Chip ID. ISO15693: 1 byte DSFID + 8 byte UID |



| P1 | P2 | Meaning |
|----|----|---|
| | | CTS: 4 byte SN + 2 byte ATQT Innovatron: 4 byte SN + 1 byte tag address. |

Response

| Response | Data Out | | |
|----------|----------|-----|-----|
| Result | Data | SW1 | SW2 |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 | SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|-----|-----|---|
| Success | 90 | 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X | XXh | Fail. |

Examples:

To get the serial number of the “connected PICC”:

UINT8 GET_UID[5] = {FF, CA, 00, 00, 00};

To get the ATS of the “connected ISO 14443 A PICC”:

UINT8 GET_ATS[5] = {FF, CA, 01, 00, 00};

5.3.3.2. Load Key [FF 82 ...]

This command is used to set the Key Data to the internal key buffer specified by Key Buffer Number. The key buffer is volatile and its content would be used during authentication. This command will not generate card data transfer.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|--------------------------|-------|-----|-----|----------------------------|------------|----------|
| Load Authentication Keys | FFh | 82h | 00h | Key Buffer Number (0 to 1) | Key Length | Key Data |

Key Length/Data

| Card Type | Key Length (Lc) | Key Data (in Transmission/Storing Order) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| MIFARE Standard MIFARE Plus SL1 | 06h | 6 Bytes Crypto1 Key A/B. |
| MIFARE Plus SL1 MIFARE Plus SL2 | 16h | 6 Bytes Crypto1 Key A/B + 16 Bytes AES Key. |
| MIFARE Plus SL2 | 06h | 6 Bytes Encrypted Crypto1 Key A/B. |
| MIFARE UltraLightC MIFARE DESFire | 10h | 16 Bytes 2K3DES Key. |



Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |

Example:

// Load a key {FF FF FF FF FF FFh} into the volatile memory location 00h.

APDU = {FF 82 00 00 06 FF FF FF FF FF FFh}

5.3.3.3. Authenticate [FF 86 00 00 05 ...]

This command is used to performing an authentication to the card to grand access of the protected blocks/pages. Before sending this command, User should use Load Key command to set the correct key data to the buffer specified by Key Buffer Number.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|--------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Authenticate | FFh | 86h | 00h | 00h | 05h | See Below |

Command Data

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 |
|--------|-----------|---------|----------|-------------------|
| 01h | 00h (RFU) | Address | Key Type | Key Buffer Number |

Address and Key Type

| Card Type | Address | Key Type |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| MIFARE Standard | | 60h: Crypto1 Key A |
| MIFARE Plus SL1 | 00h~FFh: Block 0~255 | 61h: Crypto1 Key B |
| MIFARE Plus SL2 | | |
| MIFARE UltraLightC | 00h (RFU) | 80h: 2K3DES |
| MIFARE DESFire | 00h~0Eh: DESFire Key Number 0~14 | 0Ah: 2K3DES |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |



| Sectors (Total 16 sectors. Each sector consists of 4 consecutive blocks) | Data Blocks (3 blocks, 16 bytes per block) | Trailer Block (1 block, 16 bytes) | 1 KB |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|------|
| Sector 0 | 00h – 02h | 03h | |
| Sector 1 | 04h – 06h | 07h | |
| .. | .. | .. | |
| .. | .. | .. | |
| Sector 14 | 38h – 0Ah | 3Bh | |
| Sector 15 | 3Ch – 3Eh | 3Fh | |
| | | | |
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Table 4: MIFARE Classic 1K Memory Map

| Sectors (Total 32 sectors. Each sector consists of 4 consecutive blocks) | Data Blocks (3 blocks, 16 bytes per block) | Trailer Block (1 block, 16 bytes) | 2 KB |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|------|
| Sector 0 | 00h ~ 02h | 03h | |
| Sector 1 | 04h ~ 06h | 07h | |
| .. | | | |
| .. | | | |
| Sector 30 | 78h ~ 7Ah | 7Bh | |
| Sector 31 | 7Ch ~ 7Eh | 7Fh | |
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| Sectors (Total 8 sectors. Each sector consists of 16 consecutive blocks) | Data Blocks (15 blocks, 16 bytes per block) | Trailer Block (1 block, 16 bytes) | 2 KB |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|------|
| Sector 32 | 80h ~ 8Eh | 8Fh | |
| Sector 33 | 90h ~ 9Eh | 9Fh | |
| .. | | | |
| .. | | | |
| Sector 38 | E0h ~ EEh | EFh | |
| Sector 39 | F0h ~ FEh | FFh | |
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Table 5: MIFARE Classic 4K Memory Map



| Byte Number | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Page |
|-----------------|--------|----------|--------|--------|------|
| Serial Number | SN0 | SN1 | SN2 | BCC0 | 0 |
| Serial Number | SN3 | SN4 | SN5 | SN6 | 1 |
| Internal/Lock | BCC1 | Internal | Lock0 | Lock1 | 2 |
| OTP | OPT0 | OPT1 | OTP2 | OTP3 | 3 |
| Data read/write | Data0 | Data1 | Data2 | Data3 | 4 |
| Data read/write | Data4 | Data5 | Data6 | Data7 | 5 |
| Data read/write | Data8 | Data9 | Data10 | Data11 | 6 |
| Data read/write | Data12 | Data13 | Data14 | Data15 | 7 |
| Data read/write | Data16 | Data17 | Data18 | Data19 | 8 |
| Data read/write | Data20 | Data21 | Data22 | Data23 | 9 |
| Data read/write | Data24 | Data25 | Data26 | Data27 | 10 |
| Data read/write | Data28 | Data29 | Data30 | Data31 | 11 |
| Data read/write | Data32 | Data33 | Data34 | Data35 | 12 |
| Data read/write | Data36 | Data37 | Data38 | Data39 | 13 |
| Data read/write | Data40 | Data41 | Data42 | Data43 | 14 |
| Data read/write | Data44 | Data45 | Data46 | Data47 | 15 |

512 bits
or
64 bytes

Table 6: MIFARE Ultralight Memory Map

Examples:

// To authenticate the Block **04h** with a **TYPE A**, key number **00hAPDU = {FF 88 00 04 **60** **00h**};**

// To authenticate the Block **04h** with a **TYPE A**, key number **00hAPDU = {FF 86 00 00 05 01 00 **04** **60** **00h**}**

Note: MIFARE Ultralight does not need to do any authentication. The memory is free to access.



5.3.3.4. Read Binary Blocks [FF B0 ...]

This command is used to read specified number of byte of data from PICC starting from the specified block/page address. Depend on card type, user may need to perform authentication to get the access right of the required block(s)/page(s) before sending this command.

Command:

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|--------------------|-------|-----|------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Read Binary Blocks | FFh | B0h | Mode and Address | | Number of Bytes to Read |

P1/P2 (Mode and Address)

| Card Type | P1[7:4] Mode | P1[3:0] + P2[7:0] Starting Address (MSB First) |
|---|--|---|
| MIFARE Standard MIFARE Plus SL1 MIFARE Plus SL2 | 0h: Skip Trailers 8h: With Trailers | 000h~0FFh: Block 0~255 |
| MIFARE Ultralight MIFARE UltraLightC | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~02Fh: Page 0~47 |
| SRIX4K/SRT512 | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~07Fh: Block 0~127 0FFh: System Area |
| PicoPass | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~0FFh: Block 0~255 |
| ISO15693 | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~7FFh: Block 0~2047 |
| Topaz/NFC Type-1 Tag | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~7FFh: Byte Address |
| CTS | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~01Fh: Block 0~31 |

Le (Number of Bytes to Read)

| Type | Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 |
|----------|--|--|--------|
| Short | 00h: Read 256 bytes 01h~FFh: Read 1~255 bytes | -- | |
| Extended | 00h | 0000h: Read 65536 bytes 0001h~FFFFh: Read 1~65535 bytes | |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |



Examples:

// Read 16 bytes from the binary block 04h (MIFARE Classic 1K or 4K)

APDU = FF B0 00 04 10h

// Read 240 bytes starting from the binary block 80h (MIFARE Classic 4K)

// Block 80h to Block 8Eh (15 blocks)

APDU = FF B0 00 80 F0h

5.3.3.5. Update Binary Blocks [FF D6 ...]

This command is used to write specified number (must be multiple of block/page size) of bytes to PICC starting from the specified block/page address. Depend on card type, user may need to perform authentication to get the access right of the required block(s)/page(s) before sending this command.

User should take a great care for writing to block/page that may change the security setting of the card (e.g. sector trailers of MIFARE card) as this may lock the card if incorrect data is written or operation is failed. As a result, to minimize the risk of card locking, it is not recommended to write to multiple block/page in a single APDU command if security block/page is involved.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|----------------------|-------|-----|------------------|----|--------------------------|------------|
| Update Binary Blocks | FFh | D6h | Mode and Address | | Number of Bytes to Write | Data Bytes |

P1/P2 (Mode and Address) and Write Size alignment (Block/Page Size)

| Card Type | P1[7:4] Mode | P1[3:0] + P2[7:0] Starting Address (MSB First) | Blk/Page Size (Bytes) |
|---|--|---|------------------------|
| MIFARE Standard MIFARE Plus SL1 MIFARE Plus SL2 | 0h: Skip Trailers 8h: With Trailers | 000h~0FFh: Block 0~255 | 16 |
| MIFARE Ultralight MIFARE UltraLightC | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~02Fh: Page 0~47 | 4 |
| SRIX4K/SRT512 | 0h (Reserved) | SRIX4K/SRT512 | 4 |
| PicoPass | 0h (Reserved) | PicoPass | 8 |
| ISO15693 | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~7FFh: Block 0~2047 | ISO15693 |
| Topaz/NFC Type-1 Tag | 0h: with Erase 8h: without Erase | 000h~7FFh: Byte Address | 1(Addr 78h) or 8(Else) |
| CTS | 0h (Reserved) | 000h~01Fh: Block 0~31 | CTS |



Lc (Number of Bytes to Write)

| Type | Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 |
|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Short | 01h~FFh: Write 1~255 bytes | -- | |
| Extended | 00h | 0001h~FFFFh: Write 1~65535 bytes | |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |

Examples:

```
// Update the binary block 04h of MIFARE Classic 1K/4K with Data {00 01 .. 0Fh}  
APDU = {FF D6 00 04 10 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0Fh}  
// Update the binary block 04h of MIFARE Ultralight with Data {00 01 02 03h}  
APDU = {FF D6 00 04 04 00 01 02 03h}
```



5.3.4. Pass Though Command

5.3.4.1. Accessing ISO14443-3 Tags

This section shows use pass though command format to send the commands for ISO14443-3, the firmware requirements are illustrated as follow:

- ACR1552U-M FW 1.05.00 or above
- ACR1552U-A FW 5.01.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Y FW 2.05.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Z FW 2.05.00 or above

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|--------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---------|
| ISO14443-3 Command | FFh | 00h | 00h | 00h | Data Length | Data |

Response

| Response | | Data Out | | |
|----------|--|----------|-----|-----|
| Result | | Data | SW1 | SW2 |
| | | | | |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |

5.3.4.1.1. Transfer ISO14443-3 Native Command to Pass Though Command

This section introduce how to transfer ISO14443 native command into pass though format.

Example:

Mifare Ultralight AES Get Version

60

Pass Though Format

FF 00 00 00 01 60



5.3.4.2. Accessing ISO15693 Tags

This section shows use pass though command format to send the commands for ISO15693, the firmware requirements are illustrated as follow:

- ACR1552U-M FW 1.03.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Y FW 2.03.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Z FW 2.03.00 or above

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | | Le |
|------------------|-------|-----|-----|-------|---------------|--------------|------|--------|
| ISO15693 Command | FFh | FBh | 00h | Flags | Data Length+1 | Command Code | Data | --/00h |

Where:

Flags: 00h(Default): set flags to 22h but data does not need to include the UID

Notice: Cannot be use in Custom or Proprietary commands

Others: use the value as flags value

Response

| Response | | Data Out | | |
|----------|--|----------|-----|-----|
| Result | | Data | SW1 | SW2 |
| | | | | |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 | SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|-----|-----|---|
| Success | 90 | 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X | XXh | Fail. |

5.3.4.2.1. Transfer ISO15693 Command to Pass Though Command

This section introduce how to transfer ISO15693 command into pass though format. Notice that the pass though command only support those commands which run in 26kbps speed. For those commands which support 53kbps please refer to [APDU Commands for PCSC 2.0 Part 3 \(Version 2.02 or above\)](#).

Example 1:

Stay Quiet (Mandatory Command)

22 02 XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX

Where:

22 Flags

02 Stay quiet command code

XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 8 bytes UID

Pass Though Format

FF FB 00 22 09 02 XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX



Or

FF FB 00 00 01 02

Example 2:

Read Multiple Blocks (Optional Command)

02 23 00 01

Where:

02 Flags

23 Read multiple blocks command code

00 First block number

01 Read 2 blocks

Pass Though Format

FF FB 00 02 03 23 00 01

Example 3:

Get Random Number (Custom Command for NXP SLIX2)

12 B2 04

Where:

12 Flags

B2 Get random number command code

04 NXP manufacturer code

Pass Though Format

FF FB 00 12 02 B2 04

5.3.4.2.2. Supported Commands list

The following table illustrates all the commands in ISO15693-3, for those commands which mark as N/A, it means the command has not been test yet, please contact info@acs.com.hk if you have any question about these commands. Please notice that ISO15693 card usually does not support all the optional commands, please refer to the datasheet to confirm if the card support the command.

| Command Code | Type | Function | Support |
|--------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------|
| 01h | Mandatory | Inventory | Yes |
| 02h | Mandatory | Stay Quiet | Yes |
| 20h | Optional | Read Single Block | Yes |
| 21h | Optional | Write Single Block | Yes |
| 22h | Optional | Lock Block | Yes |
| 23h | Optional | Read Multiple Blocks | Yes |
| 24h | Optional | Write Multiple Blocks | Yes |
| 25h | Optional | Select | Yes |
| 26h | Optional | Reset to Ready | Yes |
| 27h | Optional | Write AFI | Yes |
| 28h | Optional | Lock AFI | Yes |



| Command Code | Type | Function | Support |
|--------------|-------------|---|---------|
| 29h | Optional | Write DSFID | Yes |
| 2Ah | Optional | Lock DSFID | Yes |
| 2Bh | Optional | Get System Information | Yes |
| 2Ch | Optional | Get Multiple Block Security Status | Yes |
| 2Dh | Optional | Fast Read Multiple Blocks | No |
| 30h | Optional | Extended Read Single Block | Yes |
| 31h | Optional | Extended Write Single Block | Yes |
| 32h | Optional | Extended Lock Block | Yes |
| 33h | Optional | Extended Read Multiple Blocks | Yes |
| 34h | Optional | Extended Write Multiple Blocks | Yes |
| 35h | Optional | Authenticate | Yes |
| 36h | Optional | KeyUpdate | N/A |
| 37h | Optional | AuthComm Crypto Format Indicator | N/A |
| 38h | Optional | SecureComm Crypto Format Indicator | N/A |
| 39h | Optional | Challenge | N/A |
| 3Ah | Optional | ReadBuffer | N/A |
| 3Bh | Optional | Extended Get System Information | Yes |
| 3Ch | Optional | Extended Get Multiple Block Security Status | Yes |
| 3Dh | Optional | Fast Extended Read Multiple Blocks | No |
| A0-DFh | Custom | IC Mfg Dependent | N/A |
| E0-FFh | Proprietary | IC Mfg Dependent | N/A |

5.3.4.3. Accessing FeliCa tags

For FeliCa access, the command is different from the one used in PCSC-compliant and MIFARE tags. The command follows the FeliCa specification with an added header.

FeliCa Command Format

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|---|
| FeliCa Command | FFh | 00h | 00h | 00h | Length of the Data In | FeliCa Command (start with Length Byte) |

FeliCa Response Format (Data + 2 bytes)

| Response | Data Out |
|----------|---------------|
| Result | Response Data |

Read Memory Block Example:

1. Connect the FeliCa.

The ATR = 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 11 00 3B 00 00 00 00 42h

In which, 11 00 3Bh = FeliCa

2. Read FeliCa IDM.



CMD = FF CA 00 00 00h

RES = [IDM (8bytes)] 90 00h

e.g., FeliCa IDM = 01 01 06 01 CB 09 57 03h

3. FeliCa command access.

Example: "Read" Memory Block.

CMD = FF 00 00 00 10 10 06 01 01 06 01 CB 09 57 03 01 09 01 01 80 00h

where:

Felica Command = 10 06 01 01 06 01 CB 09 57 03 01 09 01 01 80 00h

IDM = 01 01 06 01 CB 09 57 03h

RES = Memory Block Data

5.3.5. APDU Commands for PCSC 2.0 Part 3 (Version 2.02 or above)

PCSC2.0 Part 3 commands are used to transparently pass data from an application to a contactless tag, return the received data transparently to the application and protocol, and switch the protocol simultaneously.

5.3.5.1. PCSC 2.0 Part 3 Flow

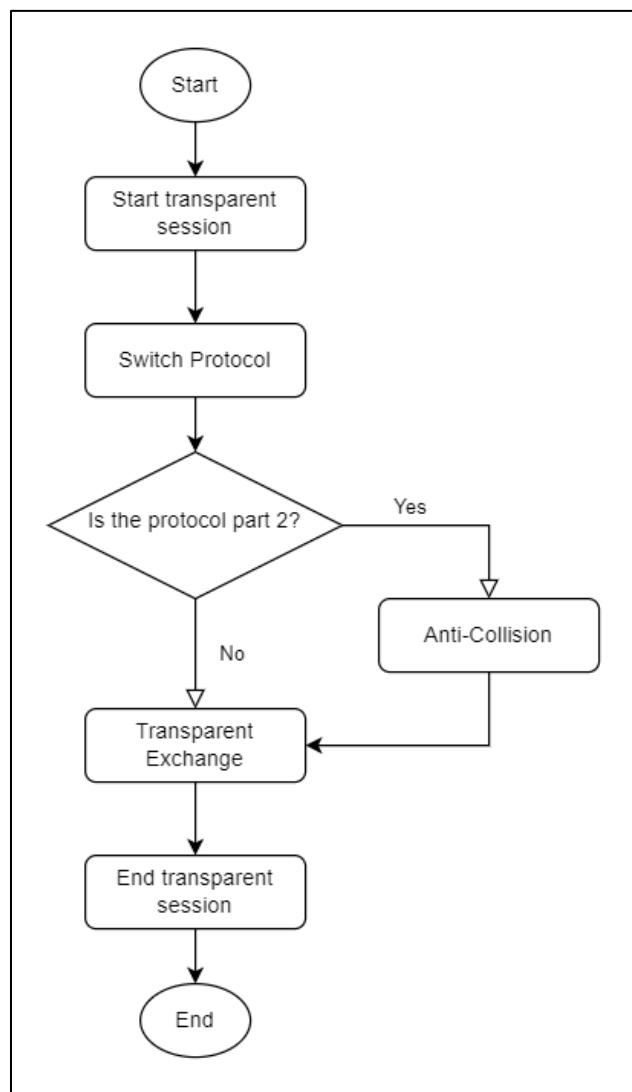


Figure 5: ACR1552U Transparent Session Flow



5.3.5.2. Command and Response APDU Format

Command Format

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|-----|-----|-----|----------|---------|---------------|
| FFh | C2h | 00h | Function | DataLen | Data[DataLen] |

Where Functions (1 byte):

- 00h = Manage Session
- 01h = Transparent Exchange
- 02h = Switch Protocol
- Other = RFU

Response Format

| Data Out | SW1 | SW2 |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|
| Data Field BER-TLV encoded | | |

Every command returns SW1 and SW2 together with the response data field (if available). The SW1 SW2 is based on ISO 7816. SW1 SW2 from the C0 data object below should also be used.

C0 data element Format

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | SW2 |
|-----|-----------------|--------------|
| C0h | 03h | Error Status |

Error Status Description

| Error Status | Description |
|--------------|--|
| XX SW1 SW2 | XX = number of the bad data object in the APDU 00 = general error of APDU 01 = error in the 1 st data object 02 = error in the 2 nd data object |
| 00 90 00h | No error occurred |
| XX 62 82h | Data object XX warning, requested information not available |
| XX 63 00h | No information |
| XX 63 01h | Execution stopped due to failure in other data object |
| XX 6A 81h | Data object XX not supported |
| XX 67 00h | Data object XX with unexpected length |
| XX 6A 80h | Data object XX with unexpected value |
| XX 64 00h | Data Object XX execution error (no response from IFD) |
| XX 64 01h | Data Object XX execution error (no response from ICC) |
| XX 6F 00h | Data object XX failed, no precise diagnosis |

The first value byte indicates the number of the erroneous data object XX, while the last two bytes indicate the explanation of the error. SW1 SW2 values based on ISO 7816 are allowed.

If there are more than one data objects in the C-APDU field and one data object failed, IFD can process the following data objects if they do not depend on the failed data objects.



5.3.5.3. Manage Session [FF C2 00 00 ...]

This command allows user to start a session with polling disable for the following communication. User should end the session as soon as those communications finished.

Please note, this command may make the reader fail detect a card present/absence if used incorrectly. This fail may be unable to recover automatically until a logical/physical reader disconnection.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | Le |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|---------|--------|
| Manage Session | FFh | C2h | 00h | 00h | Cmd Data Length | Cmd TLV | --/00h |

Response Code

| Rsp Data | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|----------|---------|--|
| -- | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Rsp TLV | 90 00h | For Le = 0x00, One of Command TLV Fail. For Detail of Error, refer to Rsp TLV. |
| -- | 6X XXh | For Le = --, One of Command TLV Fail. |

Cmd TLV

| Cmd | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| Start Session: 81 00h | Start a Session and Disable Polling. |
| RF Off: 83 00h | Turn off RF. |
| Timer: 5F 46 04h [TIME] | Set the sleep time before the next RF On/Off TLV. [TIME]: 4 byte value (LSB first) in range from 1000 to 4294967000 us. The actual sleep time will round up to nearest 1000us. |
| RF On: 84 00h | Turn on RF. |
| End Session: 82 00h | End a Session and Re-enable Polling. |

Rsp TLV

| Rsp | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| TLV Error: C0 03 NN 6X XXh | Error in the NN th Command TLV. |



5.3.5.3.1. Start Session Data Object

This command is used to start a transparent session. Once the session has started, auto-polling will be disabled until the session is ended.

Start Session Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|-----|-----------------|-------|
| 81h | 00h | - |

5.3.5.3.2. End Session Data Object

This command ends the transparent session. The auto-polling will be reset to the state before the session has started.

End Session Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|-----|-----------------|-------|
| 82h | 00h | - |

5.3.5.3.3. Turn Off the RF Data Object

This command turns off the antenna field.

Turn off RF Field Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|-----|-----------------|-------|
| 83h | 00h | - |

5.3.5.3.4. Turn On the RF Data Object

This command turns on the antenna field.

Turn on the RF Field Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|-----|-----------------|-------|
| 84h | 00h | - |

5.3.5.3.5. Timer Data Object

This command creates a 32-bit timer data object in unit of 1 μ s.

Example: If there is a timer data object with 5000 μ s between RF Turn Off Data Object and RF Turn On Data Object, the reader will turn off the RF field for about 5000 μ s before it is turned on.

Timer Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 5F 46h | 04h | Timer (4 bytes) |



5.3.5.4. Transparent Exchange [FF C2 00 01 ...]

This command allows user transmit and receive any bit or bytes to/from card, with option to configure various link and transport layer (e.g. ISO14443 part 4) and some link layer redundancy (CRC and parity) optionally. User could embed any card specific raw data into this pseudo APDU and then send to the card.

Please note, this command may interfere internal handling of card support, may change the card status without notification to the driver/firmware and may require a card reset and/or removal to bring the driver/firmware back to normal.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | Le |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|---------|-----|
| Transparent Exchange | FFh | C2h | 00h | 01h | Cmd Data Length | Cmd TLV | 00h |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |

Cmd TLV

| Cmd | Meaning |
|--|---|
| Transceive Flag: 90 02 [Flag] 00h | <p>Set the Flag for the following Transceive TLV.</p> <p>Flag[7:5]: RFU; Set to 0</p> <p>Flag[4]: Set to disable ISO14443 Part 4</p> <p>Flag[3]: Set to disable receiving parity handling</p> <p>Flag[2]: Set to disable transmitting parity handling</p> <p>Flag[1]: Set to disable receiving CRC handling</p> <p>Flag[0]: Set to disable transmitting CRC handling</p> <p>If this TLV is missing, the Flag value set in previous command is used. If Flag value is never set, current protocol value is used.</p> |
| Transmit Bit Frame: 91 01h [NumBit] | <p>Set the Bit Frame for the following Transceive TLV. If this TLV is missing, the default value is 0.</p> <p>NumBit[7:3]: RFU; Set to 0</p> <p>NumBit[2:0]: Number of valid bits in last byte (0 means all valid).</p> |
| Timer: 5F 46 04h [TIME] | <p>Set the timeout for the following Transceive TLV.</p> <p>[TIME]: 4 byte value (LSB first) in range 1 us to 4294967000 us. The actual timeout will round up to nearest 302.07 x 20~15 us.</p> <p>If this TLV is missing, the FWTI value set previously will be used as timeout.</p> |
| Set FWTI: FF 6E 03 03 01h [FWTI] | Set FWTI/Timeout for Transceive. If FWTI does not set by any previous "FF C2h ..." command, the default value is 0. |



| Cmd | Meaning |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | FWTI: 0 ~ 15, FWT/Timeout = 302.07 x 2FWTI us |
| Transceive: 95h [Size] [Data] | Size: Size of Data coded in BER-TLV length field. Data: Data to be Transmit. |

Rsp TLV

| Rsp | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Receive Bit framing: 92 01h [NumBit] | NumBit[7:3]: RFU; Set to 0. NumBit[2:0]: Number of valid bits in last byte (0 means all valid). |
| Response: 97h [Size] [Data] | Size: Size of Data coded in BER-TLV length field. Data: Data Received. |
| Response Status: 96 02h [Status] 00h | Status [7:4]: RFU. Status[3]: Framing Error. Status[2]: Parity Error. Status[1]: RFU. Status[0]: CRC Error. |

5.3.5.4.1. Transmission and Reception Flag Data Object

This command defines the framing and RF parameters for the following transmission.

Transmission and Reception Flag Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value | | Byte 1 |
|-----|-----------------|-------|--|--------|
| | | bit | Description | |
| 90h | 02h | 0 | 0 – append CRC in the transmit data 1 – do not append CRC in the transmit data | 00h |
| | | 1 | 0 – CRC checking from the received data 1 – no CRC checking from the received data | |
| | | 2 | 0 – insert parity in the transmit data 1 – do not insert parity | |
| | | 3 | 0 – expect parity in received date 1 – do not expect parity (i.e. no parity checking) | |
| | | 4 | 0 – append protocol prologue in the transmit data or discard from the response 1 – do not append or discard protocol prologue if any (e.g. PCB, CID, NAD) | |
| | | 5-7 | RFU | |



5.3.5.4.2. Transmission Bit Framing Data Object

This command defines the number of valid bits of the last byte of data to transmit or transceive.

Transmission bit Framing Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value | |
|-----|-----------------|-------|--|
| | | bit | Description |
| 91h | 01h | 0-2 | Number of valid bits of the last byte (0 means all bits are valid) |
| | | 3-7 | RFU |

Transmission bit framing data object shall be together with “transmit” or “transceive” data object only. If this data object does not exist, it means all bits are valid.

5.3.5.4.3. Transceive Data Object

This command transmits and receives data from the ICC. After transmission is complete, the reader will wait until the time given in the timer data object.

If no timer data object was defined in the data field, the reader will wait for the duration given in the Set Parameter FWTI Data Object. If no FWTI is set, the reader will wait for about 302 μ s.

Transceive Data Object

| Tag | Length | | Value |
|-----|--------|--------------|--------------------|
| 95h | 01-7Fh | | Data (1~127 Bytes) |
| 95h | 81h | 80h or above | Data (128~N Bytes) |

5.3.5.4.4. Timer Data Object

This command creates a 32-bit timer data object in unit of 1 μ s.

Example: If there is a timer data object with 5000 μ s, the reader will wait the following Transceive TLV for about 5000 μ s before timeout.

Timer Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | | Value |
|--------|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| 5F 46h | 04h | | Timer (4 bytes) |

5.3.5.4.5. Response Bit Framing Data Object

Inside the response, this command is used to notify the received transmission bit Framing Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value | |
|-----|-----------------|-------|--|
| | | bit | Description |
| 92h | 01h | 0-2 | Number of valid bits of the last byte (0 means all bits are valid) |
| | | 3-7 | RFU |

Transmission bit framing data object shall be together with “transmit” or “transceive” data object only. If this data object does not exist, it means all bits are valid.



5.3.5.4.6. Response Status Data Object

Inside the response, this command is used to notify the received data status.

Response Status Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value | | | | |
|-----|-----------------|--------|--|--|--------|--|
| | | Byte 0 | | | Byte 1 | |
| | | Bit | Description | | | |
| 96h | 02h | 0 | 0 – CRC is OK or no checked 1 – CRC check fail | | RFU | |
| | | 1 | 0 – no collision 1 – collision detected | | | |
| | | 2 | 0 – no parity error 1 – parity error detected | | | |
| | | 3 | 0 – no framing error 1 – framing error detected | | | |
| | | 4 - 7 | RFU | | | |

5.3.5.4.7. Response Data Object

Inside the response, this command is used to notify the received data status.

Response Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|-----|-----------------|--------------------|
| 97h | DataLen | ReplyData (N Byte) |

5.3.5.5. Switch Protocol [FF C2 00 02 ...]

This command allows user to switch to specify protocol, select protocol layer and parameter.

Please note, this command may interference internal handling of card support, may change the card status without notification to the driver/firmware and may require a card reset and/or removal to bring the driver/firmware back to normal.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | Le |
|-----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|---------|-----|
| Switch Protocol | FFh | C2h | 00h | 02h | Cmd Data Length | Cmd TLV | 00h |

Response Code

| Rsp Data | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|----------|---------|--------------------|
| Rsp TLV | 90 00h | Succeed with data. |
| -- | 90 00h | Succeed. |
| -- | 6X XXh | Fail. |



Cmd TLV

| Cmd | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Set Baud: FF 6E 03 05 01h [Baud] | Set the Baud for Part/Layer 4 to be applied during Switch Protocol. If [Baud] does not set by any previous “FF C2h ...” command, the default value is 98h (106 kbps). ISO14443: 98h (106 kbps), 99h (212 kbps), 9A (424 kbps), 9B (848 kbps). ISO15693: 80h (26 kbps), 08h (53 kbps) |
| Switch Protocol: 8F 02h [RF] [Layer] | Switch the protocol to specified RF and/or Layer. [RF]: 00h: ISO14443A, 01h: ISO14443B 02h: ISO15693, 03h: FeliCa, FFh: Current RF Other: RFU [Layer]: 02h: Layer/Part 2, 03h: Layer/Part 3, 04h: Layer/Part 4 (For A/B Only) Other: RFU Note: It must be in a Transparent Session (Disable Polling) if switching to Layer/Part 2. |

Rsp TLV

| Rsp | Meaning |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Response: 8Fh [Size] [Data] | Size: Size of Data coded in BER-TLV length field. Data: ATR (if Part 4) or Final SAK (if Type A part 3) or PI in ATQB (if Type B part 3). |

5.3.5.5.1. Switch Protocol Data Object

This command specifies the protocol and different layers of the standard.

Switch Protocol Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value | |
|-----|-----------------|---|--|
| | | Byte 0 | Byte 1 |
| 8Fh | 02h | 00h – ISO/IEC14443 Type A 01h – ISO/IEC14443 Type B 02h – ISO15693 03h – FeliCa Other – RFU | 02h – Switch to Layer 2 03h – Switch or activate to layer 3 04h – Activate to layer 4 Other - RFU |



5.3.5.5.2. Response Data Object

Inside the response, this command is used to notify the received data status.

Response Data Object

| Tag | Length (1 byte) | Value |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| 5F 51h | DataLen | ATR |
| 8Fh | DataLen | Final SAK (if Type A part 3) or PI in ATQB (if Type B part 3). |

5.3.5.6. PCSC 2.0 Part 3 Example

1. Start Transparent Session.

Command: **FF C2 00 00 02 81 00**

Response: **C0 03 00 90 00 90 00**

2. Turn the Antenna Field off.

Command: **FF C2 00 00 02 83 00**

Response: **C0 03 00 90 00 90 00**

3. Turn the Antenna Field on.

Command: **FF C2 00 00 02 84 00**

Response: **C0 03 00 90 00 90 00**

4. ISO 14443-4A Active.

Command: **FF C2 00 02 04 8F 02 00 04**

Response: **C0 03 01 64 01 90 00** (if no card present)

C0 03 00 90 00 5F 51 [Len] [ATR] 90 00

5. Set the PCB to 0Ah and enable the CRC, parity and protocol prologue in the transmit data.

Command: **FF C2 00 01 0A 90 02 00 00 FF 6E 03 07 01 0A**

Response: **C0 03 00 90 00 90 00**

6. Send the APDU "80B2000008" to card and get response.

Command: **FF C2 00 01 0E 5F 46 04 40 42 0F 00 95 05 80 B2 00 00 08**

Response: **C0 03 00 90 00 92 01 00 96 02 00 00 97 0C [Card Response] 90 00**

7. End Transparent Session.

Command: **FF C2 00 00 02 82 00**

Response: **C0 03 00 90 00 90 00**



5.3.6. Proprietary Pseudo APDU for PICC

The following Pseudo APDUs are provided as supplement to PCSC Pseudo APDUs to access a contactless card indirectly. The internally handling of these APDU is similar to PCSC Pseudo APDUs.

5.3.6.1. Write Value Block [FF D7 ...]

This command is used to write a 4-byte value to a block in a card compatible with MIFARE Standard. User should perform succeed authentication to get the access right of the block before sending this command.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|-------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-----|-----------|
| Write Value Block | FFh | D7h | 00h | Block Number | 05h | See below |

Command Data

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 |
|--------|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| 00h | 4 Bytes Value with MSB first | | | |

Example 1: Decimal -4 = {FFh, FFh, FFh, FCh}

| VB_Value | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| MSB | | | LSB |
| FFh | FFh | FFh | FCh |

Example 2: Decimal 1 = {00h, 00h, 00h, 01h}

| VB_Value | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| MSB | | | LSB |
| 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |



5.3.6.2. Read Value Block [FF B1 ...]

This command is used to read a 4-byte value from a valid value block in a card compatible with MIFARE Standard. User should perform succeed authentication to get the access right of the block before sending this command.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-----|
| Read Value Block | FFh | B1h | 00h | Block Number | 04h |

Example 1: Decimal $-4 = \{FFh, FFh, FFh, FCh\}$

| Value | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| MSB | | | LSB |
| FFh | FFh | FFh | FCh |

Example 2: Decimal $1 = \{00h, 00h, 00h, 01h\}$

| Value | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| MSB | | | LSB |
| 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h |

Response

| Rsp Data | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 4 Bytes Value with MSB first | 90 00h | Succeed with data. |
| -- | 6X XXh | Fail. |

5.3.6.3. Decrement/Increment Value [FF D7 ...]

This command is used to decrement/increment a 4-byte value from source block and stores the result to target block in a card compatible with MIFARE Standard. If user wants to store the result to the block same as source block, user can set the target block number equal to 0 or source block number. User should perform succeed authentication to get the access right of both source and target block before sending this command.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|---------------|---------------|-----|-----------|
| Decrement/Increment Value | FFh | D7h | Target Block# | Source Block# | 05h | See below |

Command Data

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 |
|--------|--|--------|--------|--------|
| 01h | 4 Bytes Increment Value with MSB first | | | |
| 02h | 4 Bytes Decrement Value with MSB first | | | |



Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |

5.3.6.4. Copy Value Block [FF D7 ...]

This command is used to copy the value from source block to target block in a card compatible with MIFARE Standard. User should perform succeed authentication to get the access right of both source and target block before sending this command.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|------------------|-------|-----|----|---------------|-----|-----------|
| Copy Value Block | FFh | D7h | 00 | Source Block# | 02h | See below |

Command Data

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 |
|--------|---------------|
| 03h | Target Block# |

Response Code

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 6X XXh | Fail. |



5.3.7. Accessing PCSC-Compliant tags (ISO14443-4)

All ISO 14443-4 compliant cards (PICCs) understand the ISO 7816-4 APDUs. The ACR1552U reader just has to communicate with the ISO 14443-4 compliant cards by exchanging ISO 7816-4 APDUs and responses. The ACR1552U will handle the ISO 14443 Parts 1-4 Protocols internally.

MIFARE Classic (1K/4K), MIFARE Mini and MIFARE Ultralight tags are supported through the T=CL emulation. Just simply treat the MIFARE tags as standard ISO 14443-4 tags. For more information, please refer to [PCSC Pseudo APDU \(with Proprietary Extension\) for PICC](#).

ISO 7816-4 APDU Format

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | Le |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|----|----|--------------------------|---------|---|
| ISO 7816 Part 4 Command | | | | | Length of the Data In | | Expected length of the Response Data |

ISO 7816-4 Response Format (Data + 2 bytes)

| Response | Data Out | | |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----|
| Result | Response Data | | SW1 |
| | | SW2 | |

Common ISO 7816-4 Response Codes

| Results | SW1 SW2 | Meaning |
|---------|---------|---|
| Success | 90 00h | The operation was completed successfully. |
| Error | 63 00h | The operation failed. |

Typical sequence may be:

1. Present the tag and connect the PICC Interface.
2. Read/Update the memory of the tag.

To do this:

1. Connect the tag.

The ATR of the tag is 3B 88 80 01 00 00 00 00 33 81 81 00 3Ah.

In which,

The Application Data of ATQB = 00 00 00 00, protocol information of ATQB = 33 81 81. It is an ISO 14443-4 Type B tag.

2. Send an APDU, Get Challenge.

<< 00 84 00 00 08h

>> 1A F7 F3 1B CD 2B A9 58h [90 00h]

Note: For ISO 14443-4 Type A tags, the ATS can be obtained by using the APDU “FF CA 01 00 00h.”



Example:

// Read 8 bytes from an ISO 14443-4 Type B PICC (ST19XR08E)

APDU = {80 B2 80 00 08h}

Class = 80h

INS = B2h

P1 = 80h

P2 = 00h

Lc = None

Data In = None

Le = 08h

Answer: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07h [\$9000h]



5.3.8. Supported PICC ATR

The following PICC type/technology are supported by default. The following ATR is returned to CCID Host on SCardStatus() in PCSC API if the card is presented to the reader.

| Card Type/Technology | ATR |
|---|---|
| MIFARE Std 1k ² | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 01 00 00 00 00 6A |
| MIFARE Std 4k ² | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 02 00 00 00 00 69 |
| MIFARE Ultralight ² | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 03 00 00 00 00 68 |
| MIFARE Ultralight EV1 ² | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 3D 00 00 00 00 56 |
| MIFARE Plus SL1 2k ² | Default: Same as MIFARE Std 1k Alternated: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 36 00 00 00 00 5D |
| MIFARE Plus SL1 4k ² | Default: Same as MIFARE Std 4k Alternated: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 37 00 00 00 00 5C |
| MIFARE Plus SL2 2k | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 38 00 00 00 00 53 |
| MIFARE Plus SL2 4k | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 39 00 00 00 00 52 |
| MIFARE Ultralight C ² | Default: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 03 00 3A 00 00 00 00 51 Alternated: Same as MIFARE Ultralight |
| SmartMX with MIFARE Std 1k Emulation ² | Default: Same as MIFARE Std 1k Alternated: Same as ISO14443-4, Type A |
| SmartMX with MIFARE Std 4k Emulation ² | Default: Same as MIFARE Std 4k Alternated: Same as ISO14443-4, Type A |
| ISO14443-4, Type A | 3B 8n 80 01 T1 .. Tn Tck n = Number of Historical bytes in ATS T1 .. Tn = Historical bytes in ATS Tck = XOR of 8n 80 01 T1 .. Tn |
| ISO14443-4, Type B | 3B 88 80 01 T1 .. T8 Tck T1 .. T4 = Application Data in ATQB T5 .. T7 = Protocol Info in ATQB T8 = MBLI in ATA Tck = XOR of 88 80 01 T1 .. T8 |
| FeliCa | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 11 00 3B 00 00 00 00 42 |
| ISO15693-3 Generic | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0B 00 00 00 00 00 63 |
| Infineon My-D Vicinity (SRF55Vxxx) | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0B 00 0E 00 00 00 00 6D |
| ST LRI | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0B 00 13 00 00 00 00 70 |
| NXP I-Code SLI | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0B 00 14 00 00 00 00 77 |

² Refer to “Bit 3” and “Bit 7” in [Set Polling/ATR Option \[E0 00 00 23 01 ...\]](#) Escape command for configuration and drawback of the alternated ATR definition.



| Card Type/Technology | ATR |
|---------------------------|--|
| NXP I-Code SLIX/SLIX2 | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0B 00 35 00 00 00 00 56 |
| PicoPass 2K | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 17 00 00 00 00 79 |
| PicoPass 2KS | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 18 00 00 00 00 76 |
| PicoPass 16K | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 19 00 00 00 00 77 |
| PicoPass 16KS | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 1A 00 00 00 00 74 |
| PicoPass 16K (8 x 2) | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 1B 00 00 00 00 75 |
| PicoPass 16KS (8 x 2) | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 1C 00 00 00 00 72 |
| PicoPass 32KS (16 + 16) | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 1D 00 00 00 00 73 |
| PicoPass 32KS (16 + 8x2) | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 1E 00 00 00 00 70 |
| PicoPass 32KS (8x2 + 16) | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 1F 00 00 00 00 71 |
| PicoPass 32KS (8x2 + 8x2) | ISO14443B: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 20 00 00 00 00 4E |

In order to reduce response time for generic application, the support of following PICC type/technology are disabled by default. User could enable the support of each Type/Technology by “Set PICC Polling Type” Escape command. The following ATR is returned to CCID Host SCardStatus() in PCSC API if the card is presented to the reader and the corresponding Type/Technology is enabled.

| Card Type/Technology | ATR |
|--------------------------|---|
| SRI (SRIX4K/SRT512) | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 06 00 07 00 00 00 00 69 |
| Topaz | 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 02 00 30 00 00 00 00 5A |
| PicoPass 2K | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 17 00 00 00 00 75 |
| PicoPass 2KS | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 18 00 00 00 00 7A |
| PicoPass 16K | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 19 00 00 00 00 7B |
| PicoPass 16KS | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 1A 00 00 00 00 78 |
| PicoPass 16K (8 x 2) | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 1B 00 00 00 00 79 |
| PicoPass 16KS (8 x 2) | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 1C 00 00 00 00 7E |
| PicoPass 32KS (16 + 16) | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 1D 00 00 00 00 7F |
| PicoPass 32KS (16 + 8x2) | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 1E 00 00 00 00 7C |



| Card Type/Technology | ATR |
|---------------------------|---|
| PicoPass 32KS (8x2 + 16) | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 1F 00 00 00 00 7D |
| PicoPass 32KS (8x2 + 8x2) | ISO15693: 3B 8F 80 01 80 4F 0C A0 00 00 03 06 0A 00 20 00 00 00 00 42 |
| Innovatron | 3B 88 80 01 80 4F 05 F0 49 4E 4E 4F 35 |
| CTS | 3B 87 80 01 80 4F 04 F0 43 54 53 79 |

6.0. Escape Command

The following commands are provided to configure PCD/NFC and to access special function of the reader. CCID Host could send these commands to reader by using SCardControl() with SCARD_CTL_CODE(3500) in PCSC API. After receiving of an Escape Command, it will be interpreted to perform various operations and then generate a response to send back to CCID Host.

Note:

Should send these commands under correct interface. For example, E0 00 00 25 01 00 (Section 6.1.1) should send through PICC interface (Section 6.0).

6.1. Escape Command for PICC

6.1.1. RF Control [E0 00 00 25 01 ...]

This command is used to set the RF control.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| RF Control | E0h | 00h | 00h | 25h | 01h | RF status |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | RF status |

RF Status: 1 Byte

| RF status | Description |
|-----------|------------------------|
| 00h | RF Off |
| 01h | RF On, with Polling |
| 02h | RF On, without Polling |

Default Setting – 01h (RF On, with Polling)

6.1.2. Get PCD/PICC Status [E0 00 00 25 00]

This command is used to get the PCD/PICC status

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|---------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get PCD/PICC Status | E0h | 00h | 00h | 25h | 00h |



Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Get PCD/PICC Status |

PCD/PICC Status: 1 Byte

| RF status | Description |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 00h | RF Off |
| 01h | No PICC |
| 02h | PICC Ready |
| 03h | PICC Selected/Activated |
| FFh | Error |

6.1.3. Get Polling/ATR Option [E0 00 00 23 00]

This command is used to set/get the Polling Option but save the setting without another command. This command should only be used for initial reader configuration.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Polling/ATR Option | E0h | 00h | 00h | 23h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | PICC Polling/ATR Option |

6.1.4. Set Polling/ATR Option [E0 00 00 23 01 ...]

This command is used to set the polling option.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Set Polling/ATR Option | E0h | 00h | 00h | 23h | 01h | PICC Polling/ATR Option |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | PICC Polling/ATR Option |

PICC Polling/ATR Option - 1 Byte

| Operating Parameter | Parameter | Description | Option |
|---------------------|--|---|------------------------|
| Bit 0 | Enable Polling | The Tag Types to be detected during PICC Polling. | 1 = Detect 0 = Skip |
| Bit 1 | Enable RF Off Interval | | |
| Bit 2 | | RFU | |
| Bit 3 | Enable extra MIFARE type identification for Part 3 card in ATR | The Tag Types to be detected during PICC Polling. | 1 = Detect 0 = Skip |
| Bit 4 ~ 5 | RF Off Interval | | See below |
| Bit 6 | | RFU | |
| Bit 7 | Enable Part 4 ATR for SmartMX/JCOS card with MIFARE emulation | The Tag Types to be detected during PICC Polling. | 1 = Detect 0 = Skip |



RF Off Interval – 2 Bit

Case 1: Disabled RF Off Interval (Bit 1 = 0)

| Operating Parameter | | USB Active (D0) No RF Off |
|---------------------|-------|------------------------------|
| Bit 5 | Bit 4 | |
| 0 | 0 | |
| 0 | 1 | |
| 1 | 0 | |
| 1 | 1 | |

Case 2: Enabled RF Off Interval (Bit 1 = 1)

| Operating Parameter | | USB Active (D0) |
|---------------------|-------|-----------------|
| Bit 5 | Bit 4 | |
| 0 | 0 | |
| 0 | 1 | |
| 1 | 0 | |
| 1 | 1 | |

Default Setting – 8Bh (Enabled Polling, Enabled RF Off Interval, Enabled extra MIFARE type identification for Part 3 card in ATR, RF Off Interval[00], Enabled Part 4 ATR for SmartMX/JCOS card with MIFARE emulation)

6.1.5. Get PICC Polling Type [E0 00 01 20 00]

This command is used to get the allowed Technology/Polling Type but save the setting without another command. This command should only be used for initial reader configuration.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|-----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get PICC Polling Type | E0h | 00h | 01h | 20h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | | Byte 1 | Byte 0 |
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | PICC Polling Type | |

6.1.6. Set PICC Polling Type [E0 00 01 20 02 ...]

This command is used to set the PICC polling type.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | | Byte 1 | Byte 0 |
| Set PICC Polling Type | E0h | 00h | 01h | 20h | 02h | PICC Polling Type | |

Response Code



| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | | Byte 1 | Byte 0 |
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | PICC Polling Type | |

PICC Polling Type - 2 Byte, Bit Mask of following

| Bytes | Operating Parameter | Parameter | Description | Option |
|--------|---------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------|
| Byte 1 | Bit 0 | ISO 14443A | The Tag Types to be detected during PICC Polling. RFU bit should be set to 0. | 1 = Detect 0 = Skip |
| | Bit 1 | ISO 14443B | | |
| | Bit 2 | FeliCa | | |
| | Bit 3 | RFU | | |
| | Bit 4 | Topaz | | |
| | Bit 5 | Innovatron | | |
| | Bit 6 | SRI/SRIX | | |
| | Bit 7 | RFU | | |
| Byte 0 | Bit 0 | Picopass (ISO14443B) | | |
| | Bit 1 | Picopass (ISO15693) | | |
| | Bit 2 | ISO15693 | | |
| | Bit 3 | CTS | | |
| | Bit 4-7 | RFU | | |

Default Setting – Byte 1: 07h (ISO14443A, ISO14443B, FeliCa)

Byte 0: 05h (Picopass (ISO14443B), ISO15693)

Example:

Command: E0 00 01 20 02 07 05

Response: E1 00 00 00 02 07 05

Polling Type: Byte 1 = 07h = 0000 0111b = ISO14443A, ISO14443B, FeliCa

Byte 0 = 05h = 0000 0101b = Picopass (ISO14443B), ISO15693

6.1.7. Get Auto PPS [E0 00 00 24 00]

Whenever a PICC is recognized, the reader will try to change the communication speed between the PCD and PICC as defined by the maximum connection speed. If the card does not support the proposed connection speed, the reader will try to connect the card with a slower speed setting.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|--------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Auto PPS | E0h | 00h | 00h | 24h | 00h |



Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|---------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | Max Speed | Current Speed |

6.1.8. Set Auto PPS [E0 00 00 24 01 ...]

This command is used to set the auto PPS.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|--------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Set Auto PPS | E0h | 00h | 00h | 24h | 01h | Max Speed |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|---------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | Max Speed | Current Speed |

Speed of PPS

| Speed | Description |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| 00h | 106 kbps; equal to No Auto PPS |
| 01h | 212 kbps |
| 02h | 424 kbps |
| 03h | 848 kbps |

Default Setting – 02h (424 kbps)

Notes:

1. Normally, the application should know the maximum connection speed of the PICCs being used. The environment also affects the maximum achievable speed. The reader just uses the proposed communication speed to talk with the PICC. The PICC will become inaccessible if the PICC or environment does not meet the requirement of the proposed communication speed.
2. If the higher speed setting affects the performance of the reader, please switch back to a lower speed setting.

6.1.9. Read PICC Type [E0 00 00 35 00]

This command is used to read the PICC type.

command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|---------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get PICC Type | E0h | 00h | 00h | 35h | 00h |



Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|--------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | Type | Status |

Type: 1 Byte

| Type | Description |
|------|----------------|
| CCh | No PICC |
| 04h | Topaz |
| 10h | MIFARE |
| 11h | FeliCa |
| 20h | Type A, Part 4 |
| 23h | Type B, Part 4 |
| 25h | Innovatron |
| 28h | SRIX |
| 30h | PicoPass |
| FFh | Other |

Status: 1 Byte

| Status | Description |
|--------|-------------------------|
| 00h | RF Off |
| 01h | No PICC |
| 02h | PICC Ready |
| 03h | PICC Selected/Activated |
| FFh | Error |

6.1.10. Get RF Power Setting [E0 00 00 50 00]

This command is used to read the RF power setting, the firmware requirements are illustrated as follow:

- ACR1552U-M FW 1.03.03 or above
- ACM1552U-Y FW 2.03.03 or above
- ACM1552U-Z FW 2.03.03 or above

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get RF Power Setting | E0h | 00h | 00h | 50h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | RF Power |



6.1.11. Set RF Power Setting [E0 00 00 50 01 ...]

This command is used to set the RF power setting, the firmware requirement is as same as Get RF Power Setting.

Notice: After set RF setting the reader would reset once.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| Set RF Power Setting | E0h | 00h | 01h | 50h | 01h | RF Power |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | RF Power |

Percentage mode

RF Power - 1 Byte

| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| 00h | Disable manual RF Power setting |
| 01h | 20% |
| 02h | 40% |
| 03h | 60% |
| 04h | 80% |
| 05h | 100% |

Default Setting – 00h

* RF Power value in Percentage mode may not have effective due to hardware limitation.

6.1.12. Get Selective Suspend Setting [E0 00 00 E5 00]

This command is used to read the selective suspend setting, the firmware requirements are illustrated as follow:

- ACR1552U-M FW 1.05.00 or above
- ACR1552U-A FW 5.01.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Y FW 2.05.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Z FW 2.05.00 or above

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Selective Suspend Setting | E0h | 00h | 00h | E5h | 00h |



Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Selective Suspend |

6.1.13. Set Selective Suspend Setting [E0 00 00 E5 01 ...]

This command is used to set the selective suspend setting, the firmware requirement is as same as Get Selective Suspend Setting.

Notice: Selective suspend can not be enable while the reader is in keyboard emulation mode and vice versa.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
| Set Selective Suspend Setting | E0h | 00h | 00h | E5h | 01h | Selective Suspend |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Selective Suspend |

Selective Suspend - 1 Byte

| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|-------------|
| 00h | Disable |
| 01h | Enable |

Default Setting – 00h

6.1.14. Escape Command for PICC – HID Keyboard

6.1.14.1. Get Output Format [E0 00 00 90 00]

This command is used to get output format.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|-------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Output Format | E0h | 00h | 00h | 90h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|--------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | Output Format | Output Order |



6.1.14.2. Set Output Format [E0 00 00 90 02 ...]

This command is used to set output format.

For Output Order 02h and 04h are available for the following firmware:

- ACR1552U-M FW 1.05.00 or above
- ACR1552U-A FW 5.01.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Y FW 2.05.00 or above
- ACM1552U-Z FW 2.05.00 or above

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out | |
|-------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|--------------|
| Set Output Format | E0h | 00h | 00h | 90h | 02h | Output Format | Output Order |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|--------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | Output Format | Output Order |

Output Format: 1 Byte

| Operating Parameter | Parameter | Description | Option |
|---------------------|--------------|---|------------------------|
| Bit 7 ~ 4 | Letter Case | The Tag Types to be detected during PICC Polling. | 1 = Detect 0 = Skip |
| Bit 3 ~ 0 | Display Mode | | |

Output Order: 1 Byte

| Status | Description |
|--------|---|
| 00h | Default setting (UID Byte 0, UID Byte 1 ... UID Byte N) Example: aa cc bb dd (original /actual UID order) |
| 01h | Reverse all card type order (UID Byte N, UID Byte N-1 ... UID Byte 0) Example: dd bb cc aa (reverse the original / actual UID order) |
| 02h | Reverse ISO 14443 and Felica only Example: dd bb cc aa (reverse the selected Card Type original / actual UID order) |
| 04h | Reverse ISO 15693 only Example: dd bb cc aa (reverse the selected Card Type original / actual UID order) |



Letter Case: Upper 4 Bits (Bit 7 ~ 4)

| Status (From bit 7~4) | Description (Don't care about x bit) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1xxx | Reserved |
| 00x0 | Lowercase |
| 00x1 | Uppercase |
| 000x | Only Support 4 bytes UID |
| 001x | Support 4, 7, 8, 10 bytes UID |

Display Mode: Lower 4 Bits (Bit 3 ~ 0)

| Status (From bit 7~4) | Description (Don't care about x bit) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0h | Hex |
| 1h | Dec (byte by byte) |
| 2h | Dec |
| 3h | 6H-6H |
| 4h | 8H-8H |
| 5h | 10H-10H |
| 6h | 14H-14H |
| 7h | 20H-20H |
| 8h | 6H-8D |
| 9h | 6H-10D |
| Ah | 8H-10D |
| Bh | 10H-14D |
| Ch | 2H4H-8D |
| Dh | 14H-17D |



6.1.14.3. Get Character at Start, Between, at End UID [E0 00 00 91 00]

This command is used to get character at Start, Between, End UID.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Character of UID | E0h | 00h | 00h | 91h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | Between | End | Start |

6.1.14.4. Set Character at Start, Between, at End UID [E0 00 00 91 03 ...]

This command is used to set character at Start, Between, End UID.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out | | |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|-------|
| Set Character of UID | E0h | 00h | 00h | 91h | 03h | Between | End | Start |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | Between | End | Start |

Between: 1 Byte (The character between each UID)

| Status | Description |
|--------|--|
| FFh | No character in between |
| Other | Refer to Universal Serial Bus (USB) HID Usage Tables |

End: 1 Byte (The character at the end of output)

| Status | Description |
|--------|--|
| FFh | No character in between |
| Other | Refer to Universal Serial Bus (USB) HID Usage Tables |

Start: 1 Byte (The character at the start of output)

| Status | Description |
|--------|--|
| FFh | No character in between |
| Other | Refer to Universal Serial Bus (USB) HID Usage Tables |

Notes:

1. only the characters “;” “,” “,” “,” “-“ are supported in the AZERTY keyboard layout for the characters in between. Zero (0) and Backspace are NOT supported.



6.1.14.5. Get Keyboard Layout Language [E0 00 00 92 00]

This command is used to get keyboard layout language.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Keyboard Layout Language | E0h | 00h | 00h | 92h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Keyboard Layout Language |

6.1.14.6. Set Keyboard Layout Language [E0 00 00 92 01 ...]

This command is used to set keyboard layout language.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| Set Keyboard Layout Language | E0h | 00h | 00h | 92h | 01h | Keyboard Layout Language |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Keyboard Layout Language |

Keyboard Layout Language: 1 Byte

| Status | Description |
|--------|-------------|
| 00h | English |
| 01h | French |
| 02h | Reserved |
| 03h | Lithuanian |

Default Setting – 00h (English)



6.1.14.7. Get Host Interface [E0 00 00 93 00]

This command is used to get host interface

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|--------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Host Interface | E0h | 00h | 00h | 93h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Host Interface |

6.1.14.8. Set Host Interface [E0 00 00 93 01 ...]

This command is used to set host interface command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|--------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| Set Host Interface | E0h | 00h | 00h | 93h | 01h | Host Interface |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Host Interface |

Host Interface: 1 Byte

| Status | Description |
|--------|----------------------------|
| 00h | Only HID Keyboard |
| 01h | Only CCID Reader |
| 02h | HID Keyboard + CCID Reader |

Default Setting – 01h (Only CCID Reader)

6.1.15. Escape Command for PICC – Card Emulation

6.1.15.1. Enter Card Emulation Mode [E0 00 00 40 03 ...]

This command is used to set the reader into card emulation mode in order to emulate a NFC Forum Type 2 Tag or a FeliCa Card.

Note: Lock byte is not supported in emulated NFC Forum Type 2 Tag. UID is user programmable.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|
| Enter Card Emulation Mode | E0h | 00h | 00h | 40h | 03h | NFC Mode | 00h | 00h |



Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | NFC Mode |

NFC Device Mode: 3 Byte

| Status | | Description | |
|--------|--|---------------------------|--|
| 02h | | NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Mode | |
| 03h | | FeliCa | |
| Other | | Card Read/Write Mode | |

Note: Please enter to Card Read/Write mode before switching to different card emulation mode. The response will be showed after the Card Emulation Mode initial is done.

| Byte Number | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Byte Address access by USB |
|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Serial Number | SN0 | SN1 | SN2 | SN3 | Nil |
| Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Nil |
| Internal/Lock | Reserved | Internal | Lock0 | Lock1 | Nil |
| Data read/write | Data0 | Data1 | Data2 | Data3 | 0-3 |
| Data read/write | Data4 | Data5 | Data6 | Data7 | 4-7 |
| Data read/write | Data8 | Data9 | Data10 | Data11 | 8-11 |
| Data read/write | Data12 | Data13 | Data14 | Data15 | 12-15 |
| Data read/write | Data16 | Data17 | Data18 | Data19 | 16-19 |
| Data read/write | Data20 | Data21 | Data22 | Data23 | 20-23 |
| Data read/write | Data24 | Data25 | Data26 | Data27 | 24-27 |
| Data read/write | Data28 | Data29 | Data30 | Data31 | 28-31 |
| Data read/write | Data32 | Data33 | Data34 | Data35 | 32-35 |
| Data read/write | Data36 | Data37 | Data38 | Data39 | 36-39 |
| Data read/write | Data40 | Data41 | Data42 | Data43 | 40-43 |
| Data read/write | Data44 | Data45 | Data46 | Data47 | 44-47 |
| Data read/write | Data48 | Data49 | Data50 | Data51 | 48-51 |
| Data read/write | Data52 | Data53 | Data54 | Data55 | 52-55 |
| Data read/write | ... | | | ... | |
| Data read/write | Data1984 | Data1985 | Data1986 | Data1987 | 1984~1987 |

Accessible area
(1988 bytes)

Table 7: NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Memory Map (2000 bytes)

| Memory | 1 Block data (16 Byte) | Byte Address access by USB |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Data read/write | Block 0 | 0-15 |
| Data read/write | Block 1 | 16-31 |
| Data read/write | Block 2 | 32-47 |
| Data read/write | Block 3 | 48-63 |
| Data read/write | Block 4 | 64-79 |
| Data read/write | Block 5 | 80-95 |



| Memory | 1 Block data (16 Byte) | Byte Address access by USB |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Data read/write | Block 6 | 96-111 |
| Data read/write | Block 7 | 112-127 |
| Data read/write | Block 8 | 128-143 |
| Data read/write | Block 9 | 144-159 |

Table 8: FeliCa Memory Map (160 bytes)

Where:

Default: Block 0 data: {10h, 01h, 01h, 00h, 09h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 01h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 1Ch}
Default Block 0 data NFC Type3 Tag Attribute Information Block

Notes:

1. *FeliCa card emulation support Read/Write without Encryption*
2. *FeliCa Card Identification Number in IDm is user programmable while Manufacturer Code is fixed at (03 88).*

6.1.15.2. Read Card Emulation Data (NFC Forum Type 2 Tag) [E0 00 00 60 04 ...]

This command is used to read the emulated card content.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------|--------------|--------|
| Read Card Emulation Data | E0h | 00h | 00h | 60h | 04h | 00h | NFC Mode | Start Offset | Length |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | Length | Data | | | |

Start Offset: 1 Byte – Address start from Data0 in [Table 7](#)

Length: 1 Byte – No. of byte

6.1.15.3. Write Card Emulation Data (NFC Forum Type 2 Tag) [E0 00 00 60 ...]

This command is used to write the emulated card content.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|---------|----------|--------------|--------|
| Write Card Emulation Data | E0h | 00h | 00h | 60h | Length + 04h | 01h | NFC Mode | Start Offset | Length |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|--|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | Length | 90h | 00h | |

NFC Device Mode: 1 Byte



| Status | Description |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 02h | NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Mode |
| 03h | FeliCa |
| Other | Card Read/Write Mode |

Start Offset: 1 Byte – Address start from Data0 in [Table 7](#)

Length: 1 Byte – No. of byte

6.1.15.4. Read Card Emulation Data (NFC Forum Type 2 Tag) (Extended)

This command is used to read the emulated card content.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | | Data In | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Read Card Emulation Data | E0h | 00h | 01h | 60h | 05h | 00h | NFC Mode | Start Offset Bit[15:8] | Start Offset Bit[7:0] | Length |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|---------|--|--|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | Length | Data | | |

Start Offset: 2 Byte – Address start to read from SN0 in [Table 7](#)

Length: 1 Byte – No. of byte to read

6.1.15.5. Write Card Emulation Data (NFC Forum Type 2 Tag) (Extended)

This command is used to write the emulated card content.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | | Data In | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-----|----------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------|
| Write Card Emulation Data | E0h | 00h | 01h | 60h | Length + 05h | 01h | NFC Mode | Start Offset Bit[15:8] | Start Offset Bit[7:0] | Length | Data |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|--|--|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | Length | | |

NFC Device Mode: 1 Byte

| Status | Description |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 02h | NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Mode |
| Other | Card Read/Write Mode |

Start Offset: 2 Byte – Address start to write from SN0 in [Table 7](#)

Length: 1 Byte – No. of byte to write



6.1.15.6. Set Card Emulation of NFC Forum Type 2 Tag ID [E0 00 00 61 03 ...]

This command sets the UID of the emulated NFC Forum Type 2 Tag .

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|---|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|
| Set Card Emulation of NFC Forum Type 2 Tag ID | E0h | 00h | 00h | 61h | 03h | 3 bytes UID |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 02h | 90h 00h |

6.1.15.7. Set Card Emulation Lock Data in NFC [E0 00 00 65 01 ...]

This command sets the lock for card emulation data in NFC communication. If the data is locked, it is protected from being overwritten via NFC.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Set Card Emulation Lock Data | E0h | 00h | 00h | 65h | 01h | Lock |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Lock |

Lock: 1 Byte – Protect the data from being overwritten via NFC

| Operating Parameter | Parameter | Description | Option |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Bit 7 ~ 2 | Reserved | Reserved | |
| Bit 1 | FeliCa Lock Enable | Data cannot be modified via NFC. The data can still be modified by using the USB escape command. | 0: Lock disable 1: Lock enable |
| Bit 0 | NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Enable | | |

6.1.15.8. Set Card Emulation FeliCa IDm [E0 00 00 64 06 ...]

This command sets the 6-byte FeliCa Card Identification number on emulated FeliCa card.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data In |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Set Card Emulation FeliCa IDm | E0h | 00h | 00h | 64h | 06h | IDm |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data Out |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 06h | IDm |

Where:

IDm 6 bytes.



6.1.15.9. Get Card Emulation Status [E0 00 00 69 00]

This command is used to get the status of card emulation data in NFC communication.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Card Emulation Status | E0h | 00h | 00h | 69h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Status |

Status: 1 Byte

| Operating Parameter | Mode | Description |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Bit 7 ~ 6 | Reserved | Reserved |
| Bit 5 | EmulatedCard is activated | 1 = Activated |
| Bit 4 | EmulatedCard is removed | 1 = Card is removed |
| Bit 3 | EmulatedCard is read all | 1 = All data is read |
| Bit 2 | EmulatedCard is read | 1 = Data is read |
| Bit 1 | EmulatedCard is written | 1 = Data is written |
| Bit 0 | EmulatedCard is detected | 1 = Card is detecting |

6.1.15.10. Example Command Set of Emulating NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Mode

The command set is to trigger ACS website <https://www.acs.com.hk> by using ACR1552U to emulate as the NFC forum type 2 tag mode. The steps are showed below:

1. Enter the card emulation mode with below command:

- Send Enter Card Emulation Mode

E0 00 00 40 03 02 00 00

2. Write the NDEF data with below command:

- Send Write Card Emulation Data (NFC Forum Type 2 Tag)

E0 00 00 60 1A 01 02 00 16 E1 10 F4 00 03 0F D1 01 0B 55 02 61 63 73 2E 63 6F 6D 2E 68 6B FE

The command set is to trigger an sample long URL website

<https://www.example.com/this/is/a/very/long/url/that/keeps/going/on/and/on/with/even/more/segments/added/to/make/sure/it/exceeds/the/typical/length/limit/of/260/bytes/which/is/surprisingly/easy/to/do/if/you/keep/adding/more/and/more/segments/like/this/one/and/even/more>

by using ACR1552U to emulate as the NFC forum type 2 tag mode. The steps are showed below:

1. Enter the card emulation mode with below command:

- Send Enter Card Emulation Mode

E0 00 00 40 03 02 00 00



2. Write the NDEF data with below command:

- Send Write Card Emulation Data (NFC Forum Type 2 Tag). Since the length of the NDEF message is longer than 256 bytes, it needs to be split into two parts to send to the NFC Forum Type 2 Tag.

E0 00 00 60 AC 01 02 00 A8 E1 10 F4 00 03 FF 01 09 C1 01 00 00 01 02 55 02 65 78
61 6D 70 6C 65 2E 63 6F 6D 2F 74 68 69 73 2F 69 73 2F 61 2F 76 65 72 79 2F 6C 6F
6E 67 2F 75 72 6C 2F 74 68 61 74 2F 6B 65 65 70 73 2F 67 6F 69 6E 67 2F 6F 6E 2F
61 6E 64 2F 6F 6E 2F 77 69 74 68 2F 65 76 65 6E 2F 6D 6F 72 65 2F 73 65 67 6D 65
6E 74 73 2F 61 64 64 65 64 2F 74 6F 2F 6D 61 6B 65 2F 73 75 72 65 2F 69 74 2F 65
78 63 65 65 64 73 2F 74 68 65 2F 74 79 70 69 63 61 6C 2F 6C 65 6E 67 74 68 2F 6C
69 6D 69 74 2F 6F 66 2F 32 36 30 2F 62 79 74

E0 00 00 60 6E 01 02 A8 6A 65 73 2F 77 68 69 63 68 2F 69 73 2F 73 75 72 70 72 69
73 69 6E 67 6C 79 2F 65 61 73 79 2F 74 6F 2F 64 6F 2F 69 66 2F 79 6F 75 2F 6B 65
65 70 2F 61 64 64 69 6E 67 2F 6D 6F 72 65 2F 61 6E 64 2F 6D 6F 72 65 2F 73 65 67
6D 65 6E 74 73 2F 6C 69 6B 65 2F 74 68 69 73 2F 6F 6E 65 2F 61 6E 64 2F 65 76 65
6E 2F 6D 6F 72 65 FE

Notes:

For more detailed information and specifications related to the NDEF (NFC Data Exchange Format), I would recommend referring to the NDEF specification. It provides comprehensive guidelines and details about the structure and usage of NDEF records, which are commonly used in NFC data exchange. The NDEF specification will provide a deeper understanding of how to interpret and utilize the NDEF command and data in the context of the ACR1552U device.

6.1.16. Escape Command for PICC – Discovery Mode

6.1.16.1. Enter Discovery Mode [E0 00 00 6A 01 ...]

This command is used to enter the discovery mode.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| Enter Discovery Mode | E0h | 00h | 00h | 6Ah | 01h | Discovery Mode |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | Discovery Mode |

Discovery Mode: 1 Byte

| Status | Description |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 00h | Card Reader Mode |
| 02h | NFC Forum Type 2 Tag Mode |
| 03h | FeliCa |



6.2. Escape Command for Peripheral Control and Other

6.2.1. Get Firmware Version [E0 00 00 18 ...]

This command is used to get reader's firmware message.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Firmware Version | E0h | 00h | 00h | 18h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------|------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | Length of Firmware Version | Firmware Version |

Example:

Command: E0 00 00 18 00

Response Code: E1 00 00 00 14 41 43 52 31 35 35 32 20 52 20 46 57 20 31 2E 30 30 2E 30 30

Firmware Version in Hex: 41 43 52 31 35 35 32 20 52 20 46 57 20 31 2E 30 30 2E 30 30

Firmware Version in ASCII: ACR1552 R FW 1.00.00

6.2.2. Get Serial Number [E0 00 00 33 00]

This command is used to get the serial number.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|-------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get Serial Number | E0h | 00h | 00h | 33h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data out |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | Length of Serial No. | Serial No. |

6.2.3. Set S/N in USB Descriptor [E0 00 00 F0]

This command is used to Set S/N in USB Descriptor.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----------------------------|
| Set S/N in USB Descriptor | E0h | 00h | 00h | F0h | 02h | 00h | Enable SN in USB Descriptor |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data Out | | |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | Enable SN in USB Descriptor | 90h | 00h |



Enable SN in USB Descriptor (1 byte)

| Enable SN in USB Descriptor | | Description | |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 00h | | Disable SN in USB Descriptor | |
| 01h | | Enable SN in USB Descriptor | |

6.2.4. Set Buzzer Control - Single Time [E0 00 00 28 01 ...]

This command is used to set a single buzzer

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Buzzer Control | E0h | 00h | 00h | 28h | 01h | BUZ Status |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | BUZ Status |

Buzzer Status (1 byte)

| Buzzer Status | Description |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 00h | Off |
| 01 ~ FFh | On with duration in 10ms unit |

6.2.5. Set Buzzer Control - Repeatable [E0 00 00 28 03 ...]

This command is used to set period of buzzer

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Buzzer Control | E0h | 00h | 00h | 28h | 03h | BUZ Status |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | BUZ Status |

Buzzer Status (3 byte)

| Operating Parameter | | Buzzer Status | | | Description | |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Param 1 – Byte 0 | | On Time Period | | | 01 ~ FF: On Duration in 10ms unit | |
| Param 2 – Byte 1 | | Off Time Period | | | 01 ~ FF: Off Duration in 10ms unit | |



| Operating Parameter | Buzzer Status | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Param 3 – Byte 2 | Time for Repeating | 01 ~ FF: Number to Repeat |

6.2.6. Get LED Status [E0 00 00 29 00]

This command is used to get the current LED status

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get LED Status | E0h | 00h | 00h | 29h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | LED Status |

Response Code (ACR1552U-A*)

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | LED Status |

6.2.7. Set LED Control [E0 00 00 29 01 ...]

This command is used to set LED control

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|-----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Set LED Control | E0h | 00h | 00h | 29h | 01h | LED Status |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | LED Status |

LED Status (1 byte)

| LED Status | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Bit 0: Blue LED | 1 = On; 0 = Off |
| Bit 1: Green LED | 1 = On; 0 = Off |
| Bit 2-7: RFU | Other |



6.2.8. Set RGB LED Control (ACR1552U-A* only) [E0 00 00 29 03 ...]

This command is used to set LED control

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|-----------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|
| Set LED Control | E0h | 00h | 00h | 29h | 03h | LED Status |
| | | | | | | Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 03h | LED Status |
| | | | | | | Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 |

LED Status (1 byte)

| Operating Parameter | Buzzer Status | Description |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Param 1 – Byte 0 | Red colour | 01 ~ FF: Red colour value |
| Param 2 – Byte 1 | Green colour | 01 ~ FF: Green colour value |
| Param 3 – Byte 2 | Blue colour | 01 ~ FF: Blue colour value |

6.2.9. Get UI Behaviour [E0 00 00 21 00]

This command is used to get the PCD UI Behaviour but save the setting without another command.
This command should only be used for initial reader configuration.

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le |
|-----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Get PICC UI Behaviour | E0h | 00h | 00h | 21h | 00h |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | PICC UI Behaviour |



6.2.10. Set UI Behaviour [E0 00 00 21 01 ...]

This command is used to set the PICC UI behaviour.

For UI Behaviour bit 1 and bit 2 are available for the following firmware:

- ACR1552U-M FW 1.03.05 or above
- ACM1552U-Y FW 2.03.05 or above
- ACM1552U-Z FW 2.03.05 or above

Command

| Command | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data Out |
|-----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------|
| Set PICC UI Behaviour | E0h | 00h | 00h | 21h | 01h | PICCUI Behaviour |

Response Code

| Response | Class | INS | P1 | P2 | Le | Data In |
|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
| Result | E1h | 00h | 00h | 00h | 01h | PICC UI Behaviour |

UI Behaviour - 1 Byte, Bit Mask of following

| Operating Parameter | Parameter | Description | Option |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Bit 0 | Accessing(LED Fast Blinking) | The UI behaviour of the reader | 1 = Enable 0 = Disable |
| Bit 1 | PICC Polling Status LED | | |
| Bit 2 | PICC Activation Status LED | | |
| Bit 3 | Presence Event (Short Buzzer Beep) | | |
| Bit 4 | Card Removal Event (Short Buzzer Beep) | | |

Default Setting For PICC – 0Fh

Notes:

1. The Get/Set UI behaviour are excluding on SAM interface.



Appendix A. NDEF Message

This section shows how to use NDEF message to encode the URL onto the Ntag.

For the data format, please refer to NFC Forum NFC Data Exchange Format (NDEF) Specifications 1.0.

Example:

NDEF Message = { D1 01 0B 55 02 61 63 73 2E 63 6F 6D 2E 68 6Bh }

| Offset | Content | Length | Description |
|--------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
| 0 | D1 | 1 | NDEF header. TNF = 01h, SR=1, MB=1, ME=1 |
| 1 | 01 | 1 | Record name length (1 byte) |
| 2 | 0B | 1 | The length of the URI payload (11 bytes) |
| 3 | 55 (“U”) | 1 | Record type: “U” |
| 4 | 02 | 1 | Abbreviation: “https://www.” |
| 5 | 61 63 73 2E 63 6F 6D 2E 68 6B | 10 | The URL itself. “acs.com.hk” |

Encode to Ntag = {03 0F D1 01 0B 55 01 61 63 73 2E 63 6F 6D 2E 68 6B FEh}

| Offset | Content | Length | Description |
|--------|--|--------|--|
| 0 | 03 | 1 | TLV header. 03h = NDEF message |
| 1 | 0F | 1 | The length of the NDEF message (15 byte) |
| 2 | D1 01 0B 55 01 61 63 73 2E 63 6F 6D 2E 68 6B | 15 | NDEF Message |
| 17 | FE | 1 | TLV header. FEh = End of record |